

**DISCUSSION DOCUMENT** 

# FOREWORD FROM THE MAYOR

The Waitaki District is experiencing strong growth, and our communities in the Waitaki Valley are in the midst of it. Tourism and new arrivals to the area are putting pressure on both holiday homes and permanent housing. During the peak season in Ōmārama, the number of visitors passing through and stopping off to use the facilities can cause some bedlam, and Otematata is at the stage where we must act now to avoid even greater safety issues in the future.

The community has asked Council to look at the future planning for both Otematata and Ōmārama, to help guide development and Council projects into the future. Along with the Ahuriri Community Board, we have used input from community members to come up with these draft plans.

We want your thoughts on them – have we got it right? Is there anything missing? Have we gone far enough? Have we kept the elements of the townships which are important to you?

Your feedback is critical. The opinions of locals (both residents and cribbies) will help ensure that the townships can keep the aspects that make them special, whilst helping to put inevitable growth in the right places. Please take the time to let us know your thoughts.

Kind regards,

**Gary Kircher** 

Mayor for Waitaki

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## WHAT IS A MASTERPLAN?

A masterplan is a blueprint for long term growth and helps us plan for how an area will grow and change in the future

Masterplans provide a common vision for how an area could evolve in the future and sets out the communities vision for how they would like to see their area grow and whether new houses, shops, community facilities, open spaces, trees, street furniture, car parks, pedestrian connections etc are needed and where these should go.

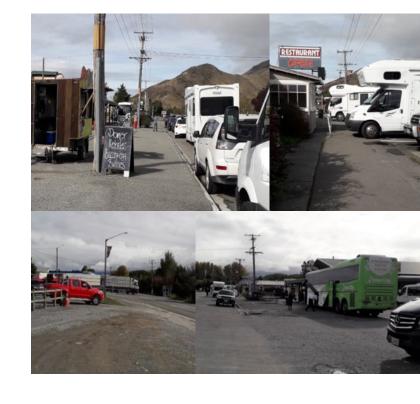
The masterplan will provide a spatial framework to guide future growth and development in Ōmārama that is based on community ideas and hopes.

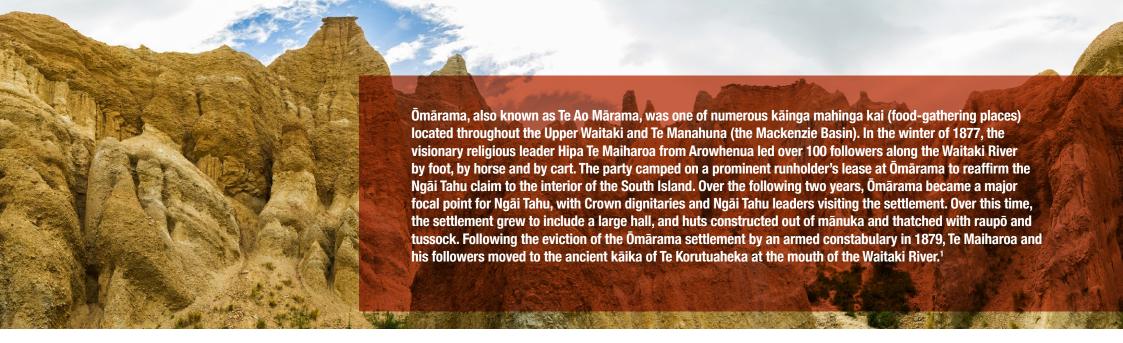
# WHY DOES ŌMĀRAMA NEED A MASTERPLAN?

Waitaki District Council held a series of community visioning workshops in 2018 as part of the Long Term Plan process. A strong theme emerged from these workshops that a town plan was needed for Ōmārama to better plan for development in the future given its increasing popularity and tourism growth. The preparation of masterplans for Ōmārama has now been identified as a project in the Council's Long Term Plan for 2018-2028.

**Increased visitor numbers** are presenting challenges to the community. The increasing popularity of the Alps to Ocean trail and increases in traffic along State Highways 8 and 83 are creating additional pressures on the community in Ōmārama. Pedestrian and cyclist safety, car parking and lack of visitor facilities are causing concerns for the local community. This is placing demands on the community and services in the area.

The centre of Ōmārama is dominated by vehicular movements and car parking. There are poor pedestrian/cyclist links to key destinations and community facilities. Ōmārama relies heavily on tourism, and there is a need to support and encourage an increasing resident population by providing additional housing choice, employment opportunities and community facilities. Recognising the role of tourism in the area, there is also a need to provide for growing visitor accommodation demands and facilities.





#### GROWTH IN OMĀRAMA

Ōmārama is Maori for 'place of light' and was originally an overnight stop for the famous Cobb & Co coaches. Prior to the early 1960's there was no electricity, the roads were all gravel and there was little more than a pub and a garage.

Since then, the town has evolved into a busy junction town and rural service centre with over 280 dwellings and more than 50 businesses located within and around the centre. Ōmārama is also a popular visitor destination and location from which to explore the surrounding high country areas, valleys and mountains.

Ōmārama is located at the junctions of State Highways 8 and 83 at the southern area of the Mackenzie Basin. It sits in the heart of the South Island and is surrounded by mountains, lakes and valleys. Ōmārama is a popular rest-stop for vehicles travelling along State Highway 8 from Christchurch to Queenstown and also attracts a number of visitors to the campsite and other visitor accommodation. Whilst the majority of tourism traffic travels along State Highway 8, increasing numbers are turning off to venture along the Waitaki Valley along State Highway 83 and down towards Oamaru. The Alps to Ocean route has resulted in increases in the number of people visiting Ōmārama and in the number of overnight stays in the township.



WHAT DOES THE COMMUNITY THINK ABOUT OMĀRAMA?

In order to better understand what the community thinks and values about  $\bar{0}$ mārama, we held a series of drop-in sessions over January and February 2019, along with an opportunity for people to have their say via online and paper surveys. We have also considered the feedback given at the Community Visioning workshops held in  $\bar{0}$ mārama in 2018 as part of the Long Term Plan consultation.

We also spent an afternoon at Ōmārama primary school to gather the views and ideas of children about what they think Ōmārama should look like in the future. We have also considered the Ahuriri Community Board's 10 year plan to gather further feedback from the community.

The workshops, drop-in sessions and surveys enabled the community to have their say about what they value most about Ōmārama, what they saw as challenges in the area and also where they felt growth could be best accommodated and what areas needed protecting and/or improving

From the feedback gathered, people told us how they love the small community feel that  $\bar{O}$ mārama offers and the surrounding environment and vistas of the mountains and lakes. The dark skies in  $\bar{O}$ mārama were also felt to be important to the area. The community also told us that traffic congestion and the lack of public parking was a key concern and that there was a need for more affordable housing for young families, the elderly and seasonal workers. A number of people also felt that there needed to be streetscape and footpath improvements in  $\bar{O}$ mārama. The community also felt that  $\bar{O}$ mārama should be known in the future as a sustainable community and should champion eco-design in future developments.

A more detailed report on the feedback from the 2019 community placemaking engagement is provided as an appendix to this report, along with a summary of the feedback from the children of Ōmārama Primary School.

This feedback has been incorporated into the development of the masterplan options. The next step will be to gather community feedback on the options presented here and to further refine and develop the masterplan.



Some of the feedback received from Ōmārama School children

walking tracks
elderly housing
staff accommodation
identity affordable housing
open spaces
housing choice eco village central hub
sustainable community
large sections recreation tourism growth
Car parking
bike parking
bike parking
public facilities
traffic safe crossing
traffic safe crossing
safe crossing
traffic safe ty
streetscape improvement
growth connections town signage
dark skies
sports facilities
building design

Emergent themes from what the community wants to see in Ōmārama.

## **DEVELOPING A MASTERPLAN**

The masterplan for Ōmārama is being developed to assist in setting out the community's vision for how and where the township will grow. A vision for the future will support the community to understand what future growth in the area could look like and identify key components needed to enable that growth.

A masterplan blends a wide range of economic, social, environmental and cultural factors and provides a unified vision for the community. A masterplan is not a 'set in stone' scenario, but an evolving vision that can change over time. The masterplan will help to identify key issues and priorities for the community and create a blueprint for long term growth that will help us to plan for how Ōmārama can grow and evolve in the future.

At this stage, the masterplan options presented here will provide a range of ideas for discussion. Once preferred uses of space have been agreed by the community, a more detailed masterplan will be developed for adoption by Council in early 2020.

An important part of any masterplan is to give consideration of the potential limits that could affect the implementation of any proposals. Limits can include land ownership, funding and investment, infrastructure, environment, topography and competing development opportunities. Once we have feedback from the community and key stakeholders, we will test the preferred option against a range of strategic, economic, commercial, financial and environmental criteria. The opportunity for further consultation and feedback on the final masterplan will happen through the Long Term Plan and District Plan Review processes as the masterplan ideas are put in place.

Implementation of the masterplan can't be done by Council alone. It will need to involve the community, takata whenua, local organisations, private investors, the business community, other government and non-government agencies. Whilst the Council will lead some actions, others will need to be led by the community and private sector.

ENGAGE
DEFINE
DESIGN
CONSULT

# **ENGAGE**

## **GUIDING PRINCIPLES FOR CHANGE**

Waitaki District Council is working with the community to identify the key issues that are facing the Ōmārama community. Talking with the community has helped identify four core issues the Masterplan should deal with.

#### **MORE HOUSING CHOICE**

The community have identified that there is a need in Ōmārama for additional higher density housing to support the elderly, first time home buyers and seasonal workers. Some people said that the number of holiday homes lying vacant were a concern and that there is a need for larger section sizes to better cater for people who have boats, trailers and second cars. The community were slightly more in favour (58%) of having higher density housing in Ōmārama.

# BECOMING A VIBRANT & SUSTAINABLE COMMUNITY

A strong theme emerging from the community visioning and Ahuriri Community Board 10 year plan is the desire for Ōmārama to develop as a sustainable community and to become a show-case for eco-design. The community recognise that growth (particularly in tourism) is important to the vitality of the area but that growth should happen in a way that is sensitive to the needs of the community and reflective of the surrounding natural and cultural environment. Maintaining the friendly community character and identity as the 'Place of Light' was felt to be important. Protecting the dark skies of Ōmārama was also seen as valuable to the community.

#### REDUCING TRAFFIC CONGESTION ISSUES

Traffic congestion issues were identified as a key concern for many in the community. Increasing numbers of visitors to the area are also creating additional demands for car parking and larger vehicle parking (camper vans, buses and trucks) which are currently not provided for. This is also creating conflicts with additional numbers of pedestrians and cyclists. The existing intersection of State Highways 8 and 83 is seen as a barrier to safe pedestrian and cyclist movement in that area. The lack of suitable footpaths and connections were also identified as a concern.

# IMPROVED PUBLIC FACILITIES, CONNECTIVITY & URBAN ENVIRONMENT

Higher numbers of visitors to Ōmārama has created more pressures on facilities such as toilets, rubbish bins, dump stations, camping facilities, rest areas, walking and cycling tracks and open spaces. The community also felt the streetscape of the centre should be improved to provide a safer and more attractive environment. More recreational facilities were also highlighted as a community need.

# RELATIONSHIP WITH OTHER PLANS AND STRATEGIES

Figure 1 shows the relationship of the Ōmārama Masterplan with other Waitaki District Council plans and strategies. It identifies which Council documents have helped develop the options presented in this document. It also shows how the Masterplan will feed into future Council plans and strategies.

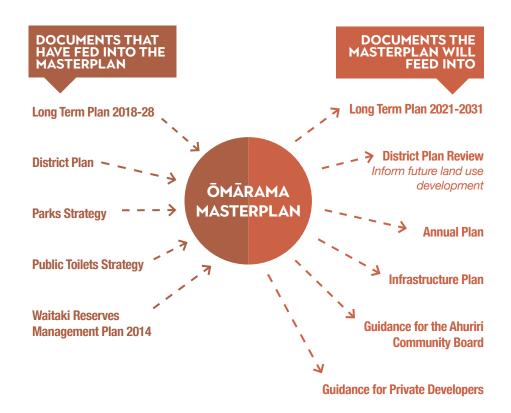


Figure 1. Relationship of Masterplan to other Council documents.

# ŌMĀRAMA TODAY

#### **SNAPSHOT STATS**



There are approximately 280 dwellings in Ōmārama. Additional residential developments are also proposed at Park Lane, Cirrus Place, Airport Road and Hardacre Place.



Up to 48 additional dwellings are needed in Ōmārama by the year 2030. A projected population increase of between 90 – 100 would result in an additional need for approximately 48 dwellings in Ōmārama.

 $\bar{0}$ mārama has had steady population growth since 2008. 2018 figures show the population of  $\bar{0}$ mārama is 310.<sup>2</sup> The projections are that this could increase by 90 – 100 by the year 2030.



Ōmārama has the second highest level of unoccupied dwellings in Waitaki.<sup>3</sup> Ōmārama has a higher proportion of unoccupied dwellings than it does occupied dwellings. This reflects the growth in tourism and is likely to increase further with increased use of the Alps to Ocean, Waitaki Whitestone Geopark and other tourist attractions.

Please note these figures are based on 2013 census data, best knowledge and information at the time of writing.

2&3.

Understanding Data Ōmārama Data Profile 2019

# **DEFINE**

# **AREA OF FOCUS**

The area of focus for the masterplan is shown in Figure 3. It includes the central retail, residential and business zoned land. Consideration is also given to the wider Ōmārama areas which include the airfield and rural residential zoned land which are identified as being within an area of influence

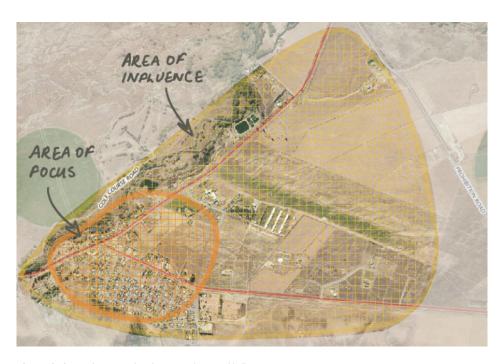


Figure 3: Area of masterplan focus and area of influence.

# **ZONING**

Figure 4 shows the current district plan zoning for Ōmārama.



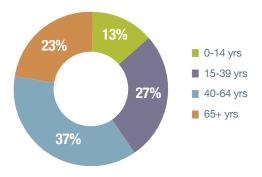
Figure 4: Waitaki District Plan zoning.

# **STATS & FACTS**

#### The Socio-Economic Facts<sup>4</sup>

#### **POPULATION**

Ōmārama has had a steady population growth since 2008. The population in 2018 is estimated at 310. It is projected this will increase by another 90-100 people by the year 2030. The highest represented age group in Ōmārama is between 40-64 years (36.7%). The second highest age group is between 15-39 years (26.7%). 23.3% of people living in Ōmārama are aged 65 and over.



Ōmārama has seen an increase in the number of couples without children since 2006 and has a higher share (55%) of this family type than of families with children (45%). Figures for 2013 show that 25% of households in Ōmārama were occupied by a single person.

#### **HOUSING STOCK**

Omārama has slightly more unoccupied dwellings (52%) than it does occupied dwellings, reflecting the area's reliance on tourism and dwellings used as second homes. The predominant dwelling size in Ōmārama is 3 bedrooms, but it also has a higher proportion of 5 bedroom houses than the Waitaki average. The number of 5 bedroom houses has also increased significantly since 2006, perhaps reflecting an increase in the number of large families and also the use of dwellings for visitor accommodation. A recent search of Airbnb's in Ōmārama identified 12 properties being advertised for visitor accommodation within the central residential area.

Only 5.9% of households in Ōmārama are without a car or motorbike.

#### **ECONOMIC**

The top three employment sectors in Ōmārama are Accommodation/Food, Agriculture and Retail. The biggest employment growth has been in the agriculture, forestry and fishing sector. Arts and recreation services have also seen a significant increase in the number of employees in Ōmārama.

Average annual personal income in Ōmārama is between \$40,000 and \$50,000. Of note is that Ōmārama has a greater share (8.8%) of people earning over \$70,000 than the Waitaki average (5.3%).

Self-employment in Ōmārama is also higher at 21% of those receiving a personal income, than the Waitaki average of 16%.

Information taken from Understanding Data profile for Ōmārama 2019. This information is based on 2013 census data with projections for 2018. At the time of writing Census 2018 data has not been released.

# LAND USE PATTERNS

Figure 5 maps the existing predominant land use activities in Ōmārama. Further identification of current activities in the central area of Ōmārama are mapped in Figure 6. Some of these buildings host a combination of activities such as retail and café, or visitor accommodation and restaurant/bar areas. It is noted that whilst some vacant land is shown behind the hotel, this is used for car parking and has been subject to a recent subdivision. Vacant land is also identified along Chain Hills Highway which is currently owned by Environment Canterbury and used to be Rabbit Board land. At the time of writing, there are no vacant commercial buildings within the central area of Ōmārama

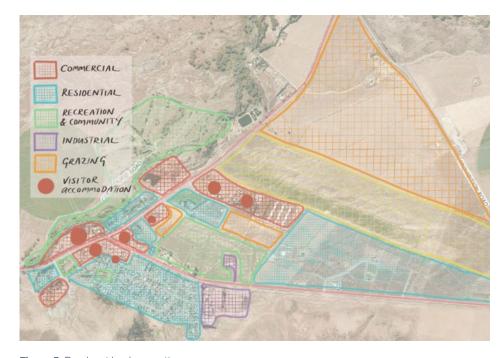


Figure 5: Dominant land use patterns.



Figure 6: Land use activities in the central area of Ōmārama (2019).

#### LAND OWNERSHIP

Figure 7 provides a map of Ōmārama showing land that is currently in public ownership (Waitaki District Council, Environment Canterbury, Department of Conservation and Land Information New Zealand pastoral lease).



Figure 7: Land in public ownership/management.

## TOWNSCAPE ANALYSIS

The built up area of Ōmārama is located on relatively flat land. Commercial activities are focused along State Highways 8 and 83. Residential properties are predominantly located to the south of State Highway 83 (SH83). More recently, residential development is extending along SH83 towards Prohibition Road and also at Cirrus Place. Recent residential subdivisions have also been granted at Pinot Noir Court and Park Lane. Further development to the south of SH83 is limited by the rising contours of the hills of Ōmārama Station.

Areas along SH8 are characterised by services and facilities for the travelling public with visitor accommodation, cafés/restaurants and attractions. The retail area along SH83 is focused more on community provision, with shops, café's and public services such as the fire station, police station, community hall, veterinary centre and irrigation service outlet.

Community open space/recreation areas are provided by the community hall with a playground and bike track adjoining the hall. The community have raised funds to establish a new tennis court and toilet alongside the community hall. Reserves land to the north of the hall is currently used for informal recreation and grazing. Smaller recreation reserves are also provided along Park Lane and Benmore Place. A walkway runs along the Ōmārama River and is accessed to the north of the holiday park along SH8. Walkways also run through the residential areas and along the western boundary of the reserves land behind the community centre. Recreation facilities are also available at the Ōmārama School.

#### **MOVEMENT PATTERNS**

Figure 8 maps key destinations in Ōmārama along with how pedestrians/cyclists and vehicles access them. This map also shows key movement nodes and flows through the village. The intersection of SH8 and SH83 is a key movement node with a focus of vehicular and pedestrian activity. A high volume of vehicles, particularly tour buses, turn off from SH8 onto SH83 to stop at the public toilets and then manoeuvre across the road to head back towards the SH8/SH83 intersection. As identified in previous community engagements, this and other vehicle movements in the area, results in congestion issues and the potential for conflict between vehicles, pedestrians and cyclists.

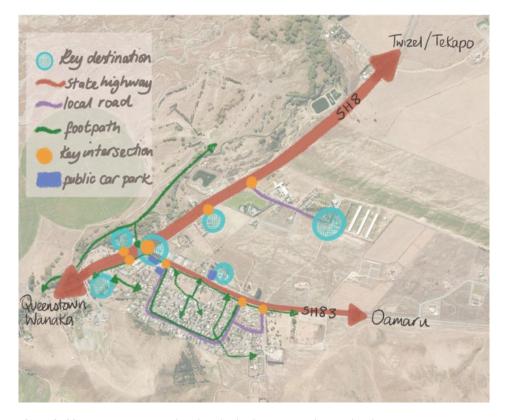


Figure 8: Movement patterns to show key destinations, connections and nodes.

# VISUAL CHARACTER - RESIDENTIAL

A large proportion of the building stock in Ōmārama has been built since the 1970s. Most dwellings are single storey and located on quarter acre sections, often with a garage and on-site car parking. The majority of the housing stock is three bedroomed in size and constructed using timber cladding and metal roofs. Houses are generally low in profile and of a standard 1970s/80 design. A number of recent developments are more contemporary in style and make use of more contemporary materials and finishes.

Typical small and functional 1970s dwelling design found in Ōmārama.



Two-storey dwelling design with recent additions along Black Peak Road.



Contemporary dwelling design at Pinot Noir Court representing typical local character and form.





Character cottage along Sutherland Road.

Residential streets in Ōmārama are typified with 20 metre wide streets with a road width for two vehicles and berms either side. The berm areas are also used by pedestrians in most areas. There are few street trees along the residential streets of Ōmārama, with most trees being located in private gardens.

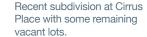


Street layout along Pinot Noir Court with well-maintained landscaping. It is noted that the footpath/pavement along this road does not connect to the footpath along SH8. The absence of connecting footpaths is a common occurrence within Ōmārama.



Typical residential street form in Ōmārama.

There are few vacant residential sections in Ōmārama with most new development occurring within new subdivisions, notably extending to the east of the existing built up area along State Highway 83. Vacant residential zoned land is also available to the south of Ahuriri Drive and to the north of the community centre. Land to the north and east to Prohibition Road is currently zoned for rural residential which provides for a minimum lot size of one hectare. Most of this land remains undeveloped, possibly due to the lack of service connections in this area. Figure 9 (next page) shows the extent of existing reticulated water and sewerage supplies in Ōmārama.





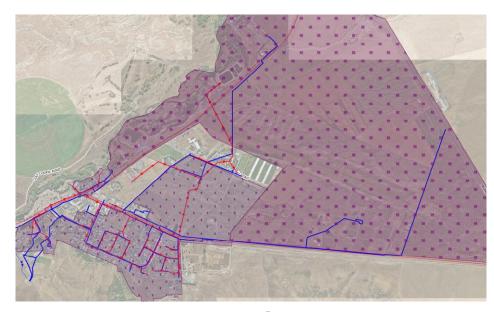


Figure 9: Existing water and sewerage connections in Ōmārama



The existing retail area of Ōmārama is predominantly clustered around the intersection of State Highways 8 and 83. Most of the buildings around the intersection have been constructed since the 1970s. The Boots and Jandels Hotel (formerly the Ōmārama Hotel) being an exception, having been constructed in the 1870s. The hotel has been extended and modernised over the years and is identified as a heritage item in the Waitaki District Plan. The vacant area of land around the hotel has recently been subdivided and is currently for sale. Public toilets are located next to the hotel.





Ömärama Hotel circa 1900s (photo courtesy Heritage Gateway Hotel website).

Ōmārama Hotel 2019 showing recent addition to the western façade at the intersection.

The main retail area in Ōmārama is characterised by a wide street with car parking. Much of this parking is unmarked. Buildings are largely setback from the road frontage with parking along the road. The retail area alongside the Challenge garage provides off-road car parking. This area also provides access/exit to the service station. The area is often visually dominated by vehicle activity and can often become congested during the Commercial buildings are generally single storey and functional in design and character.

Ex-Rabbit Board land along State Highway 83









Retail area dominated by parking

The area to the east of the Sutherland Road intersection provides buildings for the police station and fire station. This area provides a good definition of pedestrian/cyclist space which is clearly separated from vehicular traffic. Landscaping enhances the visual appearance of this intersection area.



Landscape treatment at the intersection of SH83 and Sutherland Road



The ex-Rabbit Board land sits alongside the fire station and is currently vacant. This site is currently owned by Environment Canterbury and is approximately 2.5 hectares in area.

This area of State Highway 83 has a clearly defined walkway/cycleway along the southern side of the road which is tree-lined in parts.

View towards centre along SH83





# VISUAL CHARACTER – COMMERCIAL ALONG STATE HIGHWAY 8

The two storey alpine style Countrytime Hotel building signals the entrance to the township of Ōmārama heading southwards along State Highway 8. The streetscape in this area is characterised by wide roads and wide berm areas.



State Highway 8 gateway into Ōmārama

A gravel footpath is provided along the eastern side of the road. There are a few sporadic street trees along this section of the road. The Hot Tubs Ōmārama facility is located along the western side of SH8 and is fronted by a large gravel car park area. The building is set back from the road by approximately 60 metres.







Berm planting on SH8 southbound (photo courtesy Google Maps)

High-country architecture at the Wrinkly Rams



The road reserve area narrows alongside the Wrinkly Ram and Motel area and the footpath has no separation along this stretch of the road. The Wrinkly Rams building has a high country feel and stone wall frontage treatment.

Other buildings along this area of SH8 are functional and basic in design. The western side of SH8 provides some gravel track and parking areas with a small area of berm planting signaling the 50kph speed limit zone.

There are several gravel off-road gravel parking/stopping areas closer to the intersection with SH83. A view shaft towards the public toilets and SH83 retail area is provided to the north of the Ōmārama Hotel. This area is visually cluttered and appears more of a service area at present.



View shaft from SH8 towards SH83 and public toilets

Land to the west along this section of SH8 is residential and set back from the road with a separate vehicle driveway. These buildings are located on a slightly lower contour than the road.

The area to the south of the SH8/SH83 intersection is dominated by the presence of the service station and Heritage Hotel. This building is two storey and has a standard motel type design with an alpine influence. Landscaping and a defined footpath is provided along the road frontage



Southwards from the Pinot Noir Court intersection is more rural in character with the fewer visible buildings and pasture land with views opening up towards the Ahuriri Conservation Park.

The holiday park is located opposite the hotel. The holiday park is bordered along the road with a number of mature trees and grass berm. There are no defined footpaths along this side of the road. The iSite building and Ōmārama School are located further along this stretch of the road. A footpath and some landscaping is provided.



iSite building along SH8

North bound SH8 towards centre

# **SWOT ANALYSIS**

## STRENGTHS

- ► Key location and intersection on Christchurch/Queenstown route
- ► Surrounding environment
- ► Large number of passing visitors
- ► Airfield and world class gliding
- ► Key stop off point for Alps to Ocean
- ► Outdoor activities on offer; gliding, fishing, walking etc
- ► Small and motivated community
- ► Flat land and open and dry climate



# WEAKNESSES

- Number of unused/vacant areas
- ► Lack of suitable streetscape & landscaping treatment
- ► Undefined character for the village
- ► Seasonal traffic congestion/parking
- ► No gateways into village area
- **▶** Reliance on tourism
- **▶** Tourism pressures
- ► Low connectivity to key destinations
- **▶** Poor signage
- **►** Low resident population
- **▶** Lack of housing choice



## **OPPORTUNITIES**

- ► Positive community with a desire for change
- ► Increased employment opportunities and growth in permanent residents
- ► Building a thriving and resilient community with potential for a sustainable community model (closed cycle economy)
- ► Creation of a vibrant alpine/high country centre
- ► Gateway township to the Waitaki and Ahuriri Valley
- ► Increased use of the airfield



### THREATS

- ► Retain visitors in the area
- ► Encouraging visitors to turn off onto SH83
- ► Providing safe access and connectivity
- ► Provision of suitable land to enable change
- ► Buy-in from the community, developers and investors
- ► Attracting investment and funding to make changes
- ► Physical and infrastructure constraints
- ► Growth of airfield reverse sensitivity etc



# DESIGN

## MASTERPLAN OPTIONS

We've identified three options for consideration. Each option focuses on key themes and the guiding principles for change the community have identified. Each option proposes elements that can be combined with elements from other options. They are not proposed as stand-alone options, but are presented as a basis from which to build a mix of options that reflect the needs of the Ōmārama community.

Each option also gives the chance to have a key set of design guidelines for new buildings in Ōmārama and a signage and lighting strategy. This has been identified as a community desire to ensure that the quality of future development in the village is lifted and that opportunities for dark skies are enhanced where possible.

#### Other general urban design themes to carry through into masterplan options:

- ▶ Define and enhance arrival points into Ōmārama.
- ► Improve connectivity (footpaths) within the centre and to key amenities.
- ► Create high quality streets and public spaces, including features such as public art and lighting.
- ▶ Use local materials for future development and streetscape enhancement. Reflect the high country character and cultural references.
- ► Where possible to develop new homes

- and buildings that have a low environmental impact, using materials and technology that reduce its carbon footprint and lowers energy needs (referred to as 'eco-housing').
- ► Protect important views and develop additional opportunities for views of surrounding environment.
- ▶ Improved wayfinding along key routes to better guide pedestrians, cyclists and traffic. Provide opportunities for visitors to learn about the natural and cultural heritage of the area.
- ▶ Promote the principles of crime prevention through environmental design (CPTED). An example of this would be to design public spaces that benefit from passive surveillance and have well defined routes. spaces and entrances. Also important is having places that are designed with management and maintenance in mind, to discourage vandalism and antisocial behaviours.

#### **GUIDING PRINCIPLES FOR CHANGE**



# THE OPTIONS FOR OMĀRAMA:

# **OPTION 1**

# Status quo with streetscape & traffic improvements

This option maintains the status quo of the retail area with improvements to streetscape amenity and traffic improvements to alleviate congestion and parking issues.

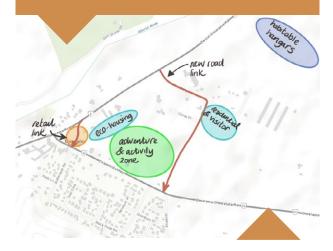


# **OPTION 2**

# Additional retail area and low impact Eco Housing

The main focus of this option is to improve the village centre, provide more housing choice and create a pedestrian and cyclist friendly environment.

A new road link is provided from SH8 to SH83 and an option to provide an activity / adventure zone



# **OPTION 3**

# Additional retail area and new visitor destination

The main focus of this option is to provide an additional retail area and create a new visitor attraction and visitor accommodation.



Please refer to the following pages for more details on each of these options

# **OPTION 1**

#### **Status quo with streetscape & traffic improvements**

Maintain the status quo of the retail area with improvements to streetscape amenity and traffic improvements to reduce congestion and parking issues.

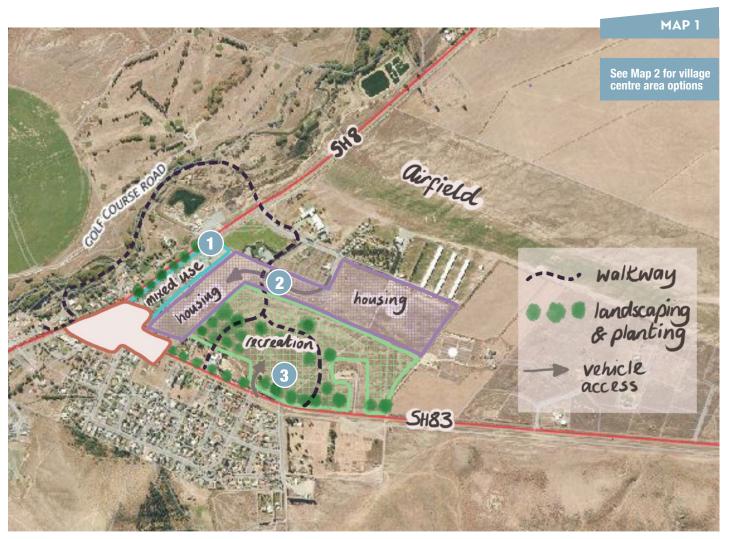
Mixed use development

opportunities along SH8 road frontage with accommodation above. Parking along frontage. Tree planting/landscaping at gateway area to centre. Slow the flow of traffic using landscaped berms.



Mixed density
housing with a range
of housing choice for
seasonal workers,
elderly persons,
first-time buyers etc.
Provision for visitor
accommodation.
Sustainable design with
community gardens.





Community recreation & sports

area. Native tree planting and walkway with connection to Omārama river walk and loop walk along Black Peak Road and foothills. Informal recreation and picnic areas. Road frontage tree planting. Parking & rest area for vehicles





## anraya streetscane amenity and nedestrian/cyclist connections. Addition

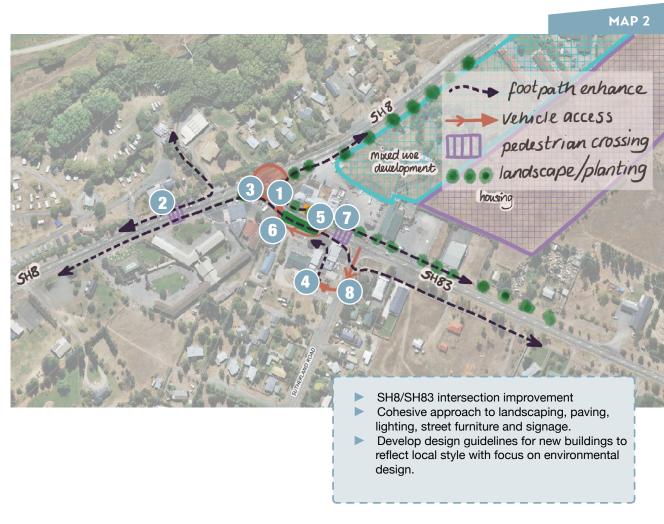
- frontage to allow for safer pedestrian/cyclist access and street furniture. Provide for parallel parking.
- 2 Safe crossing point across SH8 to access river walk and campsite. Provide footpath along this strip of road.



- 3 Footpath and landscape separation along road frontage of retail area and garage to connect to existing footpath along SH8
- Improved pedestrian link through to retail area from rear car park



Improve streetscape amenity and pedestrian/cyclist connections. Additional landscaping and tree planting along State Highway 8 to create a sense of arrival into Ōmārama and to passively slow traffic.



and footpath to provide a connection along the roadside. May require the loss of some frontage parks. Provide informal seating area.



- One way entry/exit into parking area to reduce congestion.
- 7 Crossing point to provide safe access across State Highway and to encourage flow of pedestrian movement towards retail area from tour buses stopping at public toilets.



8 Improved wayfinding to direct traffic to rear public parking area to reduce burden on frontage car parking.

# **OPTION 2**

#### **Additional retail area and low impact Eco Housing**

1 Communal ecohousing for the elderly, fist time home buyers, workers and visitors. Allow for community gardens and orchard.





- New road link to provide alternative access to SH83 & SH8. Improved access to airfield activities and relieve traffic volumes at main intersection
- Relocate iSite next to public toilets – see Map 2. Re-use existing building as a Cultural/ Dark Skies Centre



The main focus of this option is to improve the village centre, provide more housing choice with low impact eco-housing, and create a pedestrian and cyclist friendly environment. A new road link is provided from SH8 to SH83 and an option to provide an activity zone.

MAP 1



Option for **habitable hangars** adjoining airfield.



- to south of airfield.
  Potential for visitor accommodation mix to support airfield activities.
- Activity zone area for community and visitors.
  - · Sports facilities
  - High ropes/ abseiling (maximize views of mountains)
  - Adventure zone hub – potential for links to airfield activities





Wider pavement and landscaping to allow for outdoor dining and pedestrians/cyclist movement



- New access into garage from SH8 only. New landscaping and 'place of light' sculpture.
- Create safe crossing **zone** and improved footpath on north bound side of road to access holiday park and river walkway.
- Parking area to be accessed as Oneway flow from SH83. Landscaping strip with pedestrian/cyclist path along road frontage



New area of retail and outdoor dining with nearby parking and wide pedestrian paths. Two storey to allow for living/visitor accommodation above



- Retail & café hub with some frontage onto SH8. Access from SH83. Vehicle and cycle parking with pocket park area for rest, outdoor eating etc. Two storey buildings to allow for residential/ visitor accommodation on upper floor.
- **Pedestrian link from** eco-housing/community gardens to retail area



**Relocate iSite office** next to public toilets and new retail area.





# **OPTION 3**

#### Additional retail area and new visitor destination.

Provide an additional retail area and create a new visitor attraction and visitor accommodation.

Mixed use development with visitor accommodation and service activities.

Landscaping along SH8 and footpath to provide a sense of arrival coming towards the village centre.



Medium density low impact designed housing with pedestrian links through to centre and community recreation area.





3 Visitor attraction such as a High Country Farm experience with crafts/café etc. Access from SH83



4 Extend existing community recreation area to provide courts, skatepark, picnic areas etc. Potential for a small covered facility.



# OPTION 3

#### Additional retail area.

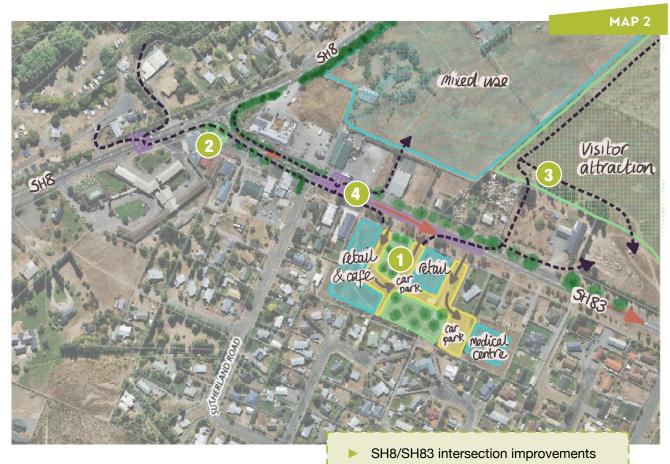
Create additional retail area with parking and landscaping areas. Provide a new community medical facility.

New **retail hub** with landscaping and pocket parks, car parking and local medical centre.



Improved landscaping and feature Sculpture area





Cohesive approach to landscaping, paving, lighting, street furniture and signage.

Develop design guidelines for new buildings to reflect local style with a focus on environmental design.

Additional and improved pedestrian/ cyclist connections to retail, housing, mixed use, visitor attraction, community centre & recreation areas. Crossing points across SH8 and SH83 to provide continuous link to existing walkways and key destinations..

4 Reduced road width with additional road landscaping and wider shared pedestrian/cycle paths with cycle parking



# **UNDERSTANDING THE COSTS & BENEFITS**

Here's a summary of each option and project with the key cost considerations and benefits.



Status quo with streetscape, landscaping and traffic improvements

PROJECT	COSTS	BENEFITS
STREETSCAPE & LANDSCAPING ENHANCEMENT	<ul> <li>Funding requirements</li> <li>Detailed landscape plans required</li> <li>Identification of appropriate species</li> <li>Landowner consultation and agreement</li> <li>Ongoing irrigation and maintenance costs</li> <li>Provision of dedicated pathways and crossing points</li> <li>New Zealand Transport Authority (NZTA) consultation &amp; approval required for state highway planting/landscaping</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Provide attractive entrances and exits from the township</li> <li>Serve as passive traffic calming for through traffic</li> <li>Encourage more vehicles to slow down and stop at facilities</li> <li>Flow on effects from more traffic stopping and using retail and services</li> <li>Improve ecological values along the roadside</li> <li>Enhanced stormwater retention</li> <li>Potential driver for reduced speed limits</li> <li>Enhanced amenity and civic pride for the community</li> </ul>
IMPROVED PEDESTRIAN & CYCLIST CONNECTIVITY	<ul> <li>Funding requirements</li> <li>Establishment and ongoing maintenance of tracks and paths</li> <li>Provision of safe separation for both cyclists and pedestrians</li> <li>Potential loss of on-street car parking spaces</li> <li>NZTA consultation and approval for crossing points</li> <li>Landowner/key stakeholder/business consultation</li> <li>Further identification and assessment of areas in need of improvements and to provide connectivity</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Safer environment for pedestrians and cyclists</li> <li>Improved community health &amp; wellbeing</li> <li>Improved provision and wayfinding for A2O users</li> <li>Additional foot and cycle traffic and improved circulation/exploration</li> <li>Enhanced vibrancy for retail centre</li> <li>Improved streetscape amenity and accessibility</li> <li>Opportunity to incorporate additional trails throughout the town to provide a walking network between destinations</li> </ul>
TRAFFIC IMPROVEMENTS	<ul> <li>Funding requirements</li> <li>Cost of traffic impact assessment to determine most appropriate measures at intersection of SH8 and S83 and additional parking requirements/layout changes to improve traffic flows</li> <li>NZTA consultation and approval</li> <li>Community/key stakeholder consultation</li> <li>Disruption to existing road network and flows of any changes undertaken</li> <li>Ongoing monitoring and maintenance</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Improved traffic, pedestrian and cyclist safety</li> <li>Improved urban environment (visual/noise amenity)</li> <li>Improved parking layout and circulation</li> <li>Better wayfinding for visitors</li> <li>Less congestion and vehicular conflict</li> <li>Enhanced pedestrian and cyclist environment</li> <li>Flow on effects from improved usability and safety of the central area</li> </ul>

PROJECT	COSTS	BENEFITS
MIXED USE DEVELOPMENT: STATE HIGHWAY 8	<ul> <li>Rezoning through the District Plan Review to allow for mixed use development (associated costs and consultation)</li> <li>NZTA consultation and approval required</li> <li>Environment Canterbury consents may be required.</li> <li>Landowner consultation</li> <li>Land availability is not guaranteed as all in private ownership</li> <li>Additional infrastructure provision requirements</li> <li>Attracting private developer interest to construct</li> <li>Attracting new businesses to the area and supporting them</li> <li>Impact on existing retail business</li> <li>Additional vehicular movements and parking requirements</li> <li>Potential for vacant premises due to seasonal fluctuations</li> <li>Lack of permanent resident base to support ongoing viability of business</li> <li>Effects on local community in terms of increased traffic, visitors, crime etc</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Opportunity to enhance roadside appeal of the village and local distinctiveness</li> <li>Boost to local economy</li> <li>Opportunity for further expansion and diversification of existing retail area</li> <li>Creation of additional local employment opportunities</li> <li>Provide additional facilities and services for local residents thereby reducing need to travel</li> <li>Attract additional visitors to the area and flow on effects</li> <li>Catering for seasonal growth and encouraging expenditure within local economy</li> <li>Support for all year round visitor opportunities</li> <li>Attract more inward investment and permanent residents</li> <li>Accessible site with good roadside visibility and opportunities for car parking</li> <li>Working towards a resilient economy and community</li> </ul>
MIXED DENSITY HOUSING	<ul> <li>Rezoning through the District Plan Review of existing Business 6 land to Residential zone (associated costs, time and consultation)</li> <li>Landowner consultation (including Department of Conservation ministerial approval)</li> <li>Land availability is not guaranteed as most in private ownership Subdivision required to split existing parcels of land from existing Business zoned land</li> <li>Environment Canterbury consents may be required.</li> <li>Additional infrastructure requirements to service the site</li> <li>Particular consideration for wastewater management</li> <li>New road infrastructure required</li> <li>Needs analysis to identify housing demand and type</li> <li>Reverse sensitivity issues with housing to south of airport</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Partial existing Residential zoned land</li> <li>Provide a range of housing type with focus on meeting local needs for seasonal workers accommodation, the elderly and first time buyers</li> <li>Focus on sustainable housing design and materials</li> <li>Increased housing construction will provide additional employment and investment within the local economy</li> <li>Existing road infrastructure off Nimbus Drive to serve part of site</li> <li>Water and sewer connections to boundaries of the sites</li> <li>Adjoins existing residential</li> <li>Opportunity to provide for a range of housing densities</li> <li>Additional population growth will support increased service provision in the town</li> <li>Opportunity to provide a sustainable housing model/showcase with community gardens.</li> <li>Close proximity to existing retail and service centre provision</li> </ul>
COMMUNITY RECREATION & SPORTS ZONE	<ul> <li>Funding set up costs and ongoing maintenance costs</li> <li>Landscape plan required</li> <li>Community consultation to identify preferred options for recreation/sports provision</li> <li>Achieving community buy-in and support</li> <li>Provision of additional infrastructure (water/sewerage/car parking) if required</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Community enhancement and additions to existing facilities</li> <li>Improved amenity/landscaping</li> <li>Potential health and physical benefits for community</li> <li>Increased wellbeing of the community</li> <li>Providing for younger age groups in the community</li> <li>Additional visitor attraction for families</li> <li>Existing parking already provided for</li> <li>Additional toilets to be established to the rear of community centre</li> </ul>

# OPTION 2

#### Additional retail, low impact eco-housing and activity zone

PROJECT	COSTS	BENEFITS
STREETSCAPE & LANDSCAPING ENHANCEMENT	<ul> <li>Funding requirements</li> <li>Detailed landscape plans required</li> <li>Identification of appropriate species</li> <li>Landowner consultation and agreement</li> <li>Ongoing irrigation and maintenance costs</li> <li>Provision of dedicated pathways and crossing points</li> <li>New Zealand Transport Authority (NZTA) consultation &amp; approval required for state highway planting/landscaping</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Provide attractive entrances and exits from the township</li> <li>Serve as passive traffic calming for through traffic</li> <li>Encourage more vehicles to slow down and stop at facilities</li> <li>Flow on effects from more traffic stopping and using retail and services</li> <li>Improve ecological values along the roadside</li> <li>Enhanced stormwater retention</li> <li>Potential driver for reduced speed limits</li> <li>Enhanced amenity and civic pride for the community</li> </ul>
NEW ROAD LINK: AIRPORT ROAD	<ul> <li>Funding requirements</li> <li>NZTA consultation and approval</li> <li>Landowner constraints (land is owned by Department of Conservation - ministerial approval maybe required)</li> <li>Traffic impact assessment required to identify traffic flows and demands</li> <li>Less passing traffic to service existing and new business within the central area</li> <li>Increased traffic volumes and adverse amenity effects on existing residents</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Will provide alternative road access between the State Highways to alleviate traffic volumes at town centre intersection</li> <li>Provide easy access to any new development off Nimbus Drive and Council owned recreation land</li> <li>Enhanced profile of airfield and adjoining businesses</li> </ul>
COMMUNAL LOW IMPACT ECO- HOUSING: EAST OF STATE HIGHWAY 8	<ul> <li>Rezoning through the District Plan Review of existing Business 6 land to Residential zone (associated costs, time and consultation)</li> <li>Landowner consultation</li> <li>Land availability is not guaranteed as area of land is in multiple private ownerships</li> <li>Subdivision required to split existing parcels of land from existing Business zoned land</li> <li>Environment Canterbury consents may be required.</li> <li>Additional infrastructure requirements to service the site</li> <li>New road infrastructure required</li> <li>Needs analysis to identify housing demand and type</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Provide a range of housing type with focus on meeting local needs for seasonal workers accommodation, the elderly and first time buyers</li> <li>Focus on sustainable housing design and materials</li> <li>Increased housing construction will provide additional employment and investment within the local economy</li> <li>Water and sewer connections to boundaries of the sites</li> <li>Opportunity to provide for a range of housing densities</li> <li>Opportunity to provide a sustainable housing model/showcase with community gardens.</li> <li>Provision of community gardens to improve health and wellbeing of community</li> <li>Additional population growth will support increased service provision in the town</li> <li>Close proximity to existing retail and service centre provision</li> </ul>

PROJECT	COSTS	BENEFITS
HOUSING & VISITOR ACCOMMODATION: SOUTH OF AIRFIELD	<ul> <li>Environment Canterbury consents may be required.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Existing Residential zoned land</li> <li>Land owned by Omarama Airfield Limited</li> <li>Provide a range of housing densities</li> <li>Increased housing construction will provide additional employment and investment within the local economy</li> <li>Existing road infrastructure off Nimbus Drive to serve part of site</li> <li>Water and sewer connections to boundaries of the sites</li> <li>Adjoins existing residential</li> <li>Additional population growth will support increased service provision in the town</li> <li>Additional opportunity for visitor accommodation to support airfield activities</li> <li>Flow-on effects from increased visitor accommodation provision</li> </ul>
ADDITIONAL RETAIL AREA	<ul> <li>NZTA consultation and approval required to provide access off/on to state highway 83</li> <li>Land is in private ownership</li> <li>Additional infrastructure provision requirements, in particular to provide for new access and car parking</li> <li>Environment Canterbury consents may be required.</li> <li>Site is identified has been previously used for hazardous activities and would require site investigation and possible remediation prior to any future development.</li> <li>Attracting private developer interest to construct</li> <li>Attracting new businesses to the area and supporting them</li> <li>Impact on existing retail business</li> <li>Additional vehicular movements and parking requirements</li> <li>Potential for vacant premises due to seasonal fluctuations</li> <li>Lack of permanent resident base to support ongoing viability of business</li> <li>Effects on local community in terms of increased traffic, visitors, crime etc</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Land is already zoned for retail uses</li> <li>Site is bare land and flat with services along boundaries, good access</li> <li>Enhances roadside appeal of the village and local distinctiveness</li> <li>Boost to local economy</li> <li>Potential for retail frontage along SH8 to encourage traffic to turn off at intersection and visit centre retail/café etc</li> <li>Opportunity for further expansion and diversification of existing retail area</li> <li>Consolidated expansion which supports existing infrastructure and retail</li> <li>Creation of additional local employment opportunities</li> <li>Provide additional facilities and services for local residents thereby reducing need to travel</li> <li>Attract additional visitors to the area and flow on effects</li> <li>Creation of a village centre environment</li> <li>Catering for seasonal growth and encouraging expenditure within local economy</li> <li>Attract more inward investment and permanent residents</li> <li>Opportunity to provide additional residential and visitor accommodation above ground floor retail/dining areas.</li> <li>Accessible site with good roadside visibility and opportunities for car parking</li> <li>Working towards a resilient economy and community</li> </ul>

PROJECT	COSTS	BENEFITS
MIXED USE DEVELOPMENT: STATE HIGHWAY 8	<ul> <li>Rezoning through the District Plan Review to allow for mixed use development (associated costs and consultation)</li> <li>NZTA consultation and approval required</li> <li>Environment Canterbury consents may be required.</li> <li>Landowner consultation</li> <li>Land availability is not guaranteed as all in private ownership</li> <li>Additional infrastructure provision requirements</li> <li>Attracting private developer interest to construct</li> <li>Attracting new businesses to the area and supporting them</li> <li>Impact on existing retail business</li> <li>Additional vehicular movements and parking requirements</li> <li>Potential for vacant premises due to seasonal fluctuations</li> <li>Lack of permanent resident base to support ongoing viability of business</li> <li>Effects on local community in terms of increased traffic, visitors, crime etc</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Opportunity to enhance roadside appeal of the village and local distinctiveness</li> <li>Boost to local economy</li> <li>Opportunity for further expansion and diversification of existing retail area</li> <li>Creation of additional local employment opportunities</li> <li>Provide additional facilities and services for local residents thereby reducing need to travel</li> <li>Opportunity for additional visitor accommodation to support local economy</li> <li>Attract additional visitors to the area and flow on effects</li> <li>Catering for seasonal growth and encouraging expenditure within local economy</li> <li>Support for all year round visitor opportunities</li> <li>Attract more inward investment and permanent residents</li> <li>Accessible site with good roadside visibility and opportunities for car parking</li> <li>Working towards a resilient economy and community</li> </ul>
HABITABLE HANGARS	<ul> <li>Additional infrastructure requirements to service the site (water only is provided to the western boundary of the site)</li> <li>New road infrastructure required</li> <li>NZTA consultation and approval for new access from state highway 8</li> <li>Environment Canterbury consents may be required.</li> <li>Land is in private ownership and no guarantee it will become available for development</li> <li>Subdivision required to provide for smaller parcels of land</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Existing Rural Residential zoned land</li> <li>Provision of additional housing choice</li> <li>Easy access to airstrip</li> <li>Support for airfield activities and future growth</li> <li>Attract inward investment to the area and flow-on effects to local economy</li> </ul>
ACTIVITY ZONE	<ul> <li>Funding set up costs and ongoing maintenance costs</li> <li>Landscape plans required</li> <li>Additional infrastructure requirements (water, sewerage, access roads etc)</li> <li>Increased number of users/traffic can effect amenity of surrounding residents</li> <li>Parking provisions</li> <li>Achieving community buy-in and support</li> <li>Attracting inward investment to establish commercial recreational facilities such as high ropes, abseiling etc.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Community enhancement and facility</li> <li>Potential for visitor attraction (high ropes, abseiling etc)</li> <li>Improved amenity of the area</li> <li>Potential health and physical benefits for community</li> <li>Increased wellbeing of the community</li> <li>Increased visitors to the area</li> <li>Additional attraction for Ōmārama.</li> </ul>

PROJECT	COSTS	BENEFITS
RELOCATION OF ISITE	<ul> <li>Funding requirements for new building</li> <li>New site is on private land and no guarantee that land will be available for development</li> <li>Loss of high visitor visibility along state highway 8</li> <li>Additional infrastructure requirements</li> <li>Additional parking requirements</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Existing business zoned land allowing for a range of commercial activities</li> <li>Located in central area and alongside existing public toilets</li> <li>Encourage traffic to explore further along the Waitaki Valley</li> <li>Capture visitors before they leave the district</li> <li>Convenient stop-off for A2O users and visiting tour buses</li> <li>Increased foot traffic in the central area and flow-on effects to other businesses</li> </ul>
EXISTING RETAIL PARKING AREA TO ONE-WAY FLOW	<ul> <li>Funding requirements</li> <li>Cost of traffic impact assessment to determine most appropriate layout of existing car parking and turning areas</li> <li>NZTA road reserve – consultation and approval required</li> <li>Community/key stakeholder consultation</li> <li>Disruption to existing business during changes</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Improved flow of vehicular traffic into and out of existing car parking area</li> <li>Improved flow of traffic turning off SH8 onto SH83</li> <li>Reduced conflict between vehicles trying to enter and exit the site</li> <li>Improved safety for pedestrians/cyclists</li> <li>Improved access to existing business</li> <li>Improved road safety along state highway 83</li> <li>Opportunity for improved visual amenity and landscaping along road frontage and provision of a formed footpath.</li> <li>Potential for increased parking spaces within existing area</li> </ul>
INTERSECTION IMPROVEMENTS	<ul> <li>Funding requirements</li> <li>Cost of traffic impact assessment to determine most appropriate measures at intersection of SH8 and S83 and additional parking requirements/layout changes to improve traffic flows</li> <li>NZTA consultation and approval</li> <li>Community/key stakeholder consultation</li> <li>Disruption to existing road network and traffic flows of any changes undertaken</li> <li>Ongoing monitoring and maintenance</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Improved traffic, pedestrian and cyclist safety</li> <li>Improved urban environment (visual/noise amenity)</li> <li>Improved parking layout and circulation</li> <li>Less congestion and vehicular conflict</li> <li>Enhanced pedestrian and cyclist environment</li> <li>Flow on effects from improved usability and safety of the central area</li> </ul>



#### Additional retail area, new visitor attraction and visitor accommodation

PROJECT	COSTS	BENEFITS
STREETSCAPE & LANDSCAPING ENHANCEMENT	<ul> <li>Funding requirements</li> <li>Detailed landscape plans required</li> <li>Identification of appropriate species</li> <li>Landowner consultation and agreement</li> <li>Ongoing irrigation and maintenance costs</li> <li>Provision of dedicated pathways and crossing points</li> <li>New Zealand Transport Authority (NZTA) consultation &amp; approval required for state highway planting/landscaping</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Provide attractive entrances and exits from the township</li> <li>Serve as passive traffic calming for through traffic</li> <li>Encourage more vehicles to slow down and stop at facilities</li> <li>Flow on effects from more traffic stopping and using retail and services</li> <li>Improve ecological values along the roadside</li> <li>Enhanced stormwater retention</li> <li>Potential driver for reduced speed limits</li> <li>Enhanced amenity and civic pride for the community</li> </ul>
ADDITIONAL RETAIL AREA: EX-RABBIT BOARD LAND	<ul> <li>Rezoning through the District Plan Review of existing Residential zoned land to allow for commercial uses (associated costs, time and consultation)</li> <li>NZTA consultation and approval required to provide access off/on to state highway 83</li> <li>Land is currently owned by Environment Canterbury and would require to be gifted back to the Crown for future disposal and release for development (legal costs and time etc)</li> <li>Additional infrastructure provision requirements, in particular to provide for new access and car parking</li> <li>Environment Canterbury consents may be required.</li> <li>Attracting private developer interest to construct</li> <li>Attracting new businesses to the area and supporting them</li> <li>Impact on existing retail business</li> <li>Separation from existing retail area</li> <li>Additional vehicular movements and parking requirements</li> <li>Potential for vacant premises due to seasonal fluctuations</li> <li>Lack of permanent resident base to support ongoing viability of business</li> <li>Effects on local community in terms of increased traffic, visitors, crime etc</li> <li>Amenity effects on adjoining residential areas</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Site is flat with services along boundaries, good access</li> <li>Enhances roadside appeal of the village and local distinctiveness</li> <li>Boost to local economy</li> <li>Opportunity for further expansion and diversification of existing retail area</li> <li>Consolidated expansion which supports existing infrastructure and retail</li> <li>Creation of additional local employment opportunities</li> <li>Provide additional facilities and services for local residents thereby reducing need to travel</li> <li>Attract additional visitors to the area and flow on effects</li> <li>Catering for seasonal growth and encouraging expenditure within local economy</li> <li>Attract more inward investment and permanent residents</li> <li>Accessible site with good roadside visibility and opportunities for car parking</li> <li>Working towards a resilient economy and community</li> </ul>

PROJECT	COSTS	BENEFITS
MIXED USE DEVELOPMENT: STATE HIGHWAY 8	<ul> <li>Rezoning through the District Plan Review to allow for mixed use development (associated costs and consultation)</li> <li>NZTA consultation and approval required</li> <li>Environment Canterbury consents may be required.</li> <li>Landowner consultation</li> <li>Land availability is not guaranteed as all in private ownership</li> <li>Additional infrastructure provision requirements</li> <li>Attracting private developer interest to construct</li> <li>Attracting new businesses to the area and supporting them</li> <li>Impact on existing retail business</li> <li>Additional vehicular movements and parking requirements</li> <li>Potential for vacant premises due to seasonal fluctuations</li> <li>Lack of permanent resident base to support ongoing viability of business</li> <li>Effects on local community in terms of increased traffic, visitors, crime etc</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Opportunity to enhance roadside appeal of the village and local distinctiveness</li> <li>Boost to local economy</li> <li>Opportunity for further expansion and diversification of existing retail area</li> <li>Creation of additional local employment opportunities</li> <li>Provide additional facilities and services for local residents thereby reducing need to travel</li> <li>Opportunity for additional visitor accommodation to support local economy</li> <li>Attract additional visitors to the area and flow on effects</li> <li>Catering for seasonal growth and encouraging expenditure within local economy</li> <li>Support for all year round visitor opportunities</li> <li>Attract more inward investment and permanent residents</li> <li>Accessible site with good roadside visibility and opportunities for car parking</li> <li>Working towards a resilient economy and community</li> </ul>
VISITOR ATTRACTION	<ul> <li>Rezoning through the District Plan Review to allow for commercial development (associated costs and consultation)</li> <li>Attracting investor interest to develop and operate a visitor attraction</li> <li>NZTA consultation and approval required</li> <li>Environment Canterbury consents may be required.</li> <li>Impact on adjoining residents due to increased activity, noise and visual amenity</li> <li>Sufficient demand to operate a viable attraction</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Attract additional spend and visitor time in Ōmārama</li> <li>Encourage increased volumes of visitors to explore further along the Waitaki Valley</li> <li>Support for local visitor destinations and accommodation providers</li> <li>Additional local employment opportunities</li> <li>Encourage all year round vibrancy in the area</li> <li>Large flat and empty site with good access onto state highway 83 and links to the airfield</li> </ul>
EXTENDED COMMUNITY RECREATION AREA	<ul> <li>Funding set up costs and ongoing maintenance costs</li> <li>Landscape plans required</li> <li>Additional infrastructure requirements</li> <li>Increased number of users/traffic can effect amenity of surrounding residents</li> <li>Parking provisions</li> <li>Achieving community buy-in and support</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Community enhancement and facility</li> <li>Improved amenity of the area</li> <li>Potential health and physical benefits for community</li> <li>Increased wellbeing of the community</li> <li>Increased visitors to the area</li> <li>Natural extension to existing community facilities and bike park</li> </ul>

# WHERE WE'RE AT IN THE MASTERPLAN PROCESS

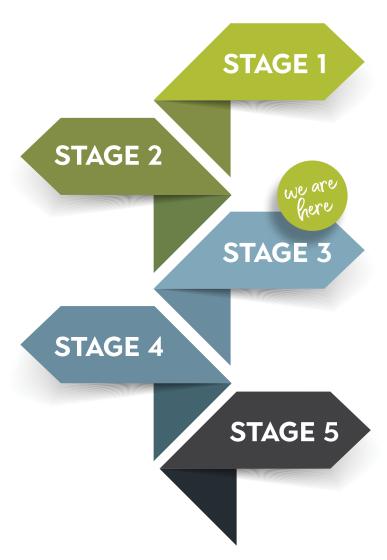
## DRAFT MASTERPLAN OPTIONS

After talking with the community, we've identified a number of projects and ideas that are presented here as masterplan options for the community to consider.

#### COMMUNITY BOARD & COUNCIL APPROVAL

**December 2019:** Ahuriri Community Board to give further feedback on preferred masterplan option.

**Jan/Feb 2020:** Final approval of masterplan by Ahuriri Community Board and Waitaki District Council



## **COMMUNITY ENGAGEMENT**

June 2018: Community Visioning Workshops Jan 2019: Community engagement surveys and drop-in sessions

**April 2019:** Ōmārama School student workshop

## PREFERRED MASTERPLAN OPTION

**August 2019:** Consult with the community to develop a preferred masterplan option.

## LONG TERM PLAN AND ANNUAL PLAN

Projects from the adopted masterplan option will be fed into the Long Term Plan and Annual Plans if needed. Any re-zoning or land use requirements will be considered as part of the District Plan Review process.

# CONSULT



Please give us your feedback on the masterplan options for Ōmārama.

## HERE'S HOW...

Fill out our online survey on the Omarama Masterplan page under 'Consultation' on Council's website www.waitaki.govt.nz

Fill out a feedback form available at Council offices and Libraries and return to us.

Come to the Community Masterplan Workshop on Sunday 25th August 2019 between 10am -12pm at the  $\bar{0}$ mārama Community Hall.

All feedback needs to be returned to us by 6 September 2019.

For more information on the options and the community feedback received please visit: http://bit.ly/omarama-masterplan

## **NEXT STEPS**

Once we've got all your feedback, we'll work to develop a preferred masterplan option. The final masterplan document will include detailed concept plans, drawings and sketch designs of the key concepts to help bring the masterplan alive and inspire the community.







## Community Engagement (20th Dec 2018 – 20 Jan 2019)

Drop-in sessions at Ōmārama held on 9/1/2019 and 16/1/2019

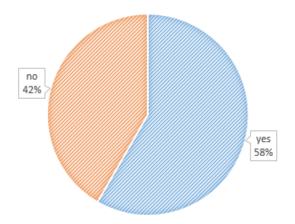
Feedback for: Ōmārama

#### **Engagement Response**

- **12** online submissions received
- **8** verbal submissions
- 22 responses in total



# Q1. Should we be providing for housing at higher densities in Ōmārama?



#### Comments received...

"Needed for tourist industry workers, especially. Could be where the unused Scout Den is. The big trees there need to be taken down - very dangerous beside the road in high winds"

"People come to Ōmārama with boats, trailers and often a second car. The streets are already narrow and do not allow for extra street parking so sections should be larger enough to contains vehicles"

"Lots of baches and holiday homes lying empty. Not much housing for young families and first time buyers. Makes it hard for people to move in to the area and settle"

"Lots of folks would love to live here..."

"In town the houses are already crammed in tight. New development shouldn't jam houses in like a bad Auckland suburb. There plenty of room between Chain Hills Highway and the airfield for development."

"There is a definite need for more housing in Ōmārama particularly to service staffing of existing business's and to allow the town to continue to grow. Quality housing is needed with staff accomodation also."

"Would like to see the ability to put more dwellings on rural residential land - put house on half hectare. This is for affordability."

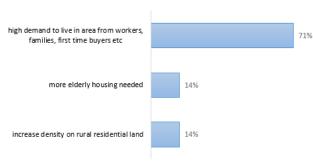
"Accommodate tiny homes in the District Plan for more elderly."

"Yes, but not through smaller section sizes"

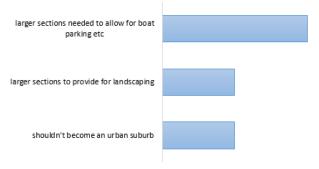
"Large sections are in demand to provide for outside space to store boats, cars etc. There is a good balance of permanent and nonpermanent residents. RR zone size should be less."

"Provision should be made for multiple units on sites to cater for tourism demand and rental markets"

#### Comments received from those who voted 'YES'



#### Comments received from those who voted 'NO'



### Q3. What do you like most about Ōmārama?

#### Comments received...

"The climate and the locals living in the small community. There are a lot of empty houses during the winter, as most are owned by holiday makers"

"Great climate, good people"

"The community. Everyone helps each other and provides a beautiful, safe place to live."

"The surrounding Mountain vista's and the Sky..."

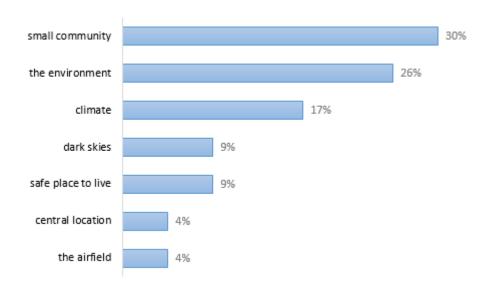
"The airfield."

"It's the junction between the coast and central Otago. I'm close proximity to many lakes and the amazing Ahuriri Valley......it's all a huge playground surrounded by stunning mountains."

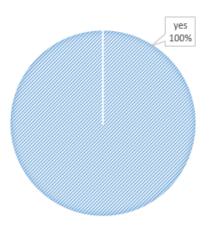
"Good mix of permanent and non-permanent residents"

"Dark skies, environment, community"

"Great weather, views, and people."



# Q4. Do you agree that Ōmārama has a unique character that is different to other townships in the area?



#### Comments received...

"Everything that Ōmārama is well-known for - Place of light"; hot and dry climate; fishing in the Ahuriri River & Lake Benmore; gliding. A small but busy township on the road between Christchurch & Queenstown; not far from iconic Mount Cook. Ōmārama needs to stay small to retain it's uniqueness"

"The street walkways that link into each other, The A2O cycle has added to this. Gliding in Ōmārama also provides a unique diversity to our township"

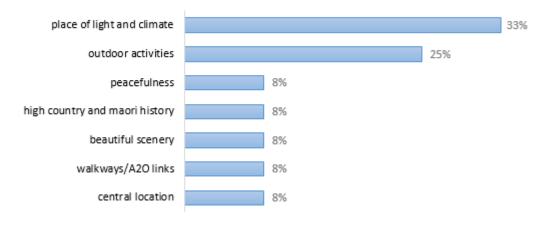
"Place of light! Beautiful scenery and climate. Such a small town but so supportive of its residents and visitors"

"The airfield and gliding are unique."

"There is a rich history of high country stations and Maori settlement......this is no Dam Town!"

"Not yet over run with crazy holiday makers."

#### What do you consider to be the main character of Omarama?



# Q5. What do you see as Ōmārama's biggest challenges at the moment?

"Congestion in the business area, worse during the summer holidays."

"Lack of public car parks - far more need to be available further down SH 83, with an adjacent toilet block. More public toilets maybe next to the Community Hall."

"There is currently little room for business growth - more land needs to be available on SH 8 and SH 83."

"The Caltex Garage could move onto SH 8 between the Sierra Motels and the pub. Truck and bus parks could be here too. High density housing needed for tourism workers"

"Congestion in the business area, worse during the summer holidays."

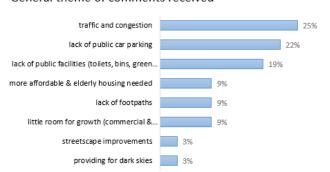
"Keeping the green areas, Traffic congestion and keeping public safe on our lack of foot paths in certain areas

Parking, affordable housing, short term accommodation for seasonal workers. "

"Inertia, lack of big money and the guts to get the future sorted. Central Govt. don't give a toss for these small keystone towns that make NZ what it is."

"The ability for the town to expand being surrounded by high country farms. The town centre is far to congested with limited parking available. More housing is needed and so are more business's to service a growing town such as a hardware store chemist etc. More quality housing on display will quickly lift interest in the area as a place to live permanently as too many houses are unoccupied for much of the year used for holiday purposes only. More evening eating options during the peak season too"

#### General theme of comments received



"Coping with the tourist numbers. Car parking in town during the summer is difficult. Lots of campers in the campgrounds. Lack of facilities and rubbish bins."

"Lighting - want to reduce lighting for the night sky. Bollards facing downwards."

"Reducing RR for single dwelling from 1 ha to 0.5 hectare"

"Tiny homes (moveable - make allowance for these as more and more elderly are buying for affordability."

"Height restriction in township to be retained at 8m

More green space in township"

"Facilities for truck drivers to park trucks - rabbit board land. Past closed a lot and have a lot overlay for the night."

"Connection around the pub on corner- nowhere for the footpath to connect for cyclist. Cyclist use the footpath not clear that it is a dual passageway."

"Airfield is restraining future development - needs to be moved to outskirts of town. Town centre needs to be moved away from intersection as too congested. Lack of car parking. Utilise ex rabbit board land for a new business/retail space with car parking etc"

"Urban environment needs more care and maintenance. Bins need to be emptied, paths need repair, toilets need an upgrade, better recreational facilities and kids playgrounds. More parking needed for larger vehicles (motorhomes). Dangerous intersection"

"Coping with increasing visitors. -parking, traffic flow, loos, rubbish. Walking safely within the shop area."

### Q5. And finally, what are your aspirations/visions for Ōmārama for the next 10-20 years?

#### Comments received...

"Keep Ōmārama small enough so it can maintain it's identity and not be swallowed up by commercialism and overpricing so ordinary families are unable to stay here. Reduce congestion in the business area by moving car parks further down Chain Hills highway down towards the hall."

"A town that is pedestrian and cycle friendly, keeping green areas for children and sports, generous residential sections and a busy, safe and thriving business hub"

"To keep its small town spirit while growing in a controlled and sustainable way to be my final home and resting place..."

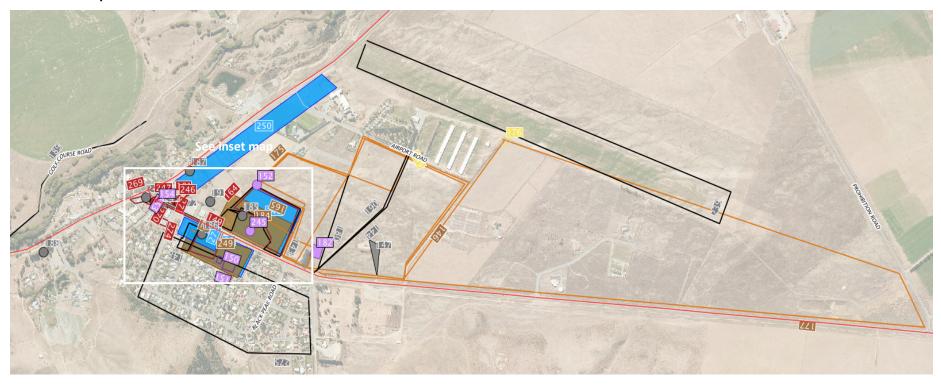
"Let the infrastucture grow as the town grows. Keep the town a nice place to stop for travellers through the area.

The location of Ōmārama lends itself well as a great stopover point. I'd like to see many more trees and gardens planted roadside in the immediate future to make the town more attractive, this planting should extend right out to Prohibition road forming a clear town boundary and linking back to SHW8. A cycle / walking track should be incorporated around the same loop linking with the A2O giving locals and tourists a safe area to walk and cycle. "

"Move town centre away from intersection."

"That the Council remember we exist, that some effort is put in to long term solutions. That the community is something the people are proud of and respect."

#### **Interactive Maps**





#### **Comments referenced on maps**

Feature ref #	Category	Comment
143	General	upgrade and keep as green open area for sports field for the community
144	General	upgrade paper road to have access between SH 83 and Airport Road
145		
146	Housing	open up Reserve and DOC land for green areas and housing, including high density housing for workers in the tourist industry
147	General	move transfer station closer to SH 83 and further right.
148	General	Keep for emergency services facilities - Rural Fire, ambulance; plus car parking for all emergency volunteers
149	Carparking	draw traffic away from the busy areas in town, along Chain Hills highway and the junction of SH 83 and 8
150	Community and Tourism	more public toilets close to the car parking
151	Community and Tourism	rest area close to car parks - trees, picnic tables - draw people away from the busy areas in the business area
152	Community and Tourism	A reserve area to be kept for recreational activities rather than residential building area
153	Community and Tourism	proper walkway for residents and tourists around each side of the T intersection

154	Community and Tourism	Pedestrian crossing for safety between public toilets and shopping
155	Housing	Sell off ECAN land so housing can be developed
164	Carparking	Large Car Park for buses, caravans and visitors passing through. A footpath through to town would increase safety and ease congestion
165	Housing	Make available to housing with a mix of affordable housing and large lifestyle sections
175	Housing	all the utility infrastructure from Cirrus Place and Nimbus Road are alongside
177	Housing	Sections in the Rural Residential areas .the owners should have the right to build TWO Residential Dwellings on these as their needs will change as time goes byotherwise they occur massive relocation costs when it is time to downsize!
178	General	31 Chain Hills Hwyis an 'eyesore' of this great tree lined avenueany chance the Council can build a high wall around this area ???
180	General	Extend Nimbus Drive to Chain Hills Highway. This will allow vehicle and pedestrian traffic from the residential, airfield and camp ground access to Ōmārama without going onto the busy main road
181	Carparking	This is an obvious place to have more public parking in town.
182	Community and Tourism	Room here for some freedom camping parking? Maybe just put in some toilets and rubbish bins.

102	D	Balaka haand land - Europe July - Louis - Const
183	Business	Rabbit board land - Extend the business zone
		and create carparking and toilet facilities for
		trucks and other tourist vehicles. Shortage of
		car parking spaces in main business area. Who owns this land?
184	Housing	Large area of land zoned residential but
184	Housing	
		cannot be developed (Land owned by LINZ?)  Needs to be released for residential zoning.
		Also need more green/open spaces.
185	General	Open space and residential
	General	• •
186	General	Rabbit board land - open space, toilets and
187	General	carparking
_		tree protection
188	General	tree protection
189	General	walkway
190	General	Walkway with significant vegetation and
		habitat on either side - needs
		protection/assessment. current a road but
		used as a walkway by locals
191	General	Maintain the domain for sporting events.
		Partially residential
238	Business	Owned by ECan and potential up for sale.
		Should be used for town centre type uses to
		draw focus of activity and traffic away from
		intersection. Lost opportunity if this area is
		developed for housing. needs to be business
		zoned for retail, car parking etc
239	General	airstrip should be moved to a location on
		outskirts of township to free up land for
		future development and also to encourage
		development to north of airfield on existing
		RR zone

240	Business	alternative location for new retail, car parking etc to move away from intersection where there are congestion and parking issues
244	General	garage should be relocated to free this site up for improved intersection (roundabout) and better traffic flow
245	Community and Tourism	park needs more facilities and better upkeep to encourage better use - needs to be irrigated and additional planting provided
246	Carparking	toilets need to be upgraded and land behind used for car parking - this site is currently for sale
247	Carparking	car parking at shops needs better marking and traffic flow to provide one way in and out
248	General	footpaths need improvement/upgrade and to be kept clear of signs etc.
249	Housing	area should be used for higher density housing
250	Business	mixed used and owner occupier business should be encouraged along this area. retail on ground floor and residential above to encourage home occupations
269	Carparking	You can't park, walk, or drive through here as it used by the Mobil, and vehicles being serviced.
270	Carparking	Parking nightmare area. At busy time s if you get in you may not get out. People use this area to get to and leave Mobil and Challenge.
271	Carparking	No parking here any more, as carpark has been sold.

272	General	Traffic turning problem. Big trucks and buses turn off State Highway 8 then don't know how to turn around to get back. Damage to tarseal in several place as they do tight turns. eg At Hall.
273	Business	Maybe this area should be re-zoned Business Zone?
274	Carparking	This is used mostly by Challenge workshop for tow truck and cars being serviced. There is no sign on SHW83 pointing to the park. So not helpful.
275	General	Fix the appalling foot paths so you can push a pram on them. Most people just walk on the road cos they are so bad!