

## **Annual Report**

# for the year ended 30 June 2016

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### Chief Executive's Report

The 2015/16 Annual Report presents Council's progress and performance against the first year of the 2015-25 Long Term Plan from 1 July 2015 to 30 June 2016.

The last twelve months have seen a significant amount of progress for Council in achieving its vision for the community of *Growing Waitaki – the best place to live, work and play.* Below are some of the highlights.

### Positive financial result

We've ended the year in a strong financial position with a surplus of \$1.3m. This is the fourth consecutive year we've reported a healthy surplus and better than budgeted financial position. We will continue to review our costs, particularly from an operational perspective, ensuring ratepayers get the best value for money. We also received a very good total return of \$545,000 from Council owned Whitestone Contracting Ltd.

Our financial position is indicative of our prudency and has also resulted in a lower rates increase for the 2016/17 year than we originally predicted. When developing the 2015-25 Long Term Plan we expected a 2.1% rates increase. Instead, we were able to reduce that to a 0.41% increase – something we are very pleased with. Not only that, but we have been able to introduce some new projects for the coming year that will help grow our district.

### North End Business Park, Observatory Hill Retirement Village and North Otago Irrigation Company

Economic development continues to be a major focus for Council. Providing financial support to the Observatory Hill Retirement Village and Stage 2 of the North Otago Irrigation Company's \$65 million expansion which were both confirmed over the past year is a major driver for economic growth. It underpins our economic sustainability, reinvests our ratepayers' funds in our own district and returns better interest income for Council.

The North End Business Park sites continue to sell with only four lots of the initial seventeen now remaining unsold. The Milligan's warehouse development is all but completed on two rear sites and two other industrial buildings are currently underway. In facilitating this development Council has assisted in the re-development of the northern approach to Oamaru.

#### **Roads and Tourism**

The Rural Resilience project is nearing completion. This project has seen considerable investment in our rural roading network as a consequence of heavier demand placed on roads, primarily due to the dairy and forestry sectors. We also played a significant role in the redevelopment (and re-opening) of Haven Street, Moeraki. This was very much a council-community project where we invested \$75,000 into the new road while a group of local residents used their skills and labour to build a more resilient structure than had been there in the past.

The Alps2Ocean cycle trail goes from strength to strength. Central government funding was secured to take more of the trail off the road. A big thank you to landowners for their enthusiasm and cooperation to make this happen. We also received over \$300,000 from the Otago Community Trust to assist us move two sections of trail between Duntroon and Oamaru off the state highway.

We have also reinvested in the Oamaru Blue Penguin Colony, a major tourist attraction. Council has funded the re-development and additions to the colony to allow it to expand the operation and cater for the growing number of visitors. An underpass to help penguins find their nests without undue interference from the public has also been built – many thanks to the local businesses and organisations who have provided materials and labour free-of-charge.

#### Fire Service and Civil Defence changes

The new Otago Rural Fire Authority (ORFA) was established with all plant and equipment transferred into their ownership. Council has continued to support ORFA to continue to provide an essential community service, however, a recent government announcement has meant that this new organisation will be absorbed into the new reformed Fire & Emergency Service.

The structure of Emergency Management Civil Defence (EMDC) has also been reviewed. At the end of the financial year those transition discussions were still underway. More recently the Otago mayors have resolved that the service will be amalgamated into one shared service for Otago. The new organisation, to be known as Emergency Management Otago, will effectively begin from 1 November 2016.

#### Responding to changes in legislation

Central Government continues to push changes through to local councils. We have been in the process of implementing some of those changes in relation to the Food Act and changes flowing from the implementation of the Building Act. While these are challenging times, our legislative responsibilities are clear and we are working hard to resource the extra demands being placed on us, whilst working with our customers to help ease the transition.

#### Waitaki District Health Services

Waitaki District Health Services (WDHS) (fully owned by Council) has recently undergone a review of clinical services. This initiative came out of negotiations for funding from the Southern District Health Board (SDHB). This review and the funding negotiations which follow are trending positively at this stage.

#### **Chairman Retires**

Mr George Berry presented his last Annual Report for WDHS to Council on October 5<sup>th</sup> 2016 and steps down as Chairman at the end of this year. Council is hugely appreciative of the work which Mr Berry has put into the WDHS, being Chairman since the original incorporation of the company in 1998.

#### **Community Safety**

We were fortunate to have some volunteer labour and a reduced price for the installation of CCTV cameras in Oamaru. The new technology is monitored by Police and is expected to create a greater sense of safety and help stop crime. As a result of the new cameras, the Community Guardians have been dis-established. This group of local residents provided a fantastic service in helping keep our streets safe and we are very grateful to them.

#### Thanks to the Team

All the results above have been possible through the efforts of a large number of people – both elected members and staff. It has been the input from this team that has delivered the results that can be seen so clearly right across our community.

Finally, I wish to thank Council for supporting my application to renew my contract for another two years. There is certainly plenty of unfinished work to be done prior to the end of next year and I look forward to the challenges which we will no doubt have to deal with over that period.

It is great to be part of a team that is helping grow Waitaki - the best place to live, work and play.

Michael Ross Chief Executive



### **Council Only - Financial Summary**

### **Financial Statistics**

	Annual			
Council Only	Actual	Plan	Actual	
	2016	2016	2015	
Proportion of Rates to Total Income (%)	65.4%	64.1%	66.4%	
Proportion of Rates to Total Expenditure (%)	67.4%	64.7%	71.3%	
Rateable properties	13,202	13,182	13,172	
Average Rates per rateable property	\$2,245.83	\$2,245.52	\$2,212.14	
Average Expenditure per rateable property	\$3,332.63	\$3,469.77	\$3,104.88	
Net Public Debt - External (percentage of Total Assets)	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	
Net Public Debt - Internal (percentage of Total Assets)	3.16%	3.54%	3.34%	
Net Public Debt - External (per rateable property)	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	
Net Public Debt - Internal (per rateable property)	\$1,813.61	\$2,004.48	\$1,903.63	
Current ratio	3.55	2.36	5.57	
Ratio of Current Assets to Current Liabilities				
Liquid ratio	4.16	2.67	6.54	
Ratio of Liquid Assets (cash & cash equivalents, trade & other receivables and other finan	cial assets)			
to Liquid Liabilities (Trade & other payables, borrowings)				

### Five Year Financial Summary

Council Only	2016 \$000	2015 \$000	2014 \$000	2013 \$000	2012 \$000
Rates revenue	30,375	30,026	29,151	28,200	26,390
Net Operating Surplus/(Deficit)	1,320	2,992	3,794	1,960	367
Cashflows					
Operating Activities	15,486	15,757	13,536	12,423	10,207
Investing Activities	(19,841)	(10,560)	(16,997)	(11,530)	(8,480)
Financing Activities	-	(3)	(2)	(3)	(3)
Net Increase/(Decrease) in cash held	(4,355)	5,194	(3,463)	890	1,724
Net Public Debt - External	-	-	3	5	8
Net Public Debt - internal	23,943	25,075	26,738	24,989	25,862
Total Assets	757,918	750,411	748,338	738,258	717,920

### Waitaki District Rating Base

	At 30 June 2015 – the basis for the 2015/16 rates	At 30 June 2014 – the basis for the 2014/15 rates
Total Rateable Properties	13,202	13,143
Total Land Value of the District	\$3,799,957,450	\$3,267,334,900
Total Capital Value of the District	\$7,158,051,900	\$6,411,475,300

### Annual Report Disclosure Statement for the year ended 30 June 2016

### What is the purpose of this statement?

This statement discloses Council's financial performance in relation to various benchmarks to enable an assessment of whether Council is prudently managing its revenues, expenditure, assets, liabilities and general financial dealings.

The inclusion of this statement in the Annual Report is a mandatory requirement imposed by the Local Government (Financial Reporting and Prudence) Regulation 2014 (The Regulations). Please refer to the Regulations for more information, including definitions of some of the terms used.

### Changes to financial disclosures presented in this annual report

Council adopted the 2015-25 Long Term Plan in June 2015, and in doing so, adopted new limits to replace those in the 2012-22 Long Term Plan, and against which some graphs in the 2015 Annual Report were measured. Graphs appearing in this annual report that differ from the previous year's report incorporate historical data for all of the required five years, even though the new limits and benchmarks were not effective until the current financial year.

### **Rates Affordability Benchmark**

Council meets the Rates Affordability benchmarks when:

- its actual rates revenue equals or is less than each quantified limit on rates, and when;
- its actual rates increases equal or are less than each quantified limit on rates increases.

### **Rates Revenue Affordability**

These graphs compare Council's actual rates revenue with quantified limits on rates contained in the financial strategy appearing in Council's 2015-25 Long Term Plan.

This quantified limit on total rates states that the average annual rate levied on an average residential property in Oamaru will not exceed 10% of married national superannuation net of tax. This limit was set when adopting the 2015-25 Long Term Plan.



### **Annual Report Disclosure Statement (continued)**

#### **Rates Affordability Benchmark (continued)**

#### **Rates Revenue Affordability**

This graph compares Council's rates revenue with a quantified limit on rates contained in the financial strategy appearing in Council's 2015-25 Long Term Plan. The quantified limit on total rates is that revenue raised from Rates should be used to fund no more than 70% of total operating expenditure.



#### **Rates Revenue Affordability**

This graph compares Council's actual rates increases with a quantified limit on rates increases contained in the financial strategy appearing in Council's 2015-25 Long Term Plan.

The quantified limit on total rates increases states that the increase in the average annual rates levied by Council will not exceed the increase in the Local Government Cost Index (LGCI) for the previous year (to 30 June) plus 2%. The limit was first adopted in the 2015-25 Long Term Plan.



### Annual Report Disclosure Statement (continued)

### **Debt Affordability Benchmark**

Council meets the Debt Affordability benchmarks when actual borrowings are within each quantified limit on borrowing.

### **External Debt Affordability**

Actual external borrowing is compared with the quantified limit on external borrowing contained in the financial strategy appearing in Council's 2015-25 Long Term Plan. Council has a strategy of funding capital works internally, through the use of depreciation reserves, development contributions and internal loans.

Although internal loans do not appear in Council's balance sheet, they are considered to be debt in the same way that external loans are. For that reason, the quantified limit set for external debt is that the level of external debt should not exceed 5% of total debt, <u>inclusive</u> of internal loans.

It has always been Council's intent to have minimal, or no, external debt, and at 30 June 2015, Council had repaid all of its external debt. For that reason the graph shows no measure for either of the past two years.

The graph compares the percentage of external debt against the benchmark of 5% of total debt, including internal loans.

			Debt Affordab al Debt does no				
oans)	6.000% -						
ernal lo	5.000% -						
ng inte	4.000% -						
% of Total debt (including internal loans)	3.000% -						
debt (i	2.000% -						% of External Debt
otal	1.000% -						-
of Tc	0.000% -	0.033%	0.022%	0.012%	0.0000%	0.0000%	
%	0.000% -	2011/12		2013/14 of external borrow n limit Orange -		2015/16	

### **Annual Report Disclosure Statement (continued)**

### **Debt Affordability Benchmark (continued)**

### Internal Debt Affordability

In the financial strategy appearing in 2015-25 Long Term Plan, Council set a quantified limit on the level of internal debt, such that internal debt should not vary from budget by more than 5%, plus or minus.

The graph compares the actual level of internal loans against an upper and a lower permissible level, being 105% and 95% of budgeted internal loans for that period. This quantified limit was not set prior to adoption of the 2015-25 Long Term Plan but, in order to provide a meaningful comparison, the results for earlier periods have been included.



The total balance of internal loans outstanding is below the lower limit of the quantified range set by Council in four of the five financial years reported. Council regards this as a satisfactory result, brought about by several factors, including:

- the deferral of upgrades to meet legislated improvements to drinking water standards for a number of rural water schemes;
- lower interest rates applying since 2012, allowing a faster reduction in loan principal amounts and a slower increase for those loans on which interest compounds;
- Council's decision to apply increasing amounts of rates to assist in limiting the rate of increase in compounding interest loans.

### Annual Report Disclosure Statement (continued)

### **Balanced Budget Benchmark**

The Balanced Budget benchmark is achieved when Council's operating revenues exceed total operating expenses.

Operating Revenues are strictly defined in the Regulations, and exclude:

- Development and Financial contributions these are a normal part of Council's activities, but are set aside, and held as Special Funds to be used for future capital projects that grow or expand the capacity of Council's infrastructure, and so are not available to fund operating expenditure; and
- Vested Assets and the effects of revaluations these sources of revenue are not considered part of Council's normal operating activities, as they cannot be accurately forecast, and do not involve the receipt of cash, or entitlement to receive cash, as other forms of operating revenue would.

For the purposes of this graph, adjusted Operating Revenue is reported as a percentage of Total Operating Expenses. The benchmark is met when Revenue exceeds 100% of Expenses.



### Annual Report Disclosure Statement (continued)

### **Essential Services Benchmark**

Council meets this benchmark when capital expenditure on Network Services equals or exceeds the annual Depreciation charge related to those assets.

Network Services, for Council, include:

- Roads, bridges and footpaths
- Water supply systems
- Sewer systems
- Stormwater systems

The graph below displays Council's capital expenditure on Network Services as a proportion of the annual depreciation charge on those assets.



### **Annual Report Disclosure Statement (continued)**

### **Debt Servicing Benchmark**

Because Statistics New Zealand projects that the population of the District will grow more slowly than the national population growth rate, Council meets the Debt Servicing benchmark when its borrowing costs are equal to or less than 10% of adjusted Operating Revenue (excluding Development and financial contributions, vested assets and the results of revaluations). Note that debt servicing costs refer to the interest cost only, and do not include principal payments made during the period.

The first graph focuses on the cost of servicing <u>external</u> borrowing only:



The second graph measures the cost of servicing both external <u>and</u> internal borrowing. Internal debt servicing is a notional cost which is not reported elsewhere in this annual report, but which is still regarded as a cost of the service to which it relates.



### Annual Report Disclosure Statement (continued)

### **Debt Control Benchmark**

This benchmark is intended to report Council's performance in relation to net debt, which is defined in the Regulations as Financial Liabilities less Financial Assets (excluding Trade and Other Receivables).

Waitaki District Council is in a Net Asset position, as Financial Assets generally exceed Financial Liabilities. For that reason, the benchmark has been inverted to report Council's performance on a Net Asset basis.

In this scenario, Council believes it meets the debt control benchmark when actual Net Assets equal or exceed planned Net Assets.



### Annual Report Disclosure Statement (continued)

### **Operations Control Benchmark**

Positive cash flow is critical for any business. Net Cash Flow from Operations refers to the net result of cash generated by and used in Council's normal day-to-day activities. Cash flow from operations is dynamic and can be significantly influenced by the timing of receipts from debtors, and of payments to suppliers and of staff salaries.

This benchmark compares Council's actual Net Cash Flow from Operations as a proportion of its planned Net Cash Flow from Operations.

Council meets the Operations Control benchmark when its Net Cash Flow from Operations equals or exceeds its planned Net Cash Flow from Operations.



**Outcomes, Policies, Plans and Statements** 

### **Community Outcomes**

The following Community outcomes were agreed by Council on 24 June 2015 as part of the 2015-25 Long Term Plan.

#### We keep our district affordable

We try to keep our district as affordable as possible. We want every dollar from rates to provide the best possible services and best value for money and we are constantly working to improve how we can deliver them in an affordable way. We face a number of challenges in keeping our services affordable. For instance, we continuously have to balance diverse (and sometimes competing) community needs and wants. Our district is a large geographical area with a small population so maintaining our assets, particularly roads, has to be met by a small group of ratepayers. We also have to respond to changes by Central Government, many of which affect our rates and levels of service.

#### We enable opportunities for new and existing businesses

We have experienced good business growth over the last few years. For instance the North Otago Irrigation Company has added around 270 jobs to the district and about \$48m to the local economy each year. We have also been involved in business development such as the North End Business Park in Oamaru and in tourism activities such as Alps2Ocean. This means more jobs and more business for our district.

#### We provide and enable services and facilities so people want to stay and move here

Growing our district and creating a place where people want to live means providing the right services at the right time and at the right cost. Council provides many things including roads, footpaths, drinking water, libraries and swimming pools. Getting the mix of services right, whether it's clean water, cultural attractions or sports fields, is important so everyone has the opportunity to play an active role in the community.

#### We understand the diverse needs of our community

The needs of our community are many and diverse. We want to make sure we understand these so we can deliver our services more effectively. We need to think about the best ways to provide services and infrastructure for the future. How do we plan for changes in demographics (e.g. our ageing population) and a more ethnically diverse community? How should we balance community needs now and into the future?

#### Waitaki's distinctive environment is valued and protected

Our environment, both natural and built, has some special features that we believe are worth protecting. We need to assess our buildings for earthquake risk. We also need to balance growth and development with the needs of the environment. It's important we get the mix right.

#### We maintain the safest community we can

We live in a safe community but we want to reduce crime and the fear of crime through projects such as CCTV and Community Patrols. We also need to ensure health standards are high for businesses such as restaurants and bars, manage dog control problems and have a suitable emergency management centre.

Audit Report and Statement of Compliance

### Audit Report

### Audit Report

### Audit Report

### Statement of Compliance and Responsibility

### Compliance

• Council and management confirm that all statutory requirements of the Local Government Act 2002 regarding financial management and borrowing have been complied with.

### Responsibility

- Council and management accept responsibility for the preparation of the financial statements, and for judgements exercised in preparing these;
- Council and management accept responsibility for establishing and maintaining a system of internal control designed to provide reasonable assurance as to the integrity and reliability of financial reporting; and
- In the opinion of Council and management, the Annual Report and the financial statements contained therein for the year ended 30 June 2016 fairly reflect the financial position and operations of the Waitaki District Council and Group.

6.051

Michael Ross Chief Executive

26 October 2016

Gotte

Gary Kircher Mayor of Waitaki

26 October 2016

### The Year in Review

### Roading

- Successfully completed the 2015/16 programme of the National Land Transport Plan for the Waitaki District
- Council commenced and completed the second year of the Road Resilience Project in 2015/16 with an additional \$75,000 of unbudgeted investment into the Waitaki district from the New Zealand Transport Agency (NZTA)
- The Roading Unit was strengthened with two new positions, helping achieve a successful year
- Successfully completed a business case and secured approval by NZTA for a major LED street lighting upgrade of the network from 2016/17 including a collaboration with NZTA for SH1
- Full programme of renewals completed, including resurfacing of roads, road renewals and footpath resurfacing
- Full programme of minor improvements completed, including safety and rural resilience measures
- Road maintenance included edge break, drain channel clearance, low shoulder filling and stabilised road repairs
- Council secured five sections of recycled timber and decks from the old SH82 timber bridge in Kurow for use in the bridge renewal programme
- Roading network was dry other than two small rain events in 2016. These two events highlighted the effectiveness of the Rural Resilience Project and allowed the maintenance contractor to focus on and improve road maintenance
- Installed pedestrian drop crossings for improved access in conjunction with the kerb and channel renewal programme
- Full programme of seal widening completed on various roads
- Safety improvements made to intersections in Oamaru
- Moeraki community and Council completed maintenance on the upgraded section of Haven Street to retain direct access to the village
- Road safety programmes successfully completed for the year
- Roading responded to 95% of CRMs within timeframes, 5% above the benchmark, of which 88% were successfully resolved
- Business cases completed for LED streetlight upgrade and coastal routes. Business case to support maintenance and renewals underway
- Roading met with a number of stakeholder groups to better understand their needs within the roading network, eg Automobile Association, New Zealand Transport Agency and Forestry.

### Water Services & Waste

- Reviewed the structure of the Water Services and Waste team and implemented the ownership model providing a greater focus on core service delivery
- Developed a new 3 Waters reticulation Operations and Maintenance contract which, following a public tender process, was awarded to SouthRoads Ltd
- Completed an award-winning renewal of the Oamaru Water Treatment Plant membrane filtration system
- Instigated the H2OurHealth (HamNak pipeline) project and commenced consultation and design of the 30km pipeline to supply the Herbert-Waianakarua and Hampden-Moeraki water supplies from Oamaru
- Formalised arrangements with Council's new solid waste partners and continued preparation for the impending Oamaru Landfill closure
- Continued to work towards compliance with the Health Act and New Zealand Drinking Water Standards for various water supplies
- Designed and completed a number of water, wastewater and stormwater asset renewals.

### The Year in Review

### Recreation

- Waitaki Aquatic Centre hosted the South Island Secondary School's Canoe Polo Tournament with 20 teams competing
- Oamaru Swim Club, based at the Waitaki Aquatic Centre, was the best performing swim club in the South Island based on numbers
- Waitaki Aquatic Centre provided an inflatable dragon in the harbour for the Harbour Family Day
- Additional drainage was installed at the Weston Domain to improve ground conditions
- Began work on the extension of Oamaru Cemetery
- Improved gardens and seating on the main street of Palmerston
- Dis-assembled Craig Fountain to investigate the potential to reinstate it as a working fountain
- Installed a picture frame at the Oamaru Harbour as part of Alps2Ocean Cycle Trail finish line
- Supported Forest and Bird with four planting days on Cape Wanbrow
- Harvested Herbert Forest

### **Community Development and Safety**

- CCTV Guidelines and Volunteer Policy developed and implemented
- CCTV surveillance system operational at six sites
- Waitaki Community Guardians disestablished with gap in surveillance filled by Community
  Patrols and CCTV
- Safer Waitaki organisational capability assessment completed. Project met all criteria as per Safer Communities Coalition reporting framework
- Waitaki Mental Health and Addictions Network embedded and membership expanded to 26 groups and organisations
- Safer Waitaki Youth Wellbeing Survey completed and analysed in August 2015. There were 425 respondents aged between 14-25 with a gender split of 50.6% female and 49.4% male
- Launched Family Violence Poster project involving 120 businesses from across the district
- Facilitated Family Violence Champion training for local businesses with 30 participants
- Along with other stakeholders, Council's Community Development and Safety Officer was a community facilitator for the 'Loves Me Not' Healthy Relationship Programme at two local high schools
- Participated in the Network Leadership Group for Raise Hope Mental Health and Addictions. Five meetings were attended by representatives from across Otago/Southland. The Safer Waitaki Mental Health and Addictions Network is the locality group for this project.

### Forrester Gallery and North Otago Museum and Archive

- Delivered exhibitions and event programme across a combined Gallery/Museum/Archive, both physically and online, achieving 25 exhibitions, 17 events and 49 blogs about collections
- Hosted the Hon. Maggie Barry, Minister for Arts, Culture and Heritage, Conservation and Seniors
- Worked collaboratively with the Oamaru Opera House and Waitaki District Libraries to continue to develop and grow the Culture Waitaki website (<u>www.culturewaitaki.org.nz</u>)
- Worked collaboratively within Community Services Group to deliver events, holiday programmes and to share staffing and training opportunities
- Developed an education programme and increased the level of engagement with schools across the district
- Continued to carry out research and audits of collections leading to the development of collection significance statements, ongoing collaborative research projects and improved knowledge and access to collections
- Continued to support the Cultural Facility Development Project through community engagement activities, collections development, development of architectural plans and ongoing administrative, staffing and operational upgrades and adjustments.

### The Year in Review

### **Community Amenities, Oamaru Harbour and Historic Precinct**

- Three Community Housing units were renovated and seven were partially renovated
- Oamaru Harbour re-survey and perfection of title is nearing completion
- There has been a significant reduction in property debt through property sales
- The former North Otago RSA building in Oamaru came into Council ownership and significant asbestos remediation work was completed

### **Democracy and Accountability**

- Class 4 Gambling Venues and TAB Policy and the Waitaki District Urban Fire Prevention Bylaw 2015 were adopted by Council
- Council considered 81 submissions, eight of which were late, and heard 41 speakers to the draft 2016/17 Annual Plan before it was adopted by Council in June 2016
- 2015/16 Annual Report (including residents survey) prepared
- Review of District Plan commenced in October 2015
- Draft Waitaki District Responsible Freedom Camping Bylaw went out for one month's public consultation on 23 June 2016
- Review of Council's General Bylaw commenced
- Section 17a review commenced and Council is actively working with other Otago councils to explore opportunities for improved efficiencies through a collaborative review process.

### Environment, Regulation and Safety:

### **Regulatory Services**

- Reduction of 24% in animal control complaints
- Maintained Building Consent Authority accreditation
- 100% on and off licensed premises inspected.

### Planning

- Ongoing work on the District Plan review
- Advocacy/Submission to the Otago Regional Council Regional Policy Statement.

### **Groups of Activities**

The 2015/16 resident survey results are now based on a ten-point scale. Historically the measurement of residents' satisfaction with the Waitaki District Council has been based on a five point scale. This change was recommended by the Council research contractor in order to make the research more actionable and sensitive to a greater level of analysis. It allows the contractor and Council to complete more advanced statistical procedures to understand drivers of satisfaction. The Contractor completed testing to ensure that the shift to the ten point scale has not impacted on the ability to compare with historical results.

### **Roads and Footpaths**

### What we did

- Successfully completed the 2015/16 programme of the National Land Transport Plan for the Waitaki district within 1% of target for the year
- Council commenced and completed the second year of the Road Resilience Project in 2015/16, spending \$579,000 with an additional \$75,000 of unbudgeted investment into the Waitaki District from the New Zealand Transport Agency
- Roading Unit updated Council's Procurement Strategy as required by the New Zealand Transport Agency
- The Roading Unit was strengthened with two new positions, helping achieve a successful year. This allowed the Roading Unit to be less reliant on external providers
- Successfully secured \$1.5m funding over three years from New Zealand Transport Agency for a major LED lighting upgrade from 2016/17
- Full programme of renewals completed including resurfacing 53km of roads, 4km of road rehabilitation and 11,508m<sup>2</sup> of footpath resurfacing
- Full programme of minor improvements completed, including safety and rural resilience measures
- Road maintenance included edge break, drain channel clearance, low shoulder filling and stabilised road repairs
- Secured recycled timber and decks from the old SH82 timber bridge in Kurow for use in the bridge renewal programme
- Roading network was dry other than two small rain events in 2016. This allowed the maintenance contractor to focus on and improve road maintenance
- Installed pedestrian drop crossings for improved access in conjunction with the kerb and channel renewal programme
- Full programme of seal widening completed on various roads
- Safety improvements to intersections in Oamaru
- Moeraki community and Council completed maintenance on the upgraded section of Haven Street to retain direct access to the village
- Road safety programmes successfully completed for the year
- Roading responded to 95% of CRMs within timeframes, 5% above the benchmark, of which 88% were successfully resolved
- Business cases completed for LED streetlight upgrade and coastal routes. Business case to support maintenance and renewals underway
- Roading met with a number of stakeholder groups to better understand their needs within the roading network, eg AA, NZTA and Forestry.

### **Road Safety**

### <u>Alcohol</u>

- Posters and coasters were displayed in 18 bars that offered a courtesy vehicle. The intention of this campaign was to make the provision of courtesy vehicles highly visible and an accepted part of the drinking culture. Awareness of this transport option encouraged people to 'plan their journey'
- Revamped DVD and questionnaire introduced in the Oamaru Court addressing drink-drivers. Feedback from the legal community and Police was very positive.

### Younger Drivers

• 2016 Drive 2 Survive expo for Year 12 students went smoothly and feedback from students and teachers was positive.

### Older Drivers

• Three courses were offered; a theory refresher course, introduction to mobility scooters and a practical driver assessment.

### **Roads and Footpaths**

### **Road Safety Continued**

### **Fatigue**

 Waitaki Road Safe' bags for 100-200 vehicles were made available in a spacious, visible area at the beginning of public holiday weekends. All vehicles were stopped and drivers given water, lollies, road safety literature and other giveaways for families. There was also BBQ food and hot drinks available. Volunteers discussed the journey with motorists to ensure they were aware of the dangers of driving while fatigued.

### Safe Speeds

- Newspaper and radio advertising took place throughout the year and covered various relevant topics which aligned with the NZTA advertising calendar and priority seasonal risks addressed by Police
- 'Travellers Tips' brochures continued to be popular
- A series of articles appeared in the Oamaru Mail covering the stories of individuals/families who lost a friend or family member or dealt with a serious injury resulting from a car crash. Excellent feedback was received from the public.

### **Community outcomes**

Community outcomes	How the activity contributes to the outcome
We enable opportunities for new and existing businesses	By providing roads and footpaths that are safe, effective, efficient, accessible and fit for purpose for people and goods
We provide and enable services and facilities so people want to stay and move here	By providing roads and footpaths that are safe, effective, efficient, accessible and fit for purpose for people and goods
We maintain the safest community we can	By providing transport networks and services that are safe
We keep our district affordable	By ensuring roading activities are managed efficiently and effectively

### How we performed - Roads and Footpaths

Performance Measures	Achievements 2015/16	Targets LTP 2015/16 – 2024/25
The change from the previous financial year in the number of fatalities and serious injury crashes on local road network (not state highways), expressed as a number	Not Achieved 2015/16 - eight (2014/15 - seven)	Reduce the number of serious injuries and fatalities when compared to the previous year
Percentage of residents who are satisfied or very satisfied with the sealed roading network	Not Achieved: Residents' Survey 2015/16 - 46% satisfied with the sealed roading network This is the first year that satisfaction with the sealed and unsealed roading network has been asked about separately in the Residents' Survey. The 2015 Residents' Survey found that 54% of residents were satisfied or very satisfied with the standard of local roads	Increase in percentage of residents who are satisfied or very satisfied with the sealed roading network: • 2015/16 – 50% • 2016/17 – 60% • 2017/18 – 70%
Percentage of residents who are satisfied or very satisfied with the unsealed roading network	Not Achieved: Residents' Survey 2015/16 - 24% satisfied with the unsealed roading network This is the first year that satisfaction with the sealed and unsealed roading network has been asked about separately in the Residents' Survey. The 2015 Residents' Survey found that 54% of residents were satisfied or very satisfied with the standard of local roads	Increase in percentage of residents who are satisfied or very satisfied with the unsealed roading network: • 2015/16 – 50% • 2016/17 – 60% • 2017/18 – 70%

### **Roads and Footpaths**

### How we performed – Roads and Footpaths

Performance Measures	Achievements 2015/16	Targets LTP 2015/16 – 2024/25
The average quality of ride on sealed roads, measured by smoothness (smooth travel exposure)	Achieved: 2015/16 - 90% (2014/15 - 89%) Note these refer to DIA STE (Smooth Travel Exposure) targets which are the relevant targets specified by NZTA	Target to be set once One Network Road Classification (ONRC) benchmark established, in the interim 2015-18 maintained at 96 or less
The percentage of the sealed local road network that is resealed	Achieved: 53km - 7% local roads resealed in 2015/16 (new measure)	Reseal 7% each year of sealed network
The percentage of footpaths within the district that fall within the specified level of service	Not Achieved: 80% meet specified level of service (new measure)	Footpath condition (percentage compliant with standards) = 96%
The percentage of public enquiries responded to within agreed timeframes	Achieved: 95% of public enquiries responded to within agreed timeframes (2014/15 – 91%)	90% of public enquiries responded to within agreed timeframes

### Funding Impact Statement – Roads and Footpaths

	<u> </u>		-	
Roads &	Footpat	hs		
2014/15	2014/15		2015/16	2015/16
Actual	Budget		Actual	Budget
\$(000)	\$(000)		\$(000)	\$(000)
Φ(000)	φ(000)		φ(000)	φ(000)
		Sources of Operating Funding		
004	234	Sources of Operating Funding	400	400
234	234	General Rates, Uniform Annual General	196	196
		Charge, Rates Penalties		
6,116	6,114	Targeted Rates	6,383	6,380
6,350	6,348	Rates Revenue	6,579	6,576
2 022	0.505	Cubaidian and Create for Operation	0.000	2 404
3,032	2,505	Subsidies and Grants for Operating	2,822	3,491
0.40	000	Purposes	0.40	000
240	222	Fees and Charges	249	222
-	-	Interest and Dividends from Investments	-	-
31	25	Internal Charges and Overheads Recovered	24	44
306	489	Local Authorities' Fuel Tax, Fines,	269	494
		Infringement Fees and Other Receipts		
3,609	3,241	Operating Revenue	3,364	4,251
9,959	9,589	Total Sources of Operating Funding	9,943	10,827
		Applications of Operating Funding		
4,717	4,816	Payments to Staff and Suppliers	4,490	6,255
		Finance Costs		
1,341	1,342	Internal Charges and Overheads Applied	1,500	1,614
-		Other Operating Funding Applications		
6,058	6,158	Total Applications of Operating Funding	5,990	7,869
3,901	3,431	Surplus / (Deficit) of Operating Funding	3,953	2,958
3,301	3,431	Surplus/ (bench) of operating running	3,355	2,330
		Sources of Capital funding		
3,124	2,567	Subsidies and Grants for Capital Expenditure	3,225	2,853
123	139	Development and Financial Contributions	142	139
125	155	Increase / (Decrease) in Debt	142	155
-	-	Gross Proceeds from Sale of Assets	-	-
3,247	2,706	Total Sources of Capital Funding	3,367	2,992
3,247	2,700	Total Sources of Capital Funding	3,307	2,992
		Applications of Capital funding		
		Capital Expenditure		
		Meet Additional Demand		_
550	795	Improve Levels of Service	1,144	453
6,034	4,792	Replace Existing Assets	4,901	5,094
564	550	Increase / (Decrease) in Reserve	1,275	403
7,148	6,137	Increase / (Decrease) in Investments Total Applications for Capital Funding	7,320	5,950
7,140	0,137	Total Applications for Capital Funding	7,320	5,950
(3,901)	(3,431)	Surplus / (Deficit) of Capital Funding	(3,953)	(2,958)
(2,231)	(2, 201)	······································	(2,250)	(=,:30)
-	-	Funding Balance	-	
		-		

#### **Commentary on Major Changes**

Council continued the Rural Resilience programme, focusing on improving and upgrading key parts of the rural roading network throughout the District, with funding from NZTA. The programme was allowed for in the 2015 - 25 LTP, but th timing of actual works undertaken resulted in an overspend on capital works. This overspend was matched by NZTA funding, and will affect works to be undertaken in the next few years.

### Water Services and Waste

The Water Services and Waste group of activities include:

- Waste Management and Minimisation
- Stormwater Drainage
- Water Supplies
- Sewerage Treatment and Disposal

### What we did

### Waste Management and Minimisation

- Entered into a partnership with Waste Management Ltd to manage the district's waste post closure of the Oamaru Landfill by means of a new Refuse Transfer Station
- Collaborated with Waste Management Ltd and the Waitaki Resource Recovery Trust, on a location for the new Refuse Transfer Station
- Developed a Memorandum of Understanding between the Waitaki District Council, Waste Management Ltd and the Waitaki Resource Recovery Trust confirming each party's responsibilities within the waste partnership arrangement post closure of the Oamaru Landfill
- Determined how the various waste streams would be handled post closure of the Oamaru Landfill and worked with businesses to minimise and source alternative disposal sites for waste unable to be accepted by Waste Management Ltd and the Waitaki Resource Recovery Trust
- Produced and gained approval from Otago Regional Council for a Closure Plan for the Oamaru Landfill
- Continued to develop the Oamaru Landfill site in preparation for closure
- Applied and gained from Otago Regional Council a new resource consent to continue operation of the Oamaru Landfill until commencement of the new Refuse Transfer Station
- Provided the following waste grants:
  - \$270,000 to the Waitaki Resource Recovery Trust (consists of \$220,000 cash, \$40,000 value lease and \$10,000 ground maintenance)
  - \$20,000 to Waihemo Waste Busters

### Stormwater Drainage

- Engaged SouthRoads Ltd to operate and maintain the stormwater reticulation network following public tender of the 3 Waters Reticulation Operations and Maintenance contract from 1 July 2016
- On-going proactive and reactive inspections of critical stormwater assets such as inlets and outlets
- Upgraded 120m of stormwater main in Stuart Street, Oamaru to provide capacity for increased stormwater flows from Dove Place subdivision
- Continued to assess the capacity of soak holes within the Oamaru North End Business Park to confirm the extent of required improvements to Muddy Creek.

### Water Supplies

- Engaged SouthRoads Ltd to operate and maintain the water reticulation network following public tender of the 3 Waters Reticulation Operations and Maintenance contract from 1 July 2016
- Engaged Filtec to install a UV disinfection system at the Otematata Water Treatment Plant necessary to meet the New Zealand Drinking Water Standards
- Assessed options for the resolution of the effects of aggressive water on Otematata water supply consumers and obtained agreement from the Ahuriri Community Board for the effects to be monitored and managed by consumers
- Drilled two production bores to locate a secure and quality water source for the Omarama Water Supply necessary to meet the New Zealand Drinking Water Standards
- Instigated H2OurHealth, a project team consisting of Waitaki District Council officers and a number of highly experienced engineering, project management and communication professionals, established to manage, design and procure the installation of a 30km water supply pipeline from the Oamaru water supply to the Herbert-Waianakarua and Hampden-Moeraki water supplies necessary to meet the New Zealand Drinking Water Standards.

### Water Services and Waste

### Water Supplies Continued

- Successfully procured and installed a GE membrane filtration system at the Oamaru Water Treatment Plant providing improved capacity and lower operating costs gaining Waitaki District Council national recognition at the IPWEA NZ 2016 Excellence Awards
- Reviewed the management of the Awamoko, Windsor, Tokarahi and Kauru Hill water supplies by Corriedale Water Management Ltd and confirmed for management to remain with CWM Ltd for another year
- Re-developed the Kurow water supply bores to improve the source water quality and UV disinfection system efficiency
- Updated and calibrated the Oamaru water supply hydraulic model to assist with water supply pipeline renewal planning
- Utilised the Oamaru water supply hydraulic model to identify water supply pipeline limitations and improvements in the South Hill zone necessary to deliver the required volumes of water to the Herbert-Waianakarua and Hampden-Moeraki water supplies in the future whilst maintaining or in some locations improving the level of service to existing Oamaru water supply consumers
- Commenced development of Water Safety Plans for the Otematata and Ohau water supplies necessary to meet the New Zealand Drinking Water Standards
- Designed and procured a number of water supply pipeline renewals and upgrades to meet the needs of key Oamaru businesses such as the Observatory Hill Retirement Village and Canterbury Spinners Ltd.

### Sewerage Treatment and Disposal

- Engaged SouthRoads Ltd to operate and maintain the sewer reticulation network following public tender of the 3 Waters Reticulation Operations and Maintenance contract from 1 July 2016
- Applied to Otago Regional Council for a new discharge to land permit for the Moeraki Wastewater Treatment Plant post expiry of the existing discharge permit to Waiwherowhero Creek
- Assessed potential sites for the new Moeraki Wastewater Treatment Plant disposal field and following finalisation of the landowner's approval, commenced detailed design
- Engaged Hydrocare (NZ) Ltd to remove and dispose of sludge from the Weston oxidation pond improving capacity and in turn reducing overflow occurrences
- Commenced an assessment of options for the ownership and management of sewer laterals to determine if the existing private ownership model is appropriate
- Completed an assessment of options for remediation of wastewater overflows from the sewer reticulation and pump station networks during storm events
- Assessed the capacity of the 450mm diameter sewer rising main to the Oamaru Wastewater Treatment Plant and completed various cleaning and air removal works to improve the pipeline operation.

### Waste Management & Minimisation

### **Community outcomes**

Community outcomes	How the activity contributes to the outcome
We enable opportunities for new and existing businesses	By providing access to affordable, reliable, accessible and efficient waste disposal systems and facilities
We provide and enable services and facilities so people want to stay and move here	By providing access to affordable, reliable, accessible and efficient waste disposal systems and facilities
We maintain the safest community we can	By providing access to reliable and efficient waste disposal systems and facilities
Waitaki's distinctive environment is valued and protected	By managing the activity in accordance with consent conditions and enforcement of the relevant legislation to mitigate adverse environmental effects By encouraging minimisation, reuse and recycling of waste
We understand the diverse needs of our community	By encouraging the provision of different waste disposal options by the private sector

### How we performed - Waste Management & Minimisation

Performance Measures	Achievements 2015/16	Targets LTP 2015/16 – 2024/25
Percentage of residents who are within 25km of a transfer station, landfill or recycling drop-off station	Achieved: 97% of residents are within 25km of a transfer station, landfill or recycling drop-off station (97% in 2014/15)	90% of residents are within 25km of a transfer station, landfill or recycling drop-off station
The amount of material being removed from the waste stream	Achieved: Glass – 469 tonnes removed from waste stream (503 tonnes in 2014/15) Not Achieved*: Greenwaste – 1,731 tonnes removed from the waste stream (1,758 in 2014/15) Recyclables – 1,430 tonnes removed from the waste stream (1,899 in 2014/15) *Ratio between ordinary waste and diverted waste is consistent with previous years (17-18%).	Remove from the waste stream at least: Greenwaste – 2,000 tonnes Recyclables – 2,500 tonnes Glass – 450 tonnes

### Funding Impact Statement – Waste Management & Minimisation

		ent & Minimisation		
2014/15 Actual \$(000)	2014/15 Budget \$(000)		2015/16 Actual \$(000)	2015/16 Budget \$(000)
688	686	Sources of Operating Funding General Rates, Uniform Annual General Charge, Rates Penalties	983	982
-	-	Targeted Rates	-	-
688	686	Rates Revenue	983	982
75	60	Subsidies and Grants for Operating Purposes	82	60
1,175	896	Fees and Charges	1,362	746
-	-	Interest and Dividends from Investments	-	-
-	-	Internal Charges and Overheads Recovered	-	-
1	-	Local Authorities' Fuel Tax, Fines,	26	-
1 051	056	Infringement Fees and Other Receipts	1 470	906
1,251	956	Operating Revenue	1,470	806
1,939	1,642	Total Sources of Operating Funding	2,453	1,788
,	, -		,	,
		Applications of Operating Funding		
1,122	1,370	Payments to Staff and Suppliers	1,742	1,350
-	-	Finance Costs	-	-
222	238	Internal Charges and Overheads Applied Other Operating Funding Applications	198	286
- 1,344	1,608	Total Applications of Operating Funding	1,940	1,636
1,011	1,000	i can rippinganono or oponaning i ananing	1,010	1,000
595	34	Surplus / (Deficit) of Operating Funding	513	152
		Sources of Capital funding		
-	-	Subsidies and Grants for Capital Expenditure	-	-
-		Development and Financial Contributions Increase / (Decrease) in Debt	-	-
_	_	Gross Proceeds from Sale of Assets		
-	-	Total Sources of Capital Funding	-	-
		Applications of Capital funding		
		Capital Expenditure		
-	-	Meet Additional Demand	-	-
2 230	-	Improve Levels of Service Replace Existing Assets	- 3	-
363	- 34	Increase / (Decrease) in Reserve	510	- 152
- 303	- 34	Increase / (Decrease) in Investments		- 152
595	34	Total Applications for Capital Funding	513	152
(505)	(0.4)	Sumplue / (Deficit) of Conital Funding	(E40)	(450)
(595)	(34)	Surplus / (Deficit) of Capital Funding	(513)	(152)
-	-	Funding Balance	-	-

#### **Commentary on Major Changes**

The budget anticipated the Oamaru landfill would close in March 2016, but delays in commissioning the new transfer station resulted in the facility remaining open longer than expected. More use is being made of the landfill by commercial operators, and material from the demolition of the old hospital buildings has also been deposited, resulting in increased revenue. Operating costs have increased over budget due both to the deferred closure of the facility and increased volumes.

Work has continued on capping parts of the Oamaru landfill, although areas have been identified which require further work.

Development of a new transfer station facility in collaboration with private sector

partners has commenced.
# Stormwater Drainage

### **Community outcomes**

Community outcomes	How the activity contributes to the outcome
We maintain the safest community we can	By managing flooding events in urban areas
We enable opportunities for new and existing businesses	By managing flooding events in urban areas
Waitaki's distinctive environment is valued and protected	By acknowledging and incorporating the natural environment in design, construction, operation and maintenance of infrastructure
We keep our district affordable	By providing a timely response to service requests and system failures
	By managing the activity efficiently and effectively
We provide and enable services and	By maintaining the quality and continuity of stormwater
facilities so people want to stay and move	services
here	

### How we performed - Stormwater Drainage

Performance Measures	Achievements 2015/16	Targets LTP 2015/16 – 2024/25
a) The number of flooding events that occur in our systems	Achieved: Nil flooding events from the stormwater system (new measure)	a) No Target. As no data is currently available for this measure, the targets are to be identified following the first year (2015/16) of activity
b) For each event, the number of habitable floors affected (expressed per 1,000 properties connected to our stormwater systems)	Achieved: Nil flooding events from the stormwater system (new measure)	b) No Target. As no data is currently available for this measure, the targets are to be identified following the first year (2015/16) of activity
The median response time to attend a flooding event, measured from the time that we receive notification to the time that service personnel reach the site	Achieved: Nil flooding events from the stormwater system (new measure)	4 hours
The total number of complaints received by us about the performance of the stormwater system, expressed per 1,000 properties connected to our stormwater system	Achieved 0.1 complaints received per 1,000 connections (new measure)	Less than one complaint per 1,000 connections

### Funding Impact Statement – Stormwater

Stormwa	ator Drain	200		
2014/15	2014/15	lage	2015/16	2015/16
Actual	Budget		Actual	Budget
\$(000)	\$(000)		\$(000)	\$(000)
\$(000)	φ(000)		\$(000)	\$(000)
		Sources of Operating Funding		
		Sources of Operating Funding		
-	-	General Rates, Uniform Annual General	-	-
174	174	Charge, Rates Penalties	40.4	400
471	471	Targeted Rates	434	433
471	471	Rates Revenue	434	433
-	-	Subsidies and Grants for Operating	-	-
		Purposes		
-	-	Fees and Charges	-	-
-	-	Interest and Dividends from Investments	-	-
-	-	Internal Charges and Overheads Recovered	-	-
9	-	Local Authorities' Fuel Tax, Fines,	-	-
		Infringement Fees and Other Receipts		
9	-	Operating Revenue	-	-
480	471	Total Sources of Operating Funding	434	433
		Applications of Operating Funding		
42	64	Payments to Staff and Suppliers	57	66
-	-	Finance Costs	-	-
101	133	Internal Charges and Overheads Applied	107	124
-	-	Other Operating Funding Applications	-	-
143	197	Total Applications of Operating Funding	164	190
337	274	Surplus / (Deficit) of Operating Funding	270	243
		Sources of Capital funding		
-	-	Subsidies and Grants for Capital Expenditure	-	-
-	-	Development and Financial Contributions	-	-
-	-	Increase / (Decrease) in Debt	-	-
-	-	Gross Proceeds from Sale of Assets	-	-
-	-	Total Sources of Capital Funding	-	-
		Applications of Capital funding		
		Capital Expenditure		
-	-	Meet Additional Demand	-	-
20	39	Improve Levels of Service	-	-
-	-	Replace Existing Assets	57	-
317	235	Increase / (Decrease) in Reserve	213	243
-	-	Increase / (Decrease) in Investments	-	-
337	274	Total Applications for Capital Funding	270	243
(337)	(274)	Surplus / (Deficit) of Capital Funding	(270)	(243)
-	-	Funding Balance	-	-

#### **Commentary on Major Changes**

The activities in this group operated as expected.

Development of stormwater infrastructure in the Oamaru North End Industrial Park area which was deferred from the 2014/15 financial year was completed in the current period.

### Community outcomes

Community outcome	How the activity contributes to the outcome
We enable opportunities for new and existing businesses	By providing assurance of a sustainable, efficient and effective water service through long term planning of maintenance, renewals, and provision for growth
We provide and enable services and facilities so people want to stay and move here	By providing assurance of a sustainable, efficient and effective water service through long term planning of maintenance, renewals, and provision for growth
We maintain the safest community we can	By protecting the communities from drinking water related health issues by providing quality potable water to agreed areas
We keep our district affordable	By measuring demand and use to actively manage water Through timely response to service requests and
	failure

### How we performed – Water Supply

Performance Measures	Achievements 2015/16	Targets LTP 2015/16 – 2024/25
The percentage of real water loss from our networked reticulation system	Oamaru – 24% Palmerston – 31% Kurow – 44% Omarama – 87% Otematata – 28% (new measure)	As no data is currently available for this measure, the targets are to be identified following the first year (2015/16) of activity
	*Water loss has been calculated for on-demand water supplies only, in accordance with the Department of Internal Affairs Non-Financial Performance Measure Guidelines, Minimum Night Flow Analysis	
	Restricted water supplies have been excluded due to the nature of their constant trickle feed operation removing the ability to determine minimum night time flows	
	Large water supply consumers have not been excluded from the water loss calculations and therefore actual water loss values are lower than indicated	
	The percentage of water loss for the Oamaru, Palmerston, Kurow and Otematata water supplies is consistent with past officer assessments. Leak detection contractors have been engaged in the past to reduce water loss within the Omarama water supply with very little long term success	
	Targets are to be set in the 2016-17 financial year providing Council with a water loss benchmark	

### How we performed – Water Supply

Performance Measures	Achievements 2015/16	Targets LTP 2015/16 – 2024/25
The extent to which our water supply complies with: a) Part 4 of the drinking water standards (bacteria compliance criteria) b) Part 5 of the drinking water standards (protozoa compliance criteria)	<ul> <li>a) Part 4 Achieved: Oamaru, Waihemo, Tokarahi, Kurow, Omarama, Kauru Hill, Stoneburn, Duntroon</li> <li>Not Achieved*: Lower Waitaki, Awamoko, Windsor</li> <li>b) Part 5* Achieved: Oamaru, Kurow, Duntroon</li> <li>Not Achieved*: Waihemo, Lower Waitaki, Tokarahi, Awamoko, Kauru Hill, Windsor</li> <li>(new measures)</li> <li>*Water supplies for which the target was not met are compliant with the Drinking Water Standards 97-98% of the year. Non-compliance typically relates to gaps in data where compliance could not be proven but is actually achieved</li> </ul>	Compliance as specified in "Safety of Drinking Water" table (page 46) below

\* Herbert-Waianakarua, Hampden-Moeraki, Omarama, Otematata, Otekaieke, Stoneburn, Dunrobin, Lake Ohau water supplies have yet to be upgraded to meet the national Drinking Water Standards. It is considered, however, that these water supplies meet the standards.

### How we performed – Water Supply

Performance Measures	Achievements 2015/16	Targets LTP 2015/16 – 2024/25
Total number of complaints about water quality and quantity	Not Achieved*: 24 complaints received per 1,000 connections (new measure) * Approximately 30% of complaints were identified on inspection as "no fault found" due to the cause being typically a private fault or a lack of understanding by the consumer of the level of service they should receive The majority of complaints received relate to quantity of water or the lack of water, with the primary cause being pipeline leaks within the network. At times multiple CRMs were received for one fault	Less than six complaints per 1,000 connections
Median time for attendance of urgent call outs: from the time that we receive notification to the time that service personnel reach the site	Achieved: Median attendance time for urgent call outs was 0.50 hours (new measure)	One hour median attendance time for urgent call outs
Median time for resolution of urgent call outs: from the time that we receive notification to the time that service personnel confirm resolution of the fault or interruption	Achieved: Median resolution time for urgent call outs was 5.8 hours (new measure)	Six hours median time for resolution of urgent call outs
Median time for attendance of non-urgent call outs: from the time that we receive notification to the time that service personnel reach the site	Achieved: Median attendance time for non- urgent call outs was 3.5 hours (new measure)	Eight hours median attendance time for non- urgent call outs
Median time for resolution of non-urgent call outs: from the time that we receive notification to the time that service personnel confirm resolution of the fault or interruption	Achieved: Median resolution time for non- urgent call outs of 13.25 hours (new measure)	48 hours median resolution time for non- urgent call outs
The average consumption of drinking water per day per resident within Waitaki district	Achieved: Average consumption per resident of 313 litres per day* (new measure) *Consumption has been calculated for on-demand (urban) water supplies only as restricted supplies (rural) are for stock consumption also and the percentage split cannot be confirmed	Less than 500 litres per day average consumption of drinking water per resident within Waitaki district

### Water Supply - Safety of drinking water

Water Supply	Population (UR)	Bacteri	al Complianc	e	Prot	ozoal Complian	ce (%)	
	2013 mesh blocks	Current performance	Target		Current		Target	
			2015-17	2018-25	performance	2015-17	2018-25	
Oamaru	14,390	New measure	Yes	Yes		Yes	Yes	
Waihemo	1,357	New measure	Yes	Yes		Yes*	Yes*	
Lower Waitaki	778	New measure	Yes	Yes		Yes	Yes	
Herbert/Waianakarua	670	New measure	No	Yes		No	Yes	
Tokarahi	636	New measure	Yes**	Yes**		Yes**	Yes**	
Hampden/Moeraki	501	New measure	No	Yes		No	Yes	
Awamoko	399	New measure	Yes**	Yes**		Yes**	Yes**	
Kurow	330	New measure	Yes	Yes		Yes	Yes	
Omarama	270	New measure	Yes	Yes		No	16/17 Yes*	
Kauru Hill	197	New measure	Yes**	Yes**		Yes**	Yes**	
Otematata	195	New measure	No	16/17 Yes***		No	16/17 Yes***	
Windsor	190	New measure	Yes**	Yes**		Yes**	Yes**	
Otekaieke	140	New measure	No****	Yes		No	18/19 Yes	
Stoneburn	86	New measure	Yes	Yes		No	18/19 Yes	
Duntroon	81	New measure	Yes	Yes		Yes	Yes	
Dunrobin	75	New measure	No ****	Yes		No	18/19 Yes	
Lake Ohau	36	New measure	No ****	16/17 Yes		No	16/17 Yes	
Awahokomo	21	New measure	NA	NA		NA	NA	

\* It is anticipated that every few years weather events will cause instances where compliance is not able to be achieved due to high levels of turbidity. However, this risk has been identified and contingency plans, including increased chlorination and sampling, are in place and managed through the Water Safety Plan.

\*\* Supply is managed by the Corriedale Water Supply Committee which has undertaken to meet the Drinking Water Standards and Health (Drinking Water) Act.

\*\*\* Supply does not have chlorine to provide an additional barrier during events such as those that occur during \* above and therefore it is possible for bacterial failures to occur but a contingency plan is in place for additional sampling and issuing of boil water notices to ensure public health during these events

\*\*\*\* Supply has a permanent boil water notice.

### Funding Impact Statement – Water Supply

	<u> </u>			
Water Su	vlaa			
2014/15	2014/15		2015/16	2015/16
Actual	Budget		Actual	Budget
\$(000)	\$(000)		\$(000)	\$(000)
φ(000)	φ(000)		φ(000)	φ(000)
		Sources of Operating Funding		
1	1	General Rates, Uniform Annual General	1	1
'		Charge, Rates Penalties	'	
5,266	5,262	Targeted Rates	5,610	5,596
5,267	5,263	Rates Revenue	5,611	5,597
5,207	5,205	Nates Nevenue	5,011	5,557
	_	Subsidies and Grants for Operating		
		Purposes		
629	437	Fees and Charges	585	440
025		Interest and Dividends from Investments	505	-+-0
400	376	Internal Charges and Overheads Recovered	364	375
400	570	Local Authorities' Fuel Tax, Fines,	17	515
0	-	Infringement Fees and Other Receipts	17	-
1,037	813	Operating Revenue	966	815
1,037	013	Operating Revenue	900	015
6,304	6,076	Total Sources of Operating Funding	6,577	6,412
0,504	0,070	Total Sources of Operating Funding	0,577	0,412
		Applications of Operating Funding		
2,847	2,841	Payments to Staff and Suppliers	3,140	2,902
2,047	2,041	Finance Costs	5,140	2,302
1,463	1,476	Internal Charges and Overheads Applied	1,406	1,638
1,405	1,470	Other Operating Funding Applications	1,400	1,000
4,310	4,317	Total Applications of Operating Funding	4,546	4,540
4,510	4,517	rotal Applications of Operating Funding	4,040	4,040
1,994	1 759	Surplus / (Deficit) of Operating Funding	2,031	1,872
1,001	1,700	carpias, (benen, or operating randing	2,001	1,072
		Sources of Capital funding		
-	-	Subsidies and Grants for Capital Expenditure	-	-
245	275	Development and Financial Contributions	242	275
		Increase / (Decrease) in Debt		
-	-	Gross Proceeds from Sale of Assets	-	-
245	275	Total Sources of Capital Funding	242	275
		Applications of Capital funding		
		Capital Expenditure		
-	-	Meet Additional Demand	-	-
859	592	Improve Levels of Service	705	-
728	1,435	Replace Existing Assets	1,592	2,475
652	7	Increase / (Decrease) in Reserve	(24)	(328)
-	-	Increase / (Decrease) in Investments	-	-
2,239	2,034	Total Applications for Capital Funding	2,273	2,147
(1,994)	(1,759)	Surplus / (Deficit) of Capital Funding	(2,031)	(1,872)
-	-	Funding Balance	-	-

#### **Commentary on Major Changes**

Work continued on drinking water standard upgrades for severalrural water schemes, however several planned for this year were deferred resulting in less capital expenditure than was budgeted

# Sewerage Treatment and Disposal

### **Community outcomes**

Community outcome	How the activity contributes to the outcome
We enable opportunities for new and existing businesses	By providing community reticulated systems in agreed areas
We provide and enable services and facilities so people want to stay and move here	By providing a timely response to service requests and system failures
	By maintaining quality and continuity of wastewater services
We maintain the safest community we can	By maintaining the quality and continuity of wastewater services and protecting the community from wastewater related health issues
We keep our district affordable	By providing a timely response to service requests and system failures
	By managing the activity efficiently and effectively
Waitaki's distinctive environment is valued and protected	By acknowledging and incorporating the natural environment in design, construction, operation and maintenance of infrastructure

### How we performed – Sewerage Treatment and Disposal

Pe	rformance Measures	Achievements 2015/16	Targets LTP 2015/16 – 2024/25
sev res blo in o sys me	here we attend to werage overflows sulting from a ckage or other fault our sewerage stem, the following edian response times easured:		
a)	Attendance time: from the time that we receive notification to the time that service personnel reach the site	a) Achieved: Median attendance time for sewerage overflows of 0.46 hours (new measure)	a) 0.75 hours attendance time for sewerage overflows
b)	Resolution time: from the time that we receive notification to the time that service personnel confirm resolution of the blockage or other fault	b) Achieved: Median resolution time for sewerage overflows of 2.19 hours (new measure)	b) 6 hours resolution time for sewerage overflows

## Sewerage Treatment and Disposal

### How we performed - Sewerage Treatment and Disposal (continued)

Performance Measures	Achievements 2015/16	Targets LTP 2015/16 – 2024/25
<ul> <li>The total number of complaints received by us about any of the following:</li> <li>a) Sewage odour</li> <li>b) Sewerage system faults</li> <li>c) Sewerage system blockages, and</li> <li>d) Our response to issues with our sewerage system expressed per 1,000 properties connected to the system</li> </ul>	Achieved: Eight complaints received per 1,000 connections (new measure)	Less than 12 complaints per 1,000 connections
The number of dry weather overflows from our sewerage system, expressed per 1,000 sewerage connections to the system	Not Achieved*: Three sewerage overflows per 1,000 connections (new measure)	Less than 1.4 sewerage overflows per 1,000 connections (<20 total)
Compliance with resource consents for discharge from our sewerage system measured by the number of: a) Abatement notices b) Infringement notices c) Enforcement orders d) Convictions	a) Achieved: Nil abatement notices received b) Achieved: Nil infringement notices received c) Achieved: Nil enforcement orders received d) Achieved: Nil convictions received (new measure)	a) Nil b) Nil c) Nil d) Nil

### Funding Impact Statement – Sewerage Treatment and Disposal

Soworad	Sewerage (Treatment & Disposal)					
2014/15	2014/15	inem a Disposalj	2015/16	2015/16		
Actual	Budget		Actual	Budget		
\$(000)	\$(000)		\$(000)	\$(000)		
\$(000)	\$(000)		\$(000)	φ(000)		
		Sources of Operating Funding				
		Sources of Operating Funding				
-	-	General Rates, Uniform Annual General	-	-		
4 700	4 700	Charge, Rates Penalties		4 7 40		
1,733	1,729	Targeted Rates	1,745	1,742		
1,733	1,729	Rates Revenue	1,745	1,742		
-	-	Subsidies and Grants for Operating	-	-		
		Purposes				
325	240	Fees and Charges	318	270		
-	-	Interest and Dividends from Investments	-	-		
445	417	Internal Charges and Overheads Recovered	399	439		
-	-	Local Authorities' Fuel Tax, Fines,	6	20		
		Infringement Fees and Other Receipts				
770	657	Operating Revenue	723	729		
2,503	2,386	Total Sources of Operating Funding	2,468	2,471		
		Applications of Operating Funding				
1,145	1,061	Payments to Staff and Suppliers	1,716	1,366		
-	· -	Finance Costs	-	-		
522	483	Internal Charges and Overheads Applied	533	533		
_	-	Other Operating Funding Applications	-	-		
1,667	1,544	Total Applications of Operating Funding	2,249	1,899		
.,	.,•	······	_,	.,		
836	842	Surplus / (Deficit) of Operating Funding	219	572		
		······································				
		Sources of Capital funding				
-	-	Subsidies and Grants for Capital Expenditure	-	-		
67	116	Development and Financial Contributions	83	116		
-	-	Increase / (Decrease) in Debt	-	-		
-	-	Gross Proceeds from Sale of Assets	_	_		
67	116	Total Sources of Capital Funding	83	116		
07	110	Total obdices of oupliar Funding	00	110		
		Applications of Capital funding				
		Capital Expenditure				
	_	Meet Additional Demand				
35	200	Improve Levels of Service	14	100		
51	100	Replace Existing Assets	66	300		
817	658	Increase / (Decrease) in Reserve	222	288		
-	-	Increase / (Decrease) in Investments	-	-		
903	958	Total Applications for Capital Funding	302	688		
(000)	(0.40)	Sumplue / (Definit) of Control Funding	(040)	(570)		
(836)	(842)	Surplus / (Deficit) of Capital Funding	(219)	(572)		
		Funding Poloneo				
-	-	Funding Balance	-	-		

#### Commentary on Major Changes

The activities in this group generally operated as expected, except that some capital projects were deferred until 2017/18.

### Arts, Heritage and Community Group of Activities is comprised of:

- Waitaki District Libraries
- Forrester Gallery and North Otago Museum and Archive
- Oamaru Opera House
- Community Safety Development and Grants

#### What we did

#### Waitaki District Libraries

- Collaborated with Forrester Gallery, Archive, North Otago Museum and Oamaru Opera House to improve efficiency and encourage staff development and morale. This collaboration included sharing staff and providing them with a broader range of experience
- Continued to offer school holiday programmes and developed combined education programmes with the Forrester Gallery and the North Otago Museum
- Staff visited schools and encouraged reciprocal school visits
- Continued to offer Wriggle & Rhyme; an active movement programme for 0-24 month olds
- Continued to offer *Toddler Time*. Attendance at weekly sessions has been consistent, due to *Wriggle & Rhyme* families bringing their toddlers along. We have also expanded the *Toddler Time* programme to Palmerston, with Fiona Kerr, Youth Librarian visiting preschools and inviting them to the Library
- Continued developing the Kid's Book Club
- Encouraged the use of eBook readers and offered eReader clinics to the public (a 4% increase in eBook issues)
- Fostered a positive relationship with the shared Customer Service/Library at Palmerston and shifted the service levels to be more library focused, with on-going events and programmes
- Reconfigured the Palmerston Library to a more customer friendly layout
- Continued developing the Library's webpage, resulting in a new mobile-device-friendly front page
- Expanded the use of Facebook, Pinterest and Twitter as marketing tools, with excellent results in event attendance
- Held a number of successful displays, events, talks, presentations and demonstrations in the library by authors and musicians. Celebrated NZ Book Month, Music Month; hosted book launches, community talks, multi-cultural events, etc. There was a 20% increase in attendance, compared with the previous year.
- Further developed the Culture Waitaki website, working with staff of the Forrester Gallery, Archive, Oamaru Opera House and North Otago Museum
- Reduced newspaper and magazine subscriptions to expand our electronic database subscriptions eg World Book and Ancestry
- Continued to use and develop the Open Source Koha Library Management System which was upgraded and enhanced during the year. Supported Waimate District Council with their development and upgrade of the Koha system and shared in staff training
- Commenced planning of a reconfiguration of Oamaru Public Library as part of the introduction of Radio Frequency Identification (RFID) technology. This is in line with the international practice of more customer-driven library services, but working within a 40-year-old building footprint
- Worked collaboratively with government and community agencies as well as Literacy North Otago to address the challenges of access to technology and upskilling some ratepayers to engage with e-Government sites.

### Forrester Gallery, North Otago Museum and Archive

- Delivered 22 exhibitions at the Forrester Gallery; including four touring exhibitions, eight from community groups/local artists, four from the Gallery's permanent collection and four temporary exhibitions. The 'Kermadec Lines in the Ocean' exhibition was launched on 20 February 2016 by the Hon. Maggie Barry, Minister for Arts, Culture and Heritage, Conservation and Seniors
- Delivered three temporary exhibitions at the Museum based on the collection
- Moved elements of the permanent exhibition displays into the temporary gallery following reduced access to the Museum in April 2016 as part of preparation for the Cultural Facility Development Project
- Delivered nine exhibition launch events and nine artist talks (two of these were combined with the exhibition launch event), and one event at the Museum (display of the Donald Forrester Brown Victoria Cross Medal over Anzac weekend)
- Delivered 49 collection blogs on Culture Waitaki's website about the Museum collections
- Grew social media interaction: the Gallery Facebook page 'likes' increased from 452 to 652 and the Museum Facebook page 'likes' increased from 1,183 to 1,837. Culture Waitaki traffic continues to grow as overall content is improved
- Launched the Wonderlab education space at the Gallery. This is now operating across the Gallery/Museum and Archive collections.
- Continued to lead the collaborative holiday programmes with Waitaki District Libraries and the Aquatic Centre
- Collaborated with the Oamaru Opera House and Waitaki District Libraries to deliver a combined Heritage Week Programme
- Collaborated with Waitaki District Libraries to offer a staff member the opportunity to work with the Gallery/Museum and continue to enable back up and support from the Curator of Archives to Library Systems as needed
- Developed education programmes and engagement with schools following the appointment of Curator of Education in May 2015 achieving 44 school educational programmes (including 11 off-site)
- Re-integrated the Waitaki District Archive into the Gallery/Museum operations and the Cultural Facility Development Project
- Launched collaborative research project into the Willetts' Collection with University of Otago, Te Rūnanga O Moeraki and Waitaha Taiwhenua o Waitaki Trust Board
- Hosted two Gallery meetings/visits, presented four community workshops and one exhibition display at the Gallery for the Cultural Facility Development Project
- Completed research and significance assessments on 14 different subject matter collections at the Museum, including an expert report on the Willett's Collection identifying it as a collection of national significance
- Completed upgrades to Vernon collection database system (for example updating person information entries). Delivered physical enhancements of the Archive collections enabling faster and more accurate searching and completed physical upgrades to the Archive (for example completion of packing unit project; de-framing project and commencement of review and update of digitisation of glass negatives collection).

#### Oamaru Opera House

- Two audience development programmes were implemented to increase community engagement: Test Drive the Arts offered to community groups and local businesses and Arts Ambassadors from the local high schools
- Collaborated with Forrester Gallery, North Otago Museum and Waitaki District Libraries to deliver a combined Heritage Week Programme
- Presented a schools programme in the lead up to Heritage Week based on Alice in Wonderland which attracted 718 attendees over the two week period
- Completed administration training for Ungerboeck Event Management system

### **Oamaru Opera House Continued**

- Fibre optic Wi-Fi connected in time for the Irrigation NZ Conference, providing high speed Wi-Fi access for 350 conference delegates
- Four major conferences were hosted
- Free-of-charge meeting space provided for not-for-profit organisations. This was utilised throughout the year, providing space for 50 meetings
- A diverse performing arts programme was delivered which included six international tours and four cultural shows targeted to Maori, Asian and Pacific Islands communities
- All staff attended Health and Safety sessions to bring them up to date with the new legislation
- Collaborated with the Library for presentation of the preschool event Wriggle & Rhyme
- Oamaru Opera House increased audience numbers at community and commercial events
- Engagement with local schools
- Provided ticketing services for local and national events, in particular rugby games held at Forsyth Barr Stadium
- Delivered 34 shows in the Whitestone Contracting Auditorium and Inkbox Theatre
- Secured sponsorship funding from Whitestone Contracting Ltd and Whitestone Cheese
- Continued excellence in café and catering services for meetings and events
- Increased audience numbers attending major events.

### **Community Safety, Development and Grants**

- Safer Waitaki Governance Group met formally four times during the year: August, October, March and June
- Safer Waitaki Management Group met monthly
- Safer Waitaki Working groups met monthly/six weekly
- Successfully co-ordinated Chamber of Commerce workshops for NGOs' Governance/Management x2 Managing Staff x1
- Successfully completed Safer Waitaki Development workshop
- Suicide Postvention Core group met five times and successfully facilitated three 'Safe' community talks
- Collaborated with Waitaki Road Safe to deliver successful Cycle Skills Day. Sixty six children and their families attended
- Safer Waitaki Alcohol and Drug group undertook a Parent Survey which generated 115 responses
- Distributed 2,000 'Having a Rough Time' cards
- Safer Waitaki Alcohol and Drug group successfully developed a Waitaki webpage on the 'No Safe Limits' website
- Collaborated with Sport Waitaki and Soul Surf Skate to successfully deliver Palmy Skate Jam event which had 25 participants
- Collaborated with Waitaki Multicultural Council to successfully deliver a Race Relations Day concert with key violence prevention messages
- Along with Police, led the successful delivery of a coordinated White Ribbon event. This involved four high schools, three classic cars, 25 local motorcycle riders, and seven national White Ribbon riders and was supported by local businesses in Oamaru and Hampden
- Delivered a Road Safety contract with Dunedin City Council. This was for delivery of a three day road safety event aimed at year 11 students: 'Safer Journeys Expo'. 1,706 registrations were received from schools across Otago
- Co-ordinated Managing Volunteers workshop
- Participated in Safer Communities Foundation of NZ National Forum. Presented on Results Based Accountability (RBA) and Sustainability
- Worked collaboratively with multicultural communities in the Waitaki district.

#### **Community outcomes**

Community outcome	How the activity contributes to the outcome
We provide and enable services and facilities so people want to stay and move here	By providing facilities and services that contribute to the quality of life of the district and make it attractive for people to live here
We maintain the safest community we can	By playing an active role in the Safer Waitaki Coalition

#### How we performed:

- Forrester Gallery, North Otago Museum and Archive
- Waitaki District Libraries
- Oamaru Opera House
- Community Safety, Development and Grants

Performance Measures	Achievements 2015/16	Targets LTP 2015/16 – 2024/25		
Forrester Gallery, North Otago Museum and Archive				
Number of visitors to the Gallery	Achieved: 2015/16 = 15,639 visitors (2014/15 = 12,150 visitors)	Maintain visitor numbers to the Gallery in advance of the Cultural Facility Development project		
Percentage of the community satisfied or very satisfied with the level of information about the redevelopment of the Gallery and Museum	Not Achieved: Residents' Survey 28% satisfied with the level of information about the redevelopment of the Gallery and Museum (new measure)	80% are satisfied or very satisfied with the level of information about the redevelopment of the Gallery and Museum		
Percentage of the district's schools who are satisfied or very satisfied with the Gallery and Museum's educational activities and/or engagement	Achieved: 90% of schools satisfied or very satisfied with the level of engagement by the Gallery/Museum 90% of schools satisfied or very satisfied with the educational activities and programmes offered by the Gallery/Museum (new measure)	80% of the district's schools are satisfied or very satisfied with the Gallery's and Museum's educational activities and/or engagement		
Percentage of Archive users satisfied with the Archive services	Not Achieved: 76% satisfaction with the Archive services (100% in 2014/15)	90% of Archive users are satisfied with the Archive services		

Performance Measures	Achievements 2015/16	Targets
r enormance measures	Achievements 2013/10	LTP 2015/16 – 2024/25
	Waitaki District Libra	ries
Percentage of residents who are satisfied or very satisfied with library services	Not Achieved: Residents' Survey 91% satisfied with library services (95% in 2014/15) Note this is a very high level of satisfaction and only 1 percentage point lower than target	92% of residents are satisfied or very satisfied with library services
Average number of attendees per event held at the libraries	Not Achieved: 31.4 attendees per event at the libraries (32 in 2014/15)	Maintain or grow average number of people attending each event
Percentage increase in the number of enquiries handled by librarians, which include, for example, readers' advisory, assistance with mobile devices, research enquiries	Achieved: 8,131 enquiries handled by librarians; an increase of 11% over 2014/15 (7,296)	5% increase on previous year
<ul> <li>Number of library visitors:</li> <li>Electronic visits to the library website</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>2015/16: 76,915 page visits, ie electronic visits to library websites and digital resources (Culture Waitaki, Catalogue, e-Resources) (2014/15: 81,922)</li> </ul>	Benchmark to be set year 1
Physical visits	<ul> <li>Not Achieved: 155,610 visits (2014/15: 175,776) We have been separating Palmerston Service Centre visits from library visits. There is a national downwards trend for visits to libraries</li> </ul>	Maintain numbers

Performance Measures	Achievements 2015/16	Targets
		LTP 2015/16 – 2024/25
	Oamaru Opera House	
Percentage of residents who are satisfied or very satisfied with the opera house	Achieved: Residents' Survey 94% satisfied with the Opera House (96% in 2014/15)	90% of residents are satisfied or very satisfied with the Opera House
Number of community meetings and events held at the Opera House	Not Achieved: 88 community meetings and events held (2014/15: 119) 54 Free of Charge events held (down from 90 in 2014/15)	Maintain numbers of community meetings and events held
Percentage increase in tickets sold for performances	Achieved: Ticket sales up 5.4% to 9,670 in 2015/16 (up from 9,178 in 2014/15)	5% increase in the number of tickets sold for performances on the previous year
Percentage growth in use of the Opera House for commercial meetings, events, functions and conferences	Not Achieved: Events down 2.4% to 161 events in 2015/16 (165 events in 2014/15) Note this decrease only represents four fewer events held	5% increase in contracted hires on the previous year
Co	mmunity Safety, Development	t and Grants
Percentage of residents who are satisfied or very satisfied that Waitaki is a safe place to live	Not Achieved: Residents' Survey 91% satisfied that the Waitaki district is a safe place to live (94% in 2014/15) Note this is a very high level of satisfaction	95% of residents are satisfied or very satisfied that the Waitaki district is a safe place to live

### Funding Impact Statement – Arts, Heritage and Community

Arts. Her	itage & 0	Community	-	
2014/15	2014/15		2015/16	2015/16
Actual	Budget		Actual	Budget
\$(000)	\$(000)		\$(000)	\$(000)
+()	<b>(</b> ( <b>···</b> )		+()	+()
		Sources of Operating Funding		
237	236	General Rates, Uniform Annual General	280	280
201	200	Charge, Rates Penalties	200	200
3,057	3,053	Targeted Rates	3,180	3,169
3,294	3,289	Rates Revenue	3,460	3,449
5,254	5,205	Nates Nevenue	3,400	3,443
86	104	Subsidies and Grants for Operating	84	109
00	104		04	109
004	074	Purposes	0.40	077
364	371	Fees and Charges	340	377
-	-	Interest and Dividends from Investments	-	-
-	-	Internal Charges and Overheads Recovered	-	-
144	166	Local Authorities' Fuel Tax, Fines,	139	166
		Infringement Fees and Other Receipts		
594	641	Operating Revenue	563	652
0.000	0.000	Total Dourses of One setting True diag	4 000	4.404
3,888	3,930	Total Sources of Operating Funding	4,023	4,101
		Applications of Operating Funding		
2,540	2,574	Payments to Staff and Suppliers	2,481	2,616
2,540	2,574		2,401	2,010
-	-	Finance Costs	4 055	-
1,242	1,190	Internal Charges and Overheads Applied	1,255	1,317
-	-	Other Operating Funding Applications	-	-
3,782	3,764	Total Applications of Operating Funding	3,736	3,933
106	166	Surplus / (Deficit) of Operating Funding	287	168
	100	•	201	100
		Sources of Capital funding		
-	-	Subsidies and Grants for Capital Expenditure	4	-
-	-	Development and Financial Contributions	-	-
-	-	Increase / (Decrease) in Debt	-	-
7	-	Gross Proceeds from Sale of Assets	10	
7	-	Total Sources of Capital Funding	14	-
		······································		
		Applications of Capital funding		
		Capital Expenditure		
-	-	Meet Additional Demand	-	-
112	55	Improve Levels of Service	312	755
128	136	Replace Existing Assets	130	136
(127)	(25)	Increase / (Decrease) in Reserve	(141)	(723)
(127)	(23)	Increase / (Decrease) in Investments	(141)	(123)
113	166	Total Applications for Capital Funding	301	168
.10	100		001	150
(106)	(166)	Surplus / (Deficit) of Capital Funding	(287)	(168)
, ,	,/	,		,
-	-	Funding Balance	-	-

#### Commentary on Major Changes

The activities in this group generally operated as expected. Design and other costs related to the redevelopment of the Forerster Gallery and North Otago Museum were below budget as the scope pf the project continued to evolve.

# Parks and Recreation

### What we did

- Offered a range of services at the Aquatic Centre including a comprehensive swim programme (new-borns through to competitive swimming), water safety skills, water aerobics and attractions in the form of rope swim, small slide and inflatables, fitness and holiday programmes
- Ran a pilot gateway programme to provide lifeguard qualifications to Waitaki Boys' High School students
- Provided grants for community access to school pools in Kurow and Palmerston
- Provided an inflatable dragon for the Harbour Fun Day
- Hosted the South Island schools canoe polo tournament
- Changed our Swim School registration system to reduce waiting times and provide a range of payment options
- Increased number of school water safety sessions
- Hosted two Otago region swim meets
- Carried out turf renovation programmes as recommended by New Zealand Sports Turf Institute
- Installed drainage at Weston Oval
- Supported Forest and Bird with four community plantings at Cape Wanbrow
- Harvested Herbert Forest
- Maintained sports fields to meet local sporting requirements
- Provided neighbourhood reserves within 600m of most residential properties
- Worked with various community groups and individuals on planting of reserves
- Maintained playgrounds to NZ Standards
- Provided and maintained six traditional 'kiwistyle' campgrounds along the Waitaki Lakes, along with boat ramps
- Provided and maintained 11 open cemeteries for burials and maintained two additional closed cemeteries for the community
- Maintained cemeteries to a high standard with all being mown rather than having rural cemeteries grazed as is common in other councils
- Installed new ash garden for Kurow Cemetery.

## Parks and Recreation

#### **Community outcomes**

Community outcome	How the activity contributes to the outcome
We provide and enable services and facilities so people want to stay and move here	By providing parks, gardens and greenspaces, sports and recreation facilities that contribute to the district's quality of life, which in turn helps make Waitaki attractive to existing and prospective residents and businesses
We keep our district affordable	By providing activities at low cost or free to users and managing the activity efficiently and effectively
We understand the diverse needs of our community	By acknowledging the needs of the wider community and cultural and recreation/sport groups through the provision of multipurpose spaces
We maintain the safest community we can	By meeting industry standards and providing opportunities for people to feel safe while being active and to connect the community through sport and recreation
Waitaki's distinctive environment is valued and protected	By complying with resource consents and regulations
	By providing opportunities for people to enjoy the district's distinctive environment
We enable opportunities for new and existing businesses	By providing facilities that contribute to the attractiveness of the district and create opportunities for new businesses, for example, tour operators, sports events, accommodation

### How we performed

#### **Parks and Reserves**

Most parks are well maintained with positive comments from users. Council's Annual Residents' Survey reports 65% of the population used Council's parks during the year.

Benchmarking results in April 2016 show we provide per 1,000 residents:

• 27.1Ha of accessible recreation land compared to national median of 20.1Ha

Parks and their assets are generally in good condition, however some assets are older and in need of a repaint. Where playground assets were structurally sound we carried out preventative maintenance, painting and replacing timber to prolong their life rather than replacing them with newer designs and styles which would come at a cost and not provide any additional value to the community.

Oamaru Public Gardens continue to be classified as a Garden of Significance.

A number of enhancement opportunities are available for the community in Oamaru Stream, Cape Wanbrow and Glen Eden.

# Parks and Recreation

### Waitaki Aquatic Centre

We experienced a 2% increase in numbers through the door. Notable changes in use were:

- Swim Squad use increased
- Increase in Health referrals from Green Prescription
- Decrease in family passes and corresponding increase in adult and child entries due to under 8's now being free.

Our prices remain slightly lower than similar facilities in New Zealand and we continue to provide a variety of price options from single entry to ten swim and three month passes. We provide discounted entry for Community Services Card and Gold Card holders and Green Prescription referrals. All programmes' income exceeds direct operational costs and contributes to general operating costs of the facility.

Performance Measures	Achievements 2015/16	Targets LTP 2015/16 – 2024/25
Percentage increase in visitors to the Waitaki Aquatic Centre	2% increase (2,979 visits) (new measure)	1% increase in number of visits per annum (+1,373 per annum)
Percentage of customers who are satisfied or very satisfied with the Waitaki Aquatic Centre	Achieved: Residents' Survey 90% of customers satisfied with the Waitaki Aquatic Centre (89% in 2014/15)	90% of customers satisfied or very satisfied with the Waitaki Aquatic Centre
Percentage of residents who are satisfied or very satisfied with Waitaki's parks and reserves	Achieved: Residents' Survey 91% satisfied with Waitaki's parks and reserves (90% in 2014/15)	90% of residents are satisfied or very satisfied with Waitaki's parks and reserves
Percentage of residents who have used the district's camping grounds and are satisfied or very satisfied with the quality of the camping grounds	Not Achieved: Residents' Survey 76% satisfied with the quality experience of the district's camping grounds (79% in 2014/15)	90% of users are satisfied or very satisfied with the quality experience of the district's camping grounds
Percentage of residents who are satisfied or very satisfied with Waitaki's sports fields and facilities	Not Achieved: Residents' Survey 84% satisfied with Waitaki's sports fields and facilities (89% in 2014/15)	90% of residents are satisfied or very satisfied with Waitaki's sports fields and facilities
Percentage of the residents who are satisfied or very satisfied with the district's cemeteries	Not Achieved: Residents' Survey 87% satisfied with the district's cemeteries (89% in 2014/15)	95% satisfaction with the district's cemeteries

### Funding Impact Statement – Parks and Recreation

	<b>U</b>			
Parks &	Recreati	on		
2014/15	2014/15		2015/16	2015/16
Actual	Budget		Actual	Budget
\$(000)	\$(000)		\$(000)	\$(000)
		Sources of Operating Funding		
685	684	General Rates, Uniform Annual General	566	565
		Charge, Rates Penalties		
3,063	3,060	Targeted Rates	3,227	3,221
3,748	3,744	Rates Revenue	3,793	3,786
51	4	Subsidies and Grants for Operating	36	4
004	0.07	Purposes	4.045	055
864	837	Fees and Charges	1,015	955
-	-	Interest and Dividends from Investments	-	-
- 596	- 453	Internal Charges and Overheads Recovered Local Authorities' Fuel Tax, Fines,	- 1 220	1 252
596	455	Infringement Fees and Other Receipts	1,229	1,253
1,511	1,294	Operating Revenue	2,280	2,212
1,011	1,204	operating Revenue	2,200	2,212
5,259	5,038	Total Sources of Operating Funding	6,073	5,998
-,	-,	······································	-,	-,
		Applications of Operating Funding		
3,792	3,697	Payments to Staff and Suppliers	4,651	4,291
-	-	Finance Costs	-	-
702	795	Internal Charges and Overheads Applied	700	884
-	-	Other Operating Funding Applications	-	-
4,494	4,492	Total Applications of Operating Funding	5,351	5,175
765	546	Surplus / (Deficit) of Operating Funding	722	823
		Sources of Conital funding		
8		Sources of Capital funding Subsidies and Grants for Capital Expenditure	7	
0		Development and Financial Contributions	'	
_	_	Increase / (Decrease) in Debt		
-	-	Gross Proceeds from Sale of Assets	680	-
8	-	Total Sources of Capital Funding	687	-
-		······································		
		Applications of Capital funding		
		Capital Expenditure		
-	-	Meet Additional Demand	-	-
11	97	Improve Levels of Service	280	356
259	189	Replace Existing Assets	158	461
503	260	Increase / (Decrease) in Reserve	971	6
-	-	Increase / (Decrease) in Investments	-	-
773	546	Total Applications for Capital Funding	1,409	823
(705)	(5.40)	Sumbra / (Deficit) of Conital Funding	(700)	(000)
(765)	(546)	Surplus / (Deficit) of Capital Funding	(722)	(823)
-	-	Funding Balance	-	
	-		-	-

#### Commentary on Major Changes

The activities in this group generally operated as expected. Logging activities at the Herbert Forest resulted in unbudgeted asset sales, and generated a significant surplus

# **Commercial & Development Activities**

This Group of Activities includes:

- Economic Development, Grants and Services
- Commercial Holdings
- Community Property
- Property Holdings
- Public Toilets

#### What we did

- Three Community Housing units were renovated and seven were partially renovated
- Oamaru Harbour re-survey and perfection of title is nearing completion
- There was a significant reduction in property debt through property sales
- The former North Otago RSA building in Oamaru came into Council ownership and significant asbestos remediation was completed
- Waihemo Service Centre, Palmerston was upgraded
- Prepared land for sale
- Library/Opera House/Centennial Memorial rooms heating replaced
- Penguin Colony development progressed
- Renovations undertaken to various commercial and operational buildings eg insulation, heating, carpet
- Carried out seismic and asbestos assessments on Council-owned buildings
- Freezer building deemed earthquake prone and fenced off from public access
- Negotiated with Department of Justice to acquire the Oamaru Court House building

# **Commercial & Development Activities**

### **Community outcomes**

Community outcome	How the activity contributes to the outcome
We enable opportunities for new and existing businesses	By contributing to the economy of the district
We keep our district affordable	Effectively managing the property portfolio means that returns are maximised and rates input is minimised
We provide and enable services and facilities so people want to stay and move here	By providing properties that meet the needs of the community, meaning that people are more likely to want to stay and they will encourage others to move here

### How we performed - Commercial & Development Activities

Performance Measures	Achievements 2015/16	Targets LTP 2015/16 – 2024/25
Tenants are satisfied or very satisfied with their tenancy as a percentage of all tenancies by annual user survey: a) Community housing tenants b) Commercial tenants	Achieved: a) 88% of community housing tenants satisfied with their tenancy b) 80% of commercial tenants are satisfied with their tenancy (new measure)	<ul> <li>a) 80% of community housing tenants satisfied with their tenancy</li> <li>b) 75% of commercial tenants are satisfied with their tenancy</li> </ul>
Individual tenancies are occupied as a percentage of available units/tenancies: a) Community housing units b) Commercial tenancies	Achieved: a) 93% of community housing units occupied b) 82% of commercial tenancies occupied (new measure)	a) 80% of community housing units occupied b) 80% of commercial tenancies occupied
Percentage of residents who are satisfied or very satisfied with public toilets	Not Achieved: Residents' Survey 69% satisfied with public toilets (75% in 2014/15)	80% of residents are satisfied with public toilets
North Otago Irrigation Company (NOIC) annual report on financial, environmental, service, economic and social benefits	Not Achieved: Six monthly report has not been received by Council Achieved:	Six monthly report submitted by 30 April in Years 1 to 3 Audited Annual Report submitted
	Annual Report for year ended 30 June 2015 presented at Finance Audit and Risk Committee on 11 November 2015 (new measures)	by 30 November in Years 1 to 3
Annual return on investment in NOIC	Achieved: Annual rate of return on the NOIC investment for 2015/16 was 4.57% (new measure)	Annual return equals market 1 year swap rate plus 1.25% in Years 1 to 3

### Funding Impact Statement - Commercial & Development Activities

Charge, Rates Penalties8698681,7581,7541,7581,75435-Subsidies and Grants for Operating Purposes1,3361,341Fees and Charges1,4211,134985Interest and Dividends from Investments1,827(876)(818)Internal Charges and Overheads Recovered Infringement Fees and Other Receipts	Commercial & Development Activities				
\$(000)         \$(000)         \$(000)         \$(000)         \$(000)           889         886         General Rates, Uniform Annual General Charge, Rates Penalties         714           869         868         Targeted Rates         505           1,758         1,754         Rates Revenue         1,219         1,           35         -         Subsidies and Grants for Operating Purposes         31         31           1,336         1,341         Fees and Charges         1,421         1,           1,134         985         Interest and Dividends from Investments         1,827         1,           (876)         (818)         Internal Charges and Overheads Recovered         (786)         (0           610         469         Local Authorities' Fuel Tax, Fines, Infringement Fees and Other Receipts         646	16				
Sources of Operating Funding General Rates, Uniform Annual General Charge, Rates Penalties714869868Targeted Rates5051,7581,754Rates Revenue1,2191,35-Subsidies and Grants for Operating Purposes311,3361,341Fees and Charges1,4211,1,134985Interest and Dividends from Investments1,8271,(876)(818)Internal Charges and Overheads Recovered Infringement Fees and Other Receipts646	et				
889       886       General Rates, Uniform Annual General Charge, Rates Penalties       714         869       868       Targeted Rates       505         1,758       1,754       Rates Revenue       1,219       1,         35       -       Subsidies and Grants for Operating Purposes       31         1,336       1,341       Fees and Charges       1,421       1,         1,134       985       Interest and Dividends from Investments       1,827       1,         (876)       (818)       Internal Charges and Overheads Recovered       (786)       (0         610       469       Local Authorities' Fuel Tax, Fines, Infringement Fees and Other Receipts       646       1	D)				
889       886       General Rates, Uniform Annual General Charge, Rates Penalties       714         869       868       Targeted Rates       505         1,758       1,754       Rates Revenue       1,219       1,         35       -       Subsidies and Grants for Operating Purposes       31         1,336       1,341       Fees and Charges       1,421       1,         1,134       985       Interest and Dividends from Investments       1,827       1,         (876)       (818)       Internal Charges and Over leads Recovered       (786)       (0         610       469       Local Authorities' Fuel Tax, Fines, Infringement Fees and Other Receipts       646       1					
869868Targeted Rates5051,7581,754Rates Revenue1,2191,35-Subsidies and Grants for Operating Purposes311,3361,341Fees and Charges1,4211,1,134985Interest and Dividends from Investments1,8271,(876)(818)Internal Charges and Overheads Recovered Infringement Fees and Other Receipts646					
869         868         Targeted Rates         505           1,758         1,754         Rates Revenue         1,219         1,           35         -         Subsidies and Grants for Operating Purposes         31           1,336         1,341         Fees and Charges         1,421         1,           1,134         985         Interest and Dividends from Investments         1,827         1,           (876)         (818)         Internal Charges and Overheads Recovered         (786)         (0           610         469         Local Authorities' Fuel Tax, Fines, Infringement Fees and Other Receipts         646         1	710				
1,7581,754Rates Revenue1,2191,35-Subsidies and Grants for Operating Purposes311,3361,341Fees and Charges1,4211,1,134985Interest and Dividends from Investments1,8271,(876)(818)Internal Charges and Overheads Recovered Infringement Fees and Other Receipts646					
35     -     Subsidies and Grants for Operating Purposes     31       1,336     1,341     Fees and Charges     1,421     1,       1,134     985     Interest and Dividends from Investments     1,827     1,       (876)     (818)     Internal Charges and Overheads Recovered     (786)     (       610     469     Local Authorities' Fuel Tax, Fines,     646       Infringement Fees and Other Receipts	498				
Purposes1,3361,341Fees and Charges1,4211,1,134985Interest and Dividends from Investments1,8271,(876)(818)Internal Charges and Overheads Recovered(786)(6610469Local Authorities' Fuel Tax, Fines,646Infringement Fees and Other Receipts	,208				
Purposes1,3361,341Fees and Charges1,4211,1,134985Interest and Dividends from Investments1,8271,(876)(818)Internal Charges and Overheads Recovered(786)(6610469Local Authorities' Fuel Tax, Fines,646Infringement Fees and Other Receipts					
1,3361,341Fees and Charges1,4211,1,134985Interest and Dividends from Investments1,8271,(876)(818)Internal Charges and Overheads Recovered(786)(610)610469Local Authorities' Fuel Tax, Fines,646Infringement Fees and Other Receipts	-				
1,134985Interest and Dividends from Investments1,8271,(876)(818)Internal Charges and Overheads Recovered(786)(610469Local Authorities' Fuel Tax, Fines,646Infringement Fees and Other Receipts					
(876)     (818)     Internal Charges and Overheads Recovered     (786)       610     469     Local Authorities' Fuel Tax, Fines,     646       Infringement Fees and Other Receipts	,373				
610         469         Local Authorities' Fuel Tax, Fines,         646           Infringement Fees and Other Receipts	,394				
Infringement Fees and Other Receipts	(858)				
	523				
2,239 1,977 <b>Operating Revenue</b> 3,139 2,	,432				
3,997 3,731 Total Sources of Operating Funding 4,358 3,	,640				
Applications of Operating Funding					
2,652 3,654 Payments to Staff and Suppliers 3,104 3,	,308				
Finance Costs -	-				
(55) 39 Internal Charges and Overheads Applied (41) (	(292)				
Other Operating Funding Applications -	-				
2,597 3,693 Total Applications of Operating Funding 3,063 3,	,016				
1,400 38 Surplus / (Deficit) of Operating Funding 1,295	624				
Sources of Capital funding					
351 - Subsidies and Grants for Capital Expenditure 797	-				
145 - Development and Financial Contributions 165	-				
(3) (2) Increase / (Decrease) in Debt -	(1)				
(1,325) 376 Gross Proceeds from Sale of Assets (1,817)	47				
(832) 374 Total Sources of Capital Funding (855)	46				
Applications of Capital funding					
Capital Expenditure					
Meet Additional Demand -	-				
605 278 Improve Levels of Service 1,310	195				
	800				
	(325)				
Increase / (Decrease) in Investments -	-				
568412Total Applications for Capital Funding440	670				
(1,400) (38) Surplus / (Deficit) of Capital Funding (1,295) (	(624)				
Funding Balance -	-				

#### Commentary on Major Changes

Works on the development of the Alps2Ocean Cycletrail were not budgeted, as funding was not certain. This has resulted in significant unbudgeted capital expenditure and capital funding because work has proceeded in response to the confirmation of funding

Interest income is close to budget, despite reduced interest rates. Dividends and subvention payments from CCOs contributed \$452k of unbudgeted revenue

The Environment, Regulation and Safety Group of Activities is composed of the following:

- Building Control
- Environmental Health and Safety
- Animal Control
- Emergency Management
- District Planning

#### What we did:

#### **Regulatory Services**

- 24% reduction in animal control complaints
- Maintained Building Consent Authority accreditation
- Building workshop held and stakeholder newsletter developed
- 100% on and off licensed premises inspected.

### Planning

- Ongoing work being undertaken on the District Plan review
- Advocacy/submission made to the Otago Regional Council Regional Policy Statement.

### Waitaki Civil Defence Emergency Management

- Developed Waitaki District Council Evacuation Plan (partnership with NZ Police)
- Provided summary details of impacts of new Ministry of Civil Defence and Emergency Management National Plan 2015
- Undertook annual review of all Standard Operating Procedures for Council's Emergency
   Operations Centre
- Developed a Waitaki District Fuel Plan
- Held inaugural meeting of the Waitaki District Lifelines Committee
- Completed a review of Council's Urban Fire Bylaw culminating in Council adopting a new Urban Fire Prevention Bylaw in December 2015
- Drafted and signed off MoU's with SouthRoads and Otago Rural Fire Authority
- Trained volunteers in Co-ordinated Incident Management Systems (CIMS)
- Trained community volunteers in radio operations and welfare in response to an emergency
- Developed and ran two Council Emergency Operations Centre exercises and provided training for Emergency Operations Centre Function personnel.

### **Community outcomes**

Community outcome	How the activity contributes to the outcome
We keep our district affordable	By managing the activity efficiently and effectively
We provide services and facilities so people want to stay and move here	By providing building control services in a professional and efficient manner
We enable opportunities for new and existing businesses	By ensuring building consents are processed accurately, efficiently and within statutory timeframes
We enable opportunities for new and existing businesses	By ensuring sufficient land is zoned for business, commercial and rural activities
We maintain the safest community we can	By ensuring buildings are safe and do not pose a risk to the public
	By ensuring that food for sale to the public is prepared in safe premises that meet food hygiene regulations
	By ensuring the threat to the community from nuisance or dangerous dogs or wandering stock is minimised
	By having a fully functional Emergency Operations Centre and trained and competent emergency management personnel to ensure we play an active role in supporting and co-ordinating emergency responses in the district
Waitaki's distinctive environment is valued and protected	By resolving commercial and domestic environmental impacts
	By monitoring approved resource consents and conditions to minimise environmental impact and promote sustainable land management

### How we performed - Environment, Regulation and Safety

Performance Measures	Achievements 2015/16	Targets LTP 2015/16 – 2024/25
Percentage of resource consents processed are within the statutory timeframes	Not Achieved: One resource consent of the 129 processed was not within statutory timeframes therefore 99.22% were within the statutory timeframes (100% in 2014/15)	100% of resource consents processed are within the statutory timeframes
Percentage of approved resource consents implemented	Unable to be measured: Consent holders have a five year timeframe in which to implement the approved consent.	100% of implemented subdivision consents and notified land use consents 50% of implemented non- notified land use consents

Performance Measures	Achievements 2015/16	Targets LTP 2015/16 – 2024/25
Percentage of building consents processed within 20 working days	Not Achieved: 91.37% building consents approved within 20 working days Average timeframe 9.83 days Note the statutory requirement is currently 95% processed within 20 working days (95% in 2014/15)	100% of building consents processed within 20 working days
Percentage of public buildings with specified systems audited annually against building compliance standards	Achieved: 87 premises audited; 27% of total register (21% in 2014/15)	20% of premises audited
High risk buildings (such as hotels) checked more than once every five years	Achieved (Achieved in 2014/15)	High risk buildings (such as hotels) checked more than once every five years
Percentage of Category 1 food premises and Category 2 and 3 premises inspected	Not Achieved: Category 1 - 92% of category 1 food premises inspected (42.2% in 2014/15)	Annual inspection of 100% of Category 1 food premises
annually	Achieved: Category 2 and 3 85% of Category 2 food premises inspected (62% in 2014/15) 120% of Category 3 food premises inspected (83% in 2014/15)	Annual inspection of 50% of Category 2 and 3 premises
Percentage of high risk licenced premises inspected every six months	Achieved: 100% of high risk licenced premises inspected every six months (new measure)	100% of high risk licenced premises inspected every six months
Number of reported dog attacks	Achieved: 35 dog attacks reported (new measure)	The number of reported dog attacks is less than 54
Menacing and dangerous dog incidents responded to within two hours of notification	Not Achieved: 98% of urgent dog complaints responded to within two hours (new measure) Note this includes the following types of incidents: Rushing dogs, dog attacks, wandering dog and found dogs	100% of menacing and dangerous dog incidents responded to within two hours of notification
Percentage of urgent stock control incidents responded to within two hours of notification	Not Achieved: 99% of urgent stock complaints responded to within two hours (100% in 2014/15)	100% of urgent stock control incidents responded to within two hours of notification

### How we performed - Environment, Regulation and Safety

Performance Measures	Achievements 2015/16	Targets LTP 2015/16 – 2024/25
Number of fully trained and competent Emergency Operations Centre (EOC) staff	Not Achieved: We have 30 competent personnel, further training has been provided to some personnel including one-on- one-type learning specific to their roles and responsibilities (new measure)	35 fully trained and competent EOC staff
Percentage of residents who are satisfied or very satisfied with emergency services	Not Achieved: Residents' Survey 62% satisfied with emergency services (86% in 2014/15) Note this is from a very small sample size of 13 people who had contacted Council regarding Civil Defence Emergency Management in the past 12 months which may have biased the results	75% of residents are satisfied or very satisfied with emergency services

### How we performed – Environment, Regulation and Safety Continued

### Funding Impact Statement – Environment, Regulation and Safety

Regulation	on & Saf	ety		
2014/15	2014/15		2015/16	2015/16
Actual	Budget		Actual	Budget
\$(000)	\$(000)		\$(000)	\$(000)
φ(000)	Φ(000)		Φ(000)	φ(000)
		Sources of Operating Funding		
1,822	1,819	General Rates, Uniform Annual General	1,918	1,917
1,022	1,019		1,910	1,917
500	500	Charge, Rates Penalties	50.4	504
503	503	Targeted Rates	504	504
2,325	2,322	Rates Revenue	2,422	2,421
0	0	Cubaidian and Create for Onerstian		
2	6	Subsidies and Grants for Operating	-	-
4 470	1 000	Purposes	1 000	4 400
1,176	1,322	Fees and Charges	1,289	1,409
-	-	Interest and Dividends from Investments	-	-
21	145	Internal Charges and Overheads Recovered	-	-
38	42	Local Authorities' Fuel Tax, Fines,	54	32
		Infringement Fees and Other Receipts		
1,237	1,515	Operating Revenue	1,343	1,441
3,562	3,837	Total Sources of Operating Funding	3,765	3,862
		Applications of Operating Funding		
1,172	1,292	Payments to Staff and Suppliers	933	1,267
-	-	Finance Costs	-	-
2,421	2,531	Internal Charges and Overheads Applied	2,578	2,686
-	-	Other Operating Funding Applications	-	-
3,593	3,823	Total Applications of Operating Funding	3,511	3,953
(31)	14	Surplus / (Deficit) of Operating Funding	254	(91)
		Sources of Capital funding		
-	-	Subsidies and Grants for Capital Expenditure	-	-
149	150	Development and Financial Contributions	76	110
-	-	Increase / (Decrease) in Debt	-	-
285	-	Gross Proceeds from Sale of Assets	-	-
434	150	Total Sources of Capital Funding	76	110
		Applications of Capital funding		
		Capital Expenditure		
-	-	Meet Additional Demand	-	-
6	-	Improve Levels of Service	-	-
1	-	Replace Existing Assets	-	-
396	164	Increase / (Decrease) in Reserve	330	19
_	-	Increase / (Decrease) in Investments	-	-
403	164	Total Applications for Capital Funding	330	19
31	(14)	Surplus / (Deficit) of Capital Funding	(254)	91
-	-	Funding Balance	-	-

#### **Commentary on Major Changes**

The activities in this group generally operated as expected. Two significant projects - the anticipated review of the district plan, and the identification and inspection of earthquake-prone buildings - were deferred to the following year.

# **Democracy and Accountability**

The Democracy and Accountability group of activities includes:

- Waitaki District Council
- Ahuriri and Waihemo Community Boards
- Community Planning
- Community Accountability

Council and Community Boards are governance bodies forming a vital link between communities and Council staff who manage assets and activities. Council and Community Boards are 'democracy in action'. Elections every three years give citizens the opportunity to express their opinion on how well Councillors and Community Boards have performed. Resident surveys and other measures shown below supplement the election decisions made by citizens of the district.

Under section 78 the Local Government Act 2002 a local authority must, in the course of its decisionmaking process in relation to a matter, give consideration to the views and preferences of persons likely to be affected by, or to have an interest in, the matter.

#### Council and Community Boards - What we did

Several key milestones included:

#### Council

- Class 4 Gambling Venues and TAB Policy adopted by Council on 28 October 2015
- Waitaki District Urban Fire Prevention Bylaw 2015 adopted by Council on 9 December 2015
- Considered a total of 81 submissions, eight of which were late, and heard 41 speakers to the draft 2015/16 Annual Plan before being adopted in June 2016
- Prepared Annual Report to 30 June 2016 (including residents' survey)
- Review of District Plan commenced October 2015
- 'Responsible Freedom Camping' Bylaw went out for one months' public consultation on 23 June 2016
- Review of Council's General Bylaw commenced
- Section 17a review commenced and Council are actively working with other Otago councils to explore opportunities for improved efficiencies through a collaborative review process.

#### Ahuriri Community Board

- Council Digital Communications Noticeboard installed at West Road Shop & Café in Otematata
- Approved \$2,490 funding to Kurow Museum and Information Centre
- Approved \$4,000 for picnic tables and bike stand in Kurow
- Approved additional funding of up to \$1,000 for the bollards outside the Kurow Museum
- Approved funding of a sound system for the Omarama Anzac Day Service
- Funded \$782 for maintenance work on Otematata pontoon
- Approved \$2,000 funding request from Waitaki Valley Community Society

#### Waihemo Community Board

- Agreed to fund the upgrade of the Bond Street section of road in the Palmerston Town Centre in the amount of \$9,000
- Community Project 'Haven Street, Moeraki' was a combined Council, Community Board and volunteers' project where everyone worked together on the successful re-opening of Haven Street
- Allocated \$520 to support a youth event at Palmerston Skate Park
- Approved a request for assistance with funding of \$250 towards the Palmerston Mini Show
- Allocated up to \$11,000 towards Shag Point, Palmerston Lookout, Moeraki Steps projects
- Approved \$4,000 to light the Zealandia monument and install additional bollards in Palmerston

# Democracy and Accountability

### Community outcomes

Community outcome	How the activity contributes to the outcome
We keep our district affordable	By providing governance structures, planning and reporting to provide cost effective, good quality infrastructure, public services and regulatory functions
We provide and enable services and facilities so people want to stay and move here	By providing opportunities for the community to actively contribute to democratic local decision making on services and facilities
We understand the diverse needs of our community	By providing opportunities to participate in democratic local decision making through representation on Community Boards, Council and by consultation

### How we performed – Democracy and Accountability

Performance Measures	Achievements 2015/16	Targets LTP 2015/16 – 2024/25
Percentage of plans, policies and bylaws adopted and reviewed within statutory timeframes	<ul> <li>Achieved:</li> <li>100% of plans, policies and bylaws identified in the Strategic Work Programme adopted within statutory timeframes (new measure)</li> <li>Note this included the following:</li> <li>2016/17 Annual Plan – Adopted 22 June 2016</li> <li>General Bylaw Review commenced and due for completion in 2018</li> <li>Waitaki District Responsible Freedom Camping Bylaw 2016 to be adopted on 14 September 2016</li> <li>District Plan Review commenced</li> <li>Policy on Council Controlled Organisations Directorships agreed</li> </ul>	100% of plans, policies and bylaws identified in the Strategic Work Programme adopted within statutory timeframes
Percentage of residents satisfied or very satisfied with the performance of the Mayor and Councillors	Not Achieved: Residents' Survey 65% satisfied with the performance of Mayor and Councillors (69% in 2014/15)	75% of residents are satisfied or very satisfied with the performance of the Mayor and Councillors
Percentage of residents satisfied or very satisfied with the performance of the Ahuriri Community Board	Not Achieved: Residents' Survey 45% satisfied with the performance of the Ahuriri Community Board (39% in 2014/15)	85% of residents rate the performance of the Ahuriri Community Board as satisfactory or very satisfactory
Percentage of residents satisfied or very satisfied with the performance of the Waihemo Community Board	Not Achieved: Residents' Survey 45% satisfied with the performance of the Waihemo Community Board (50% in 2014/15)	85% of residents rate the performance of the Waihemo Community Board as satisfactory or very satisfactory

Performance Measures	Achievements 2015/16	Targets LTP 2015/16 – 2024/25
Percentage of residents satisfied or very satisfied with consultation and engagement	Not Achieved: Residents' Survey 42% satisfied with consultation and engagement (50% in 2014/15)	60% of residents satisfied or very satisfied with consultation and engagement

### Funding Impact Statement – Democracy and Accountability

Democra	acy, Acco	ountability & Planning		
2014/15	2014/15		2015/16	2015/16
Actual \$(000)	Budget \$(000)		Actual \$(000)	Budget \$(000)
\$(000)	φ(000)		¢(000)	\$(000)
		Sources of Operating Funding		
1,960	1,958	General Rates, Uniform Annual General	1,896	1,899
	4 5 40	Charge, Rates Penalties	4 500	4 500
1,544 3,504	1,543 3,501	Targeted Rates Rates Revenue	1,508 3,404	1,508 3,407
3,304	3,501	Rates Revenue	3,404	3,407
24	34	Subsidies and Grants for Operating	36	31
		Purposes		
-	-	Fees and Charges	-	-
-	-	Interest and Dividends from Investments	-	-
-	-	Internal Charges and Overheads Recovered	-	-
3	-	Local Authorities' Fuel Tax, Fines,	8	-
27	34	Infringement Fees and Other Receipts Operating Revenue	44	31
21	34	Operating Revenue	44	31
3,531	3,535	Total Sources of Operating Funding	3,448	3,438
		Applications of Operating Funding		
855	982	Payments to Staff and Suppliers	784	791
-	-	Finance Costs	-	-
2,297	2,651	Internal Charges and Overheads Applied Other Operating Funding Applications	2,400	2,619
3,152	3,633	Total Applications of Operating Funding	3,184	3,410
0,102	0,000		0,101	0,110
379	(98)	Surplus / (Deficit) of Operating Funding	264	28
		Sources of Capital funding		
-	-	Subsidies and Grants for Capital Expenditure	-	-
-	-	Development and Financial Contributions Increase / (Decrease) in Debt	-	-
_	-	Gross Proceeds from Sale of Assets	1	-
-	-	Total Sources of Capital Funding	-	-
		Applications of Capital funding		
		Capital Expenditure		
-	-	Meet Additional Demand	-	-
-	-	Improve Levels of Service	-	-
- 379	- (98)	Replace Existing Assets Increase / (Decrease) in Reserve	- 264	- 28
	(30)	Increase / (Decrease) in Investments	- 204	- 20
379	(98)	Total Applications for Capital Funding	264	28
	. ,			
(379)	98	Surplus / (Deficit) of Capital Funding	(264)	(28)
		Funding Delence		
-	-	Funding Balance	-	-

#### Commentary on Major Changes

Three-yearly elections will be held in the 2016/17 financial year. Costs reflected in this activity relate to the operations of Council itself, including the preparation and auditing of the annual report, the completion of the annual plan and other similar Council functions.

### Support Services (Net Allocated)

		· · ·		
Support	Services	s (Net Allocated)		
2014/15	2014/15		2015/16	2015/16
Actual	Budget		Actual	Budget
\$(000)	\$(000)		\$(000)	\$(000)
\$(000)	\$(000)		\$(000)	Φ(000)
		Sources of Operating Funding		
		General Rates, Uniform Annual General		
-	_	Charge, Rates Penalties	-	-
		Targeted Rates		
-	-	Rates Revenue	-	-
-	-	Rates Revenue	-	-
14	_	Subsidies and Grants for Operating	1	
14	_	Purposes		-
8	8	Fees and Charges	14	6
0	0	Interest and Dividends from Investments	14	0
14,763	15 009	Internal Charges and Overheads Recovered	15 202	16 107
14,763	15,008 40	Local Authorities' Fuel Tax, Fines,	15,202 113	16,137 17
10	40	Infringement Fees and Other Receipts	113	17
44.000	45.050		45.000	40.400
14,803	15,056	Operating Revenue	15,330	16,160
14,803	15,056	Total Sources of Operating Funding	15,330	16,160
14,005	15,050	Total Sources of Operating Funding	15,550	10,100
		Applications of Operating Funding		
9,605	10,217	Payments to Staff and Suppliers	10,280	10,894
-		Finance Costs		-
4,528	4,274	Internal Charges and Overheads Applied	4,567	4,730
.,020		Other Operating Funding Applications	-	-
14,133	14,491	Total Applications of Operating Funding	14,847	15,624
,	,	······	,•	
670	565	Surplus / (Deficit) of Operating Funding	483	536
		Sources of Capital funding		
-	-	Subsidies and Grants for Capital Expenditure	-	-
-	-	Development and Financial Contributions	-	-
-	-	Increase / (Decrease) in Debt	-	-
30	90	Gross Proceeds from Sale of Assets	79	74
30	90	Total Sources of Capital Funding	79	74
		Applications of Capital funding		
		Capital Expenditure		
-	-	Meet Additional Demand	-	-
61	50	Improve Levels of Service	182	285
399	325	Replace Existing Assets	572	331
240	280	Increase / (Decrease) in Reserve	(192)	(6)
-	-	Increase / (Decrease) in Investments	-	-
700	655	Total Applications for Capital Funding	562	610
(670)	(565)	Surplus / (Deficit) of Capital Funding	(483)	(536)
-	-	Funding Balance	-	-

#### Commentary on Major Changes

The activities in this group operated as expected during the year, and detailed commentary is not considerd necessary

# Council Controlled Organisations (CCOs)

Council holds shares in four Council Controlled Organisations (CCOs). Each year Council reconsiders its reason for ownership by reviewing each company's Statement of Intent. The four CCOs are particularly diverse in their functions and objectives.

Council promotes and supports economic development and tourism through Tourism Waitaki Ltd and, through its 50% ownership of Omarama Airfield Ltd, supports one of the world's best gliding centres which brings both tourism and economic benefits to the district.

Council provides on-going support for health services and other important social functions for the community through its continued ownership and support of Waitaki District Health Services Ltd.

Whitestone Contracting Ltd provides contracting services to Council in relation to water and other infrastructure and to parks, reserves and the Oamaru Public Gardens, and to other customers throughout and beyond the Waitaki district, retaining employment, revenue and economic benefits within the district.
### **Omarama Airfield Limited**

The company was established in 1993 as a joint venture between Council and the Omarama Soaring Centre Inc to develop and operate the Omarama Airfield. Each shareholder holds 50% of the issued shares, but as Council appoints a majority of the Directors, the company, under the provisions of the Local Government Act 2002, is deemed to be a Council Controlled Organisation (CCO).

Council's primary objective for continued involvement in the ownership and control of the company is to advance and promote tourism and provide economic benefits and opportunity within the district.

#### Objectives

The principal objective of Omarama Airfield Ltd is to provide and maintain airfield facilities and associated infrastructure to support flying and gliding activities and encourage the development of other tourism-related opportunities in the Omarama area and throughout the wider district as a whole.

#### Shareholder expectations

The shareholders expect that, in conducting the affairs of the Company, the Directors will ensure that:

- Business activities are conducted in an efficient and effective manner
- Assets and liabilities are prudently managed
- Overall performance supports the shareholders' reasons for continued ownership
- · Decisions are based on the achievement of long term strategic needs and objectives
- The Company acts as a good employer and as an environmentally conscious and responsible corporate citizen
- Transparent and collaborative relations are maintained with the shareholder.

#### Information to be reported to shareholders

Within three months of the end of each financial year, the Directors must deliver to the shareholders an annual report and audited financial statements, with respect to the financial year, containing the following information as a minimum:

- A report on the operations of the company to enable an informed assessment of its performance, including variations from the business plan and performance against targets in the Statement of Intent
- Audited financial statements as required under the Companies Act 1993
- Performance against the Corporate Governance Statement.

### **Omarama Airfield Limited**

#### **Community outcomes**

• We provide and enable services and facilities so people want to stay and move here.

#### How we performed – Omarama Airfield

Performance Measures	Achievements 2015/16	Targets LTP 2015/16 – 2024/25 Years 1 – 3
Maintain, operate and provide planned services within budgeted income	Revenue exceeded budget while expenditure was on budget	Operate and provide planned services within budgeted income
	The surplus for the year was better than budget by \$10,300	Achieve a break-even or better result after prudent provision for assets depreciation and replacement, and for future trading requirements
Enhance the economic benefits to the Omarama and Ahuriri community arising from the operation and development of the airfield as measured by increased patronage of facilities and participation in events	Over 1,500 visitors annually, using local amenities. Local contractors undertake maintenance, and at least 20 people work at the airfield during the season.	Enhance economic benefits for the communities of both Omarama and the Ahuriri district generally through the continued operation of the airfield as measured by patronage of facilities and participation in events

### **Omarama Airfield Limited**

Financial Performance	2016 \$000	2015 \$000
Revenues		
Operating revenue	97	99
Rental revenue	42	44
Other revenue	3	26
Total Revenue	142	169
Expenditure		
Operating expenditure	91	97
Audit Fees	8	7
Depreciation	24	23
Total Expenditure	123	127
Net Surplus / (Deficit) Before Taxation	19	42
Provision for Taxation	-	-
Net Surplus / (Deficit) After Taxation	19	42

Financial Position	2016 \$000	2015 \$000
Shareholders' Funds	1,369	1,350
Represented by:		
Non-current Assets	1,272	1,227
Current Assets	135	134
Current Liabilities	(16)	(11)
Non-current Liabilities	(22)	-
Net Assets	1.369	1,350

The Company received an unqualified audit report for the year ended 30 June 2016 on 30 September 2016.

The above information is summarised from the Company's Annual Report and is provided to indicate the performance of Council's investment. A full copy of the Company's Annual Report is available at the Company's offices.

### Tourism Waitaki Limited

Tourism Waitaki Limited was established as Waitaki Development Board Limited in December 1996, and formally changed its name in March 2015. The company is 100% owned by Waitaki District Council and, under the provisions of the Local Government Act 2002, is deemed to be a Council Controlled Organisation (CCO).

Council's primary objective for continued ownership and control of the company is to advance and promote tourism within the district.

#### Objectives

The principal objective of Tourism Waitaki Limited is to facilitate the growth of tourism within the district.

Other specific objectives include the attraction of grant funding where applicable and the operation and management of both the Oamaru Blue Penguin Colony and the Alps2Ocean Cycle Trail.

#### **Shareholder Expectations**

Council expects that, in conducting the affairs of the Company, the Directors will ensure that:

- Business activities are conducted in an efficient and effective manner
- Assets and liabilities are prudently managed
- Overall performance supports Council's reasons for continued ownership
- Decisions are based on the achievement of long term strategic needs and objectives, not short term expediencies
- The Company acts as a good employer and as an environmentally conscious and responsible corporate citizen
- The Company, in its consultative practices, has due regard for Māori
- Transparent and collaborative relations are maintained with the shareholder.

#### Information to be reported to Shareholders

Within two months of the end of each financial year, the Directors must deliver to the shareholders an annual report and audited financial statements, with respect to the financial year, containing the following information as a minimum:

- A report on the operations of the Company to enable an informed assessment of the Company's performance including:
  - Performance against targets in the Statement of Intent
  - Performance against the Corporate Governance Statement
  - $\circ$   $\;$  Audited financial statements as required under the Companies Act 1993  $\;$
  - o A report on compliance with the Company's Tendering Policy
  - Any grants awarded by Tourism Waitaki Ltd to another party, including information measuring the effectiveness of the grant.

### Tourism Waitaki Limited

#### **Community outcomes**

- We enable opportunities for new and existing business
- We provide and enable services and facilities so people want to stay and move here
- Waitaki's distinctive environment is valued and protected

#### How we performed - Tourism Waitaki Limited

Performance Measures	Achievements 2015/16	Targets LTP 2015/16 – 2024/25 Years 1 – 3
Growth in visitors from core domestic markets	Target to be set based on the current year's level	x% annual growth in visitors from core domestic markets* Signage strategy developed and implemented
Expansion of current trade ready products Travel infrastructure network	Target to be set based on the current year's level Target to be set based on	x% growth in trade ready products* x% growth in travel infrastructure*
expanded International Marketing Alliance (IMA) agreements in place across the South Island	the current year's level Target to be set based on the current year's level	<ul> <li>x% of IMA South Island agreements in year 1*</li> <li>x% annual increase of IMA agreements in years 2 and 3*</li> </ul>
Industry affiliations expanded	Target to be set based on the current year's level	<ul> <li>x number of industry affiliations developed in year 1*</li> <li>x% annual increase of industry affiliations in years 2 and 3*</li> </ul>
Increased inbound operators (IBO) visitors	Target to be set based on the current year's level	<ul> <li>x number of IBO visitors in year 1*</li> <li>x% annual increase of IBO visitors in years 2 and 3*</li> </ul>
Growth in TRENZ attendees from the district	Target to be set based on the current year's level	<ul> <li>x number of TRENZ attendees in year 1*</li> <li>x% annual increase of TRENZ attendees in years 2 and 3*</li> </ul>

\*As these are new measures the target is to be identified following the first year (2015/16) of activity

### Tourism Waitaki Limited

Financial Performance	2016 \$000	2015 \$000
Revenues		
Waitaki District Council operating grants	600	720
Other revenue	1,770	1,510
Total Revenue	2,370	2,230
Expenditure		
Operating expenditure	2,265	2,093
Audit Fees	20	19
Depreciation	92	56
Directors' Fees	61	51
Total Expenditure	2,438	2,219
Net Surplus / (Deficit) Before Taxation	(68)	11
Provision for Taxation	7	44
Net Surplus / (Deficit) After Taxation	(61)	55

Financial Position	2016 \$000	2015 \$000
Shareholders' Funds	658	719
Represented by:		
Non-current Assets	405	279
Current Assets	585	736
Current Liabilities	(332)	(296)
Non-current Liabilities	-	-
Net Assets	658	719

The Company received an unqualified audit report for the year ended 30 June 2016 on 30 September 2016.

The above information is summarised from the Company's Annual Report and is provided to indicate the performance of Council's investment. A full copy of the Company's Annual Report is available from the Company's offices.

### Waitaki District Health Services Limited

Waitaki District Health Services Limited was established in 1997 for the charitable purpose of providing health services to the community, and is 100% owned by Waitaki District Council. Under the provisions of the Local Government Act 2002, it is deemed to be a Council Controlled Organisation.

Council's primary objective for continued ownership and control is to ensure the healthcare needs and interests of the district are met through the provision of quality, locally based healthcare services (Oamaru Hospital).

#### Objectives

The principal objective of the Company is to operate a successful healthcare business by providing services to meet the healthcare needs of the Waitaki district community.

#### **Shareholder Expectations**

Council expects that in conducting the affairs of the Company, the Directors shall ensure that:

- Governance responsibility for funding of health services for the Waitaki district is maintained at all times and that no call will be made on Council to fund health services to the Waitaki district
- Business activities are conducted in an efficient and effective manner
- Assets and liabilities are prudently managed
- Overall performance supports Council's reasons for continued ownership
- Expedient short-term decisions that may adversely impact on the achievement of future long term needs and objectives are avoided
- The Company acts as a good employer and as an environmentally conscious and responsible corporate citizen
- Transparent and collaborative relations are maintained with the shareholder
- Pursue all avenues of funding that may be available from time to time for Waitaki District Health Services funding.

#### Information to be reported to Shareholders

Within three months of the end of each financial year, the Directors must deliver to the shareholder an annual report and audited financial statements in respect of the financial year, containing the following information as a minimum:

- A report on the operations of the Company to enable an informed assessment of the Company's performance, including variations from the business plan and achievements against performance targets
- Performance against the Corporate Governance Statement
- Audited financial statements as required under the Companies Act 1993
- A report on compliance with the Company's Tendering Policy
- Activity statistics, with comparable figures for previous year
- A report on service delivery issues and achievements.

### Waitaki District Health Services Limited

#### Community outcomes

- We provide and enable services and facilities so people want to stay and move here
- We maintain the safest community we can

#### How we performed - Waitaki District Health Services Limited

Performance Measures	Achievements 2015/16	Targets LTP 2015/16 – 2024/25 Years 1 – 3
Fulfilment of all professional and technical standards	Achieved	Meet all professional and technical standards
Forums provided for effective collaboration with stakeholders	Achieved	Provide adequate forums for effective collaboration with stakeholders
Percentage compliance with all performance targets and service standards required by the Ministry of Health contractual arrangements with the company	Achieved	100% compliance with performance targets and service standards required under the Ministry of Health contractual arrangements with the company
Percentage of planned services provided within budget	Achieved	Operate and provide 100% of planned services within budgeted income including services contract with District Health Board

### Waitaki District Health Services Limited

Financial Performance (Group)	2016 \$000	2015 \$000
Revenues		
Southern DHB contract operational funding	9,817	9,793
Other revenue	2,213	2,258
Total Revenue	12,030	12,051
Expenditure		
Operating expenditure	11,212	11,025
Audit Fees	28	28
Depreciation	714	704
Directors' Fees	116	122
Total Expenditure	12,070	11,879
Net Surplus / (Deficit)	(40)	172
Gain on Property Revaluation	-	254
Other gains and losses	(1,624)	(446)
Net Surplus / (Deficit) After Taxation	(1,664)	(20)

Financial Position (Group)	2016 \$000	2015 \$000
Shareholders' Funds	16,365	18,029
Represented by:		
Non-current Assets	12,104	10,620
Current Assets	6,810	9,942
Current Liabilities	(2,481)	(2,480)
Non-current Liabilities	(68)	(53)
Net Assets	16,365	18,029

The Group comprises Waitaki District Health Services Limited and Waitaki District Health Services Trust.

The Company and Group received an unqualified audit report for the year ended 30 June 2016 on 30 September 2016.

The above information is summarised from the Company's Annual Report and is provided to indicate the performance of Council's investment. A full copy of the Company's Annual Report is available at the Company's offices.

### Whitestone Contracting Limited

Whitestone Contracting Limited (formerly Whitestone Limited) was established in 1991 and is 100% owned by Waitaki District Council. Under the provisions of the Local Government Act 2002, it is deemed to be a Council Controlled Trading Organisation.

Council's objectives for continued ownership and control and the Company's objectives were reviewed during the 2016 financial year and the Company's Statement of Intent was updated accordingly. These objectives became effective from 1 July 2016 and are included in this report.

Council's objectives for continued ownership and control include:

- Stimulating a competitive contracting sector in our district
- Supporting local opportunities for a diverse labour market
- Obtaining a good return on investment commensurate with the business risks of Whitestone Contracting Limited and the risk appetite of Council
- Providing emergency services support

#### **Objectives**

The principal objective of the Company is to operate as a successful business and the Company has a vision to be the contracting company of choice in the region.

In general, the Company is focused on continually improving its systems and processes to improve the way in which it operates, and seeks to support local employment, the environment and the community while at the same time maximising profit and performance in a way that is sustainable and that reflects Council's objectives for ownership.

In pursuing its principal objective the Company and Directors will:

- Manage the Company's business activities in an efficient and effective manner
- Ensure assets and liabilities are prudently managed consistent with the operation of a contracting business
- Maximise the long term viability and profitability of the business consistent with Council's objectives for ownership
- Manage the business with the objective of achieving agreed business growth
- Consolidate and, when financially advantageous, expand the Company's operations into the private and public sectors using the skill, abilities and management techniques that are available within the Company
- Maintain a diversified portfolio of work and clients to ensure continuity of returns to the shareholder
- Continue to review the Company's structure to ensure the most efficient structure is in place to enhance profitability
- Be customer focused and ensure good customer contract results as measured against contract specifications
- Be a good employer by:
  - Providing a work environment that recruits, fosters and maintains safe, competent, motivated, 0 committed and productive employees 0
    - Recognising and rewarding excellent performance of any staff
- Act in an environmentally and socially responsible manner and implement sustainable business practices
- Ensure a transparent and informed relationship is maintained with the shareholder within the spirit of 'no surprises.'

### Whitestone Contracting Limited

#### Information to be reported to the Shareholder

Within two months after the end of each financial year, the Directors must deliver an annual report and audited financial statements in respect of the financial year, containing the following information as a minimum:

- A report on the operations of the Company to enable an informed assessment of the Company's performance including Performance against targets in the Statement of Intent and the Corporate Governance Statement
- Audited financial statements as required under the Companies Act 1993
- A report on compliance with the Company's Tendering Policy.

Performance measures for Whitestone Contracting Limited are described in the Statement of Intent, and are summarised in the following table.

#### **Community outcomes**

- We provide and enable services and facilities so people want to stay and move here
- We enable opportunities for new and existing businesses

#### How we performed – Whitestone Contracting Limited

Performance Measures	Achievements 2015/16	Targets LTP 2015/16 – 2024/25 Years 1 – 3
Before income tax return on opening shareholders' funds	Achieved a return of 10.21% before donations, sponsorships and subvention payments	Achieve a before-income tax return (prior to donations, sponsorships and subvention payments) on opening shareholders' funds that exceeds 7% return on investment
The number of clients spending over \$10,000 annually	The number of clients spending over \$10,000 reduced by 2.5%	Continue to diversify the portfolio of work and clients
Maintenance of the relevant quality standards	Maintained both ISO 9001 and ISO 14001 accreditation	Maintain ISO 9001 registration and related quality assurance programmes Maintain ISO 14001 standard to ensure we have systems in place to meet environmental legislative and regulatory requirements
Percentage increase of revenue from sources other than the Waitaki District Council over the previous year	76% (2015: 70%) of revenue was generated by customers other than Waitaki District Council	Increase the percentage of revenue obtained from sources other than the Waitaki District Council
The ratio of consolidated shareholder funds to total assets	KPI targets have been agreed for the 2016/17 financial year	In Quarter four of each year agree on KPI targets for the following year
The increase in market share in North Otago and other areas of operation	Revenue has increased by \$1.79 million, primarily from the local area	Maintain and grow market share in North Otago and other areas of operation
Ratio of shareholder funds to total assets	Achieved 77.15% (2015: 78.26%)	Maintain the ratio of shareholder funds to total assets within the range 60% - 80%

### Whitestone Contracting Limited

Financial Performance (Group)	2016 \$000	2015 \$000
Revenues		
Operating Revenue	24,400	22,629
Total Revenue	24,400	22,629
Expenditure		
Operating expenditure	22,056	20,698
Audit Fees	23	22
Depreciation	1,273	1,172
Directors' Fees	150	131
Interest Expense	1	14
Total Expenditure	23,503	22,037
Net Surplus / (Deficit)	897	592
Provision for Taxation	(304)	72
Net Surplus / (Deficit) After Taxation	593	664
Gain / (Loss) on revaluation of Land and Buildings	-	-
Total Comprehensive Revenue	593	664
	2016	2015

Financial Position (Group)	2016 \$000	2015 \$000
Shareholders' Funds	12,386	12,066
Represented by:		
Non-current Assets	10,688	10,374
Current Assets	5,366	5,044
Current Liabilities	(3,062)	(2,689)
Non-current Liabilities	(606)	(663)
Net Assets	12,386	12,066

The Company received an unqualified audit report for the year ended 30 June 2016 on 29 August 2016.

This information is summarised from the Company's full audited Annual Report and is provided to indicate the performance of Council's investment. A full copy of the Company's Annual Report is available from the Company's offices, or from the website <u>www.whitestone.co.nz</u>

Financial Statements

# Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expenditure

#### For the year ended 30 June 2016

		Consoli 2016 Actual \$000	2015 Actual \$000	2016 Actual \$000	ouncil Only 2016 Budget \$000	2015 Actual \$000
Revenue						
Rates Revenue	1	30,340	29,990	30,375	30,155	30,026
User Charges		27,387	24,170	6,410	5,689	5,186
Regulatory Charges		1,289	1,176	1,289	1,359	1,176
Development and RMA Contributions		545	583	545	641	583
Government Grants and Subsidies	2	17,095	15,954	6,574	6,464	6,161
Other Grants and Donations	3	796	890	677	232	773
Finance Revenue	4	1,577	1,545	1,264	1,274	1,134
Petrol Tax		192	190	192	195	190
Infringements and Fines		38	49	38	46	49
Dividend and Subvention Payments		-	-	562	120	-
Assets vested in Council	5	158	146	63	-	146
Other gains and Losses	5	(4,249)	(1,516)	(2,672)	-	(1,534)
Total Revenue	32	75,168	73,177	45,317	46,175	43,890
Expenses						
Personnel costs	6	28,513	27,082	9,914	10,192	9,387
Depreciation and amortisation	10	13,554	13,112	11,463	11,343	11,169
Finance Costs	4	· 1	14	-	-	-
Other expenses	7	32,863	29,612	22,620	24,204	20,342
Total Expenses	32	74,931	69,820	43,997	45,739	40,898
Surplus / (Deficit) before Tax		237	3,357	1,320	436	2,992
Income Tax Expense / (Refund)	8	297	(116)	-	-	-
Surplus / (Deficit) after tax		(60)	3,473	1,320	436	2,992
Other Comprehensive Revenue and Expense						
Gain/(Loss) on revaluation of Infrastructural Assets	10	5,824	(2,588)	5,824	(212)	(2,588)
Gain/(Loss) on revaluation of Properties	10	-	166	-	`- <i>`</i>	(88)
Other Comprehensive Revenue		-	-	-	-	-
		5,824	(2,422)	5,824	(212)	(2,676)
Total Other Comprehensive Revenue and Expe	nse	5,024	(2,422)	5,024	(212)	(2,070)

## Statement of Changes in Equity

#### For the year ended 30 June 2016

	Consol	Council Only			
	2016 Actual \$000	2015 Actual \$000	2016 Actual \$000	2016 Budget \$000	2015 Actual \$000
Public Equity at 1 July	770,112	769,061	743,753	737,944	743,437
Total Comprehensive Revenue and Expense	5,764	1,051	7,144	224	316
Public Equity at 30 June	\$ 775,876	\$ 770,112	\$ 750,897	\$ 738,168	\$ 743,753

### **Statement of Financial Position**

#### As at 30 June 2016

	Consolidated			Council Only			
	Notes	2016 Actual \$000	2015 Actual \$000	2016 Actual \$000	2016 Budget \$000	2015 Actual \$000	
Public Equity		ţ	<i><b>4</b>000</i>	ŶŨŨ	ţ	ŶŨŨ	
Ratepayers' Equity	9	310,208	310,208	310,208	308,631	310,208	
Revaluation Reserve	9	416,724	412,994	407,181	410,522	403,451	
Operating Reserve	9	34,707	34,076	19,271	5,603	17,260	
Other Reserves	9	14,237	12,834	14,237	13,412	12,834	
Total Public Equity		\$775,876	\$770,112	\$750,897	\$738,168	\$743,753	
Non-Current Assets							
Property Plant and Equipment	10	730,502	728,462	709,232	699,782	707,398	
Intangible Assets	11	1,358	1,583	895	1,185	992	
Forestry	12	253	402	253	588	402	
Inventory	16	2,519	2,223	2,519	-	2,223	
Other Financial Assets							
- Investments in CCO's	13	-	-	4,912	4,912	4,912	
- Investments in other entities	13	145	145	145	145	145	
- Loans to other entities	13	19,526	660	17,663	22,430	660	
		754,303	733,475	735,619	729,042	716,732	
Current Assets							
Cash and Cash Equivalents	14	7,202	9,156	2,463	2,360	6,818	
Receivables	15	7,980	7,769	4,259	5,756	3,926	
Prepayments		491	444	356	310	317	
Inventory	16	950	976	29	10	65	
Work in Progress	17	90	121	-	-	-	
Other Financial Assets							
- Term deposits	13	17,310	16,878	14,750	8,500	9,250	
- Loans to other entities	13	1	13,050	1	-	13,050	
Assets held for Sale	18	441	253	441	-	253	
Provision for Tax paid in Advance		-	4	-	-	-	
		34,465	48,651	22,299	16,936	33,679	
Total Assets		788,768	782,126	757,918	745,978	750,411	
Non-Current Liabilities							
Provisions	19	387	382	387	452	382	
Provisions Employee Entitlement Liabilities	20	94	382 82	387 -	452 -	382 -	
Provisions Employee Entitlement Liabilities Borrowings	20 21	94 11	82 -	387 - -	452 - -	382 - -	
Provisions Employee Entitlement Liabilities	20	94 11 545		-	452 - - -	-	
Provisions Employee Entitlement Liabilities Borrowings	20 21	94 11	82 -	387 - - - 387	452 - - - 452	382 - - - 382	
Provisions Employee Entitlement Liabilities Borrowings Deferred Tax Liability Current Liabilities	20 21	94 11 545 1,037	82 - 620	-	- - -	-	
Provisions Employee Entitlement Liabilities Borrowings Deferred Tax Liability	20 21 8 22	94 11 545	82 - 620	-	- - -	-	
Provisions Employee Entitlement Liabilities Borrowings Deferred Tax Liability <b>Current Liabilities</b> Trade and Other Payables Short Term Borrowings	20 21 8 22 21	94 11 545 1,037 7,214 1	82 - 620 1,084 7,005 -	- - - 387 5,270 -	- - 452 6,224 -	- - - 382 5,093 -	
Provisions Employee Entitlement Liabilities Borrowings Deferred Tax Liability <b>Current Liabilities</b> Trade and Other Payables Short Term Borrowings Employee Entitlement Liabilities	20 21 8 22 21 20	94 11 545 1,037 7,214 1 4,109	82 - 620 1,084 7,005 - 3,794	- - - 387 5,270 - 1,015	- - 452 6,224 - 965	- - - 382 5,093 - 949	
Provisions Employee Entitlement Liabilities Borrowings Deferred Tax Liability Current Liabilities Trade and Other Payables Short Term Borrowings Employee Entitlement Liabilities Provisions	20 21 8 22 21	94 11 545 1,037 7,214 1 4,109 368	82 - 620 1,084 7,005 - 3,794 253	- - - 387 5,270 -	- - 452 6,224 -	- - - 382 5,093 -	
Provisions Employee Entitlement Liabilities Borrowings Deferred Tax Liability <b>Current Liabilities</b> Trade and Other Payables Short Term Borrowings Employee Entitlement Liabilities	20 21 8 22 21 20	94 11 545 1,037 7,214 1 4,109	82 - 620 1,084 7,005 - 3,794	- - - 387 5,270 - 1,015	- - 452 6,224 - 965	- - - 382 5,093 - 949 234 -	
Provisions Employee Entitlement Liabilities Borrowings Deferred Tax Liability Current Liabilities Trade and Other Payables Short Term Borrowings Employee Entitlement Liabilities Provisions	20 21 8 22 21 20	94 11 545 1,037 7,214 1 4,109 368	82 - 620 1,084 7,005 - 3,794 253	- - - 387 5,270 - 1,015	- - 452 6,224 - 965	- - - 382 5,093 - 949	
Provisions Employee Entitlement Liabilities Borrowings Deferred Tax Liability Current Liabilities Trade and Other Payables Short Term Borrowings Employee Entitlement Liabilities Provisions	20 21 8 22 21 20	94 11 545 1,037 7,214 1 4,109 368 163	82 - 620 1,084 7,005 - 3,794 253 (122)	- - - 387 5,270 - 1,015 349 -	- - 452 6,224 - 965 169 -	- - - 382 5,093 - 949 234 -	

### **Statement of Cash Flows**

#### For the year ended 30 June 2016

	Conso 2016	lidated 2015	2016	Council Only 2016 Annual Plan	2015
Not	es \$000	\$000	\$000	\$000	\$000
Cook flows from One retire Activities					
Cash flows from Operating Activities Receipts from Rates Revenue	30,121	29,235	30,156	29,602	29,235
Interest received	1,619	,	1,264	1,274	23,233 584
Dividends/Subvention payments received	-	-	562	120	-
Receipts from Other Revenues	48,948	44,530	16,160	15,892	15,829
Payments to Suppliers & Employees	(61,757				(30,214)
Interest Paid	(1		, ,	-	-
Income Tax Refund Received / (Paid)	16	(222)	-	-	2
Net GST	(37	) 321	(37)	) -	321
Net Cash from Operating Activities 30	0 18,909	17,973	15,486	12,665	15,757
Cash Flows from Investing Activities					
Proceeds from Sale of P.P.& E	1,982	613	1,725	121	532
Proceeds from Sale of Investments	27,367	9,158	22,300	26,187	9,158
Purchase of P.P.& E	(14,328	) (11,960)	(12,112)	) (12,140)	(10,705)
Acquisition of Investments	(35,895	) (9,911)	(31,754)	) (26,930)	(9,545)
Net Cash from Investing Activities	(20,874	) (12,100)	(19,841)	) (12,762)	(10,560)
Cash Flows from Financing Activities					
Proceeds from Borrowing	12	-	-	-	-
Repayment of Borrowing	(1	) (531)	-	-	(3)
Net Cash from Financing Activities	11	(531)	-	-	(3)
Net Increase / (Decrease) in Cash	(1,954	) 5,342	(4,355)	) (97)	5,194
Total Cash Resources at 1 July	9,156	3,814	6,818	6,457	1,624
Total Cash Resources at 30 June 14	4 <b>\$7,202</b>	\$9,156	\$2,463	\$6,360	\$6,818

### Statement of Accounting Policies

#### **Reporting Entity**

The Waitaki District Council (Council) is a territorial local authority established under the Local Government Act 2002 (the LGA, the Act), and is domiciled and operates in New Zealand. Relevant legislation governing Council's operations include the LGA and the Local Government (Rating) Act 2002.

Council's consolidated group consists of the ultimate parent, Waitaki District Council, and its subsidiaries: Whitestone Contracting Limited (100% owned), Waitaki District Health Services Limited (100% owned) and Tourism Waitaki Limited (100% owned). The investment in Omarama Airfield Limited (50% owned) is treated as a joint venture. All companies are incorporated and domiciled in New Zealand.

The primary objective of Council is to provide local infrastructure and public services, and to perform regulatory functions for the community for social benefit rather than making a financial return. Accordingly, Council has designated itself and the group as public benefit entities (PBEs) for financial reporting purposes.

The financial statements of the Waitaki District Council are for the year ended 30 June 2016 and were authorised for issue by Council on 26 October 2016.

#### **Basis of Preparation**

The financial statements have been prepared on the going concern basis, and all accounting policies have been applied consistently throughout the period.

#### **Statement of Compliance**

The financial statements of the Council and Group have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the LGA which include the requirement to comply with generally accepted accounting practice in New Zealand (NZ GAAP).

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Tier 1 PBE accounting standards, and are fully compliant with those accounting standards.

#### Presentation currency and rounding

The financial statements are presented in New Zealand dollars and all values, unless otherwise stated, are rounded to the nearest thousand dollars (\$000). The functional currency of Council and the group is New Zealand dollars.

#### Standards issued and not yet effective and not early adopted

In December 2015, the External Reporting Board issued a suite of amendments following the issuance of XRB A1 *Application of the Accounting Standards Framework*, which aligns the definition of PBE Standards with the definition of NZ IFRS, clarifies assertions of compliance made by Tier 1 public benefit entities and clarifies disclosure about the basis of preparation of the financial statements. These amendments are effective for reporting periods commencing on or after 1 January 2016, and will not materially impact on Council's financial statements.

Changes have been made to several other PBE standards, with the same effective date. These changes are not expected to have a material effect on Council. Standards that may be relevant for Council are PBE IPSAS 2 *Cash Flow Statements*, PBE IPSAS 3 *Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors*; PBE IPSAS 5 *Borrowing Costs*; PBE IPSAS 6 *Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements*; PBE IPSAS 8 *Investments in Joint Ventures*; PBE IPSAS 9 *Revenue from Exchange Transactions*; PBE IPSAS 17 *Property, Plant and Equipment*; PBE IPSAS 20 *Related Party Disclosures*; PBE IPSAS 23 *Revenue from Non-exchange Transactions*; PBE IPSAS 25 *Employee Benefits*; PBE IPSAS 28, PBE IPSAS 29 and PBE IPSAS 30, all concerning *Financial Instruments*; PBE IPSAS 31 *Intangible Assets*; PBE IFRS 5 *Non-current Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations*; and PBE FRS 42 *Prospective Financial Statements*.

In May 2016, the External Reporting board issued the *PBE Conceptual Framework* which supersedes the *Public Benefit Entities' Framework* issued in September 2014. The new framework becomes effective for reporting periods commencing on or after 1 January 2017, and is not expected to have a material impact on Council's financial statements.

#### **Summary of Significant Accounting Policies**

#### **Basis of Consolidation**

The Consolidated Group financial statements are prepared by adding like items of assets, liabilities, equity, revenue and expenses of entities in the group on a line-by-line basis. Intragroup balances, transactions, revenues and expenses are eliminated on consolidation.

#### Subsidiaries

Council consolidates as subsidiaries in the group financial statements all entities where Council has the capacity to control financing and operating policies so as to obtain benefits from the activities of the entity. This power exists where Council controls the majority voting power of the governing body, or where such policies have been irreversibly predetermined by Council or where the determination of such policies is unable to materially impact the level of potential ownership benefits that arise from the activities of the subsidiary.

Council measures the cost of a business combination as the aggregate of the fair value, at the date of exchange, of assets given and liabilities incurred or assumed, in exchange for control of the subsidiary, plus any costs directly attributable to the business combination.

Any excess of the cost of the business combination over Council's interest in the net fair value of the identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities is recognised as goodwill. If Council's interest in the net fair value of the identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities recognised exceeds the cost of the business combination, the difference will be recognised immediately in the surplus or deficit.

#### Joint Ventures

A joint venture is a binding arrangement whereby two or more parties are committed to undertaking an activity that is subject to their joint control (being the agreed sharing of control over the activity). For jointly controlled operations, Council recognises in its financial statements the assets it controls, the liabilities and expenses it incurs and the share of revenue earned from the joint venture.

The following entities are consolidated, and the bases of their inclusion for consolidation in these financial statements are as follows:

- Whitestone Contracting Limited
- Tourism Waitaki Limited
- Waitaki District Health Services Limited

These entities are Council Controlled Organisations as defined by Part 5 of the LGA, with Whitestone Contracting Limited being a Council Controlled Trading Organisation. Council holds 100% of the shares. The companies' balance dates are 30 June. Whitestone Contracting Limited has three non-trading, fully owned subsidiaries: Whitestone Quarries and Landfill Limited, Dunstan Sprayers Ltd and Dunstan Contracting Ltd.

#### **Omarama Airfield Limited**

This company is a Council Controlled Trading Organisation as defined by Part 5 of the Act. Its balance date is 30 June. Council holds 50% of the shares, and the company is treated as a joint venture.

Council's investment in its subsidiaries is carried at cost in the Council's own financial statements.

### Statement of Accounting Policies

#### **Specific Accounting Policies**

The following specific accounting policies that significantly affect the measurement of operating results, cash flows and financial position have been applied:

#### **Revenue Recognition**

Revenue is measured at the fair value of consideration received or receivable

- Rates are recognised when set
- Water billing revenue is recognised when earned
- Government grants and subsidies are recognised when eligibility has been established
- Other grants are recognised as revenue when received, unless there is an obligation in substance to return the funds should conditions of the grant not be met, in which case the grants are initially recorded as revenue in advance, and only recognised as revenue when all conditions are satisfied
- Operating revenues represent the gross revenue from commercial operations in the ordinary course of business and are recognised when earned
- Fees and charges are recognised when invoiced
- Rebates are recognised when received
- Interest revenue is recognised when earned
- Dividends are recognised when received
- Vested Infrastructural Assets are recognised when Council accepts their transfer from the sub-divider. The value recognised is based on certified engineers' certificates
- Development and financial contributions are recognised at the later of invoicing or the event that will give rise to a requirement for a development or financial contribution under the relevant legislation
- Sales of goods are recognised when a product is sold or a service is provided to the customer

#### **Construction Contracts**

Profits on contracts are recognised progressively over the period of each contract. Amounts included in the surplus or deficit, and the value of contract work in progress, are established by assessment of individual contracts, taking into account the proportion of work completed, cost analysis and estimated final results. Foreseeable losses on a contract are recognised immediately as an expense in the surplus or deficit. The method used to determine the proportion of the work completed is the proportion of the contract cost incurred for work performed to date in relation to the estimated total contract costs.

If payments received from customers exceed the revenue recognised, the difference is presented as prepaid, or deferred, revenue in the balance sheet.

#### **Borrowing Costs**

Borrowing costs are recognised as an expense in the period in which they are incurred.

#### **Grant Expenditure**

Non-discretionary grants are awarded when grant applications meet specified criteria, and are recognised as expenditure when such applications are received.

Discretionary grants are those which Council has no obligation to award, and are recognised as expenditure when approved by Council and when that approval is communicated to the applicant.

A condition of grants awarded by Council is that grants, or portions of grants, which are not applied to the purpose for which they were provided, will be returned. Returned grants reduce the grants expenditure for the period in which the funds are received.

#### **Foreign Currency Transactions**

Council does not undertake significant transactions in foreign currencies. Foreign currency transactions are translated into New Zealand dollars upon receipt or payment at the prevailing spot rate.

Council does not recognise gains or losses on such transactions, and holds no assets or liabilities denominated in foreign currencies.

#### Income Tax

Income tax expense related to the surplus or deficit for the period comprises both current and deferred tax components.

Current tax is the amount of income tax payable based on the taxable profit for the current year, plus any adjustments to income tax payable in respect of prior years. Current tax is calculated using rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by balance date.

Deferred tax is the amount of income tax payable or recoverable in future periods in respect of temporary differences and unused tax losses. Temporary differences are differences between the carrying amount of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit.

Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which the deductible temporary differences or tax losses can be utilised.

Deferred tax is not recognised if the temporary difference arises from the initial recognition of goodwill or from the initial recognition of an asset and liability in a transaction that is not a business combination, and which, at the time of the transaction, affects neither accounting profit nor taxable profit.

Deferred tax is recognised on taxable temporary differences arising on investments in subsidiaries and interests in joint ventures, except where the company can control the reversal of the temporary differences and it is probable that the temporary differences will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

Deferred tax is calculated at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period when the liability is settled or the asset is realised, using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by balance date.

Current tax and deferred tax is charged or credited to the surplus or deficit, except when it relates to items charged or credited in other comprehensive revenue or directly to equity, in which case the tax is dealt with in equity.

#### Leases

#### Finance Leases

Leases are classified as finance leases when the terms of the lease transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the lessee. The leased assets and corresponding liabilities are recognised and the leased assets are depreciated over the period benefit is expected from their use.

#### **Operating Leases**

Operating leases are all other leases, ie leases that do not transfer substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of an asset. These are charged on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease.

#### **Goods and Services Tax**

These accounts have been prepared on a GST exclusive basis and any net GST due or owing at balance date is included in Trade and Other Payables or Trade and Other Receivables (as appropriate). Trade and Other Receivables and Trade and Other Payables are stated inclusive of GST. Any GST that is not recoverable as an input tax is recognised as part of the related asset or expense.

### Statement of Accounting Policies

#### **Cash and Cash Equivalents**

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts. The carrying value of cash at bank and term deposits maturing within three months approximates fair value.

#### **Trade and Other Receivables**

Trade and other receivables are initially measured at their face value, less any provision for impairment.

#### Inventories

Inventories, comprising materials on hand, are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is determined on a first-in first-out basis. Any write down from cost to net realisable value is recognised immediately in the surplus or deficit.

#### Work in Progress

Work-in-progress includes materials and labour costs accumulated against jobs, but not invoiced as at balance date. Work in Progress is valued at cost less impairment, and is not depreciated.

#### **Financial Assets**

Financial assets may be classified into one of the following four categories: financial assets at fair value through surplus or deficit, held to maturity investments, loans and receivables and fair value through other comprehensive revenue and expense. The classification depends on the purpose for which the investments were acquired. Council determines the classification at initial recognition and re-evaluates the designation at every reporting date.

Financial assets are initially measured at fair value plus transaction costs unless they are carried at fair value through surplus or deficit, in which case the transaction costs are recognised in the surplus or deficit.

Purchases and sales of financial assets are recognised on trade-date, the date on which the Council commits to purchase or sell the asset. Financial assets are de-recognised when the rights to receive cash flows from the financial assets have expired or have been transferred and the Council has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership.

The fair value of financial instruments traded in active markets is based on quoted market prices at the balance sheet date. The quoted market price used is the current bid price. The fair value of financial instruments that are not traded in an active market is determined using valuation techniques. Council uses a variety of methods and makes assumptions that are based on market conditions existing at each balance date. Techniques, such as discounted expected cash flows, are used to determine fair value for the remaining financial instruments.

Of the four categories of financial assets, the following are relevant to Council.

#### • Loans and receivables

These are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. After initial recognition they are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Gains and losses when the asset is impaired or derecognised are recognised in the surplus or deficit. Loans and receivables are reported as current assets except for those with maturities greater than twelve months after balance date, which are included in non-current assets.

#### • Fair Value through other revenue and expense

Available-for-sale financial assets are those that are designated as "available-for-sale" at initial recognition, or that are not classified in the other categories above. This category encompasses:

- investments that Council intends to hold long-term but which may be realised before maturity; and
- shareholdings held for strategic purposes.

### Statement of Accounting Policies

#### **Financial Assets (continued)**

Council's investments in its subsidiaries are not included in this category as they are held at cost (as allowed by NZ IAS 27 *Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements* and NZ IAS 28 *Investments in Associates*) whereas this category is to be measured at fair value.

After initial recognition these investments are measured at their fair value.

Gains and losses are recognised in other revenue and expense except for impairment losses, which are recognised in the surplus or deficit. In the event of impairment, any cumulative losses previously recognised in other revenue will be reclassified from equity and recognised in the surplus or deficit even though the asset has not been de-recognised. On de-recognition, the cumulative gain or loss previously recognised in other revenue and expense is recognised in the surplus or deficit.

#### **Impairment of Financial Assets**

At each balance date Council assesses whether there is any objective evidence that a financial asset or group of financial assets is impaired. Any impairment losses are recognised in a surplus or deficit.

A provision for impairment of receivables is established when there is objective evidence that Council will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the receivable. The amount of the provision is the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows, discounted using the effective interest method.

#### **Investment Properties**

Investment Properties are properties held to earn revenue or for capital appreciation. These do not include properties held for strategic purposes or to provide a social service. Initially, investment properties are measured at cost including transaction costs unless acquired at less than fair value when they are recognised at fair value.

They are not depreciated, and are de-recognised when they have either been disposed of or when the investment property is permanently withdrawn from use and no future benefit is expected from its disposal. Gains or losses on de-recognition are recognised in the surplus or deficit in the year of de-recognition.

Council currently has no properties that it classifies as investment properties.

#### Non-current Assets Held for Sale

Non-current assets held for sale are separately recognised as a current asset when the sale of an asset is highly probable, management are committed to a plan to sell the asset, and that sale is expected to occur within one year. Non-current assets held for sale are valued at the lower of the carrying value and their fair value less disposal costs.

Impairment losses for write-downs of non-current assets held for sale are recognised in the surplus or deficit. Any increases in fair value (less costs to sell) are recognised up to the level of any impairment losses that have been previously recognised.

Non-current assets are not depreciated while they are classified as held for sale.

#### Forestry

Forestry is the estimated worth of the maturing tree stocks in Council's forests as at date of valuation. The valuation method adopted is Net Present Value based on the age and condition of the trees. Trees under fifteen years are valued at replacement cost. Council's forests were revalued as at 30 June 2016 by David Janett, B.For.Sc, MNZIF, of Forestry Management Ltd.

Costs of maintaining the forestry assets are included in the reported surplus or deficit. Council's forestry plantations are professionally managed, and Council adheres strictly to a replanting plan developed by its advisers to ensure it has no liability under the Emissions Trading Scheme.

#### Property, Plant and Equipment

Property, Plant and Equipment consists of:

*Operational assets* – these include land, buildings, landfill (post closure), library books, plant and equipment, furniture and fittings, and motor vehicles.

*Restricted assets* – these are parks, reserves and other property owned by Council which provide a benefit or service to the community and which cannot be disposed of because of legal or other restrictions.

*Infrastructure assets* – infrastructure assets are the fixed utility systems owned by Council. Each asset class includes all items that are required for the network to function, for example, sewer reticulation includes reticulation piping and sewer pump stations.

Property, plant and equipment are shown at cost or valuation, less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

#### Additions

The cost of an item of property, plant and equipment is recognised as an asset if, and only if, it is probable that future economic benefits or service potential associated with the item will flow to Council and the cost of the item can be measured reliably.

In most instances, an item of property, plant and equipment is recognised at its cost. Where an asset is acquired at no cost, or for a nominal cost, it is recognised at fair value as at the date of acquisition.

#### Disposals

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing the proceeds with the carrying amount of the asset. Gains and losses on disposals are reported net in the surplus or deficit. When revalued assets are sold, the amounts included in asset revaluation reserves in respect of those assets are transferred to retained earnings.

#### **Subsequent Costs**

Costs incurred subsequent to initial acquisition are capitalised only when it is probable that future economic benefits or service potential associated with the item will flow to Council and the cost of the item can be measured reliably.

#### Revaluations

Certain classes of assets, as detailed below, are revalued. Revaluations are made with sufficient regularity to ensure that the carrying amount does not differ materially from fair value.

#### Land and Buildings

Property holdings, with the exception of Parks and the Oamaru Airport, were valued at 1 July 2013 by Brendon Bodger, SPINZ, ANZIV, of QV Asset & Advisory. Council's Parks and the Oamaru Airport were valued at 1 July 2013 by George Jason Smith BE (NSW) MIPENZ, CPEng, of AECOM NZ Ltd. Council has a policy of revaluing every three years as a minimum.

#### Infrastructural Assets

Infrastructural assets are utility assets that provide a continuing service to the community. They are recorded at valuation, based on optimised depreciated replacement cost, with subsequent additions recorded at cost until the next revaluation. Valuations are performed on a three yearly basis as a minimum.

At balance date Council assesses the carrying values of its infrastructural assets to ensure they do not differ materially from the assets fair values.

### Statement of Accounting Policies

The roading network, including bridges, retaining structures and land under roads, was valued as at 1 July 2015 by Mel England, BE Civil (Hons), of Opus International Consultants Ltd. The water, waste and drainage assets were valued as at 1 July 2015 by Council. The valuation was peer reviewed by John Vessey, BE (Civil) FIPENZ of Opus International Consultants Limited.

Vested Infrastructural Assets are initially recorded at valuation based on engineers' certificates.

#### Infrastructural Assets – Work in Progress

Capital projects that are incomplete at balance date are regarded as Work in Progress, and are included in Fixed Assets, but the assets are not depreciated until they are complete and have been commissioned. Movements into Work in Progress represent the value of work done on incomplete capital projects, while movements out of Work in Progress represent the final capitalisation of the completed project.

#### **Harbour Assets**

Harbour Wharves and structures and the Oamaru Harbour Breakwater have been valued by Royds Garden Limited, Consulting Engineers, as at June 1992. This value represents deemed cost, and any subsequent additions are recorded at cost. These assets are not revalued.

#### **Library Collection**

Library collections are carried at depreciated replacement cost. Valuations are performed annually by the Head Librarian and are not subject to independent review because they are based on readily available market prices.

#### **Cultural and Heritage Assets**

These assets provide a cultural or heritage service to the community, and include North Otago Museum artefacts, the Forrester Gallery art collection and the Libraries' resources. They are recorded at valuation, based on net current value, with subsequent additions recorded at cost.

#### Accounting for Revaluations

The results of revaluations of property, plant and equipment are credited or debited to other comprehensive revenue and expense, and are accumulated in an asset revaluation reserve for that class of asset. Where this results in a debit balance in the asset revaluation reserve, this balance is not recognised in other comprehensive revenue and expense but is recognised in the surplus or deficit. Any subsequent increase on revaluation that off-sets a previous decrease in value recognised in the surplus or deficit will be recognised first in the surplus or deficit up to the amount previously expensed, and then recognised in other comprehensive revenue and expense.

#### Depreciation

#### General

Unless otherwise stated, all Council fixed assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis at rates that will write-off their cost or valuation, less any estimated realisable value, over their expected useful lives. Some members of the Group depreciate assets on a diminishing value basis where this is considered the most appropriate method for that business.

#### Land

Land is not depreciated.

#### **Buildings**

Buildings are depreciated over their expected lives of 15 to 100 years, dependent on the method of construction.

#### **Cultural and Heritage Assets**

Other than Library resources, Cultural and Heritage assets are not depreciated. Library resources are depreciated over their expected lives of 7 years.

#### Depreciation

Depreciation has been calculated on a straight-line basis as follows:

Asset Category	Depreciation Base
Infrastructural Assets	
<ul> <li>Roading</li> <li>formation, base course</li> <li>pavement structure</li> <li>surfacing</li> <li>drainage, footpaths</li> <li>bridges, retaining structures</li> </ul>	not depreciated 30 – 70 years 4 – 17 years 10 – 100 years 50 – 100 years
- street lights, railings	4 – 35 years
<ul> <li>Water schemes</li> <li>head works</li> <li>reservoirs</li> <li>pumps</li> <li>reticulation</li> <li>Sewerage schemes</li> </ul>	10 – 100 years 10 – 150 years 10 – 20 years 40 – 150 years
- reticulation - pumps - treatment works	50 – 120 years 10 – 20 years 10 – 100 years
<ul> <li>stormwater reticulation</li> <li>transfer stations and landfill developments</li> </ul>	80 – 150 years 3 – 25 years
<ul> <li>Alps2Ocean Cycle Trail</li> <li>track formation, base course</li> <li>track surface</li> <li>bridges, retaining structures</li> <li>facilities: signage</li> <li>facilities: livestock proofing (gates, fencing, etc.)</li> </ul>	not depreciated 10 years 50 – 60 years 12 years 35 years
Harbour Assets Wharves and Breakwater	40 – 100 years
Other Assets Other assets are depreciated over their expected useful lives:	
Asset Category Motor vehicles	Depreciation Base 3 – 10 years

Residual values and useful lives of assets are reviewed and, if necessary, adjusted at each year end.

2-5 years

2 - 10 years

Office equipment

Office furniture and fittings

#### **Intangible Assets**

Intangible assets are identifiable non-monetary assets without physical substance. The main categories of intangible assets are:

#### Software

Acquired computer software licenses are capitalised on the basis of costs incurred to acquire and bring into use. Costs, including employee costs and related overheads, associated with the development of software for internal use are recognised as an intangible asset.

Costs related to staff training, maintaining computer software and developing and maintaining Council's website are recognised as an expense when incurred.

The useful life of software is 3 to 10 years and the cost is amortised on a straight-line basis.

#### Carbon Credits

Purchased carbon credits are recognised at cost on acquisition. Carbon credits received from the Crown under the Emissions Trading Scheme are recognised at fair value, being the value they could be sold for on the tradable carbon credit market at the time of receipt. Carbon credits are not amortised, but are tested for impairment annually, and are derecognised when they are used to satisfy carbon emission obligations.

#### Other Intangible Assets, include:

#### - Goodwill

Goodwill arising as part of a business combination is measured, as at the date of acquisition, at fair value of consideration transferred, less fair value of assets acquired and liabilities assumed. It is subsequently assessed for impairment, and its value adjusted accordingly, on an annual basis, or more frequently as indicators of impairment become apparent.

- Resource consents

Resource consents are initially valued at cost, and subsequently amortised on a straight-line basis over the term of the specific consent.

- Other

These are other intangible assets with an identifiable useful life of 25 years, and are amortised on a straightline basis.

#### Impairment of Property, Plant and Equipment, and Intangible Assets

Intangible assets that have a finite useful life are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may no longer be recoverable, and at each balance date. If there is an indication of impairment the asset's recoverable amount is estimated, and an impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell, and value in use.

Value in use is depreciated replacement cost for an asset where the future economic benefits or service potential of the asset are not primarily dependent on the assets' ability to generate net cash inflows and where the entity would, if deprived of the asset, replace its remaining future economic benefits or service.

If an asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount, the asset is assessed as impaired and the carrying amount is written down to the recoverable amount. For revalued assets the impairment loss is recognised against other revenue and the revaluation reserve for that class of asset. Where that results in a debit balance in the revaluation reserve, the balance is recognised in the surplus or deficit.

For assets not carried at a revalued amount, the total impairment loss is recognised in the surplus or deficit.

#### **Trade and Other Payables**

Trade and other payables are recorded at their face value.

#### **Financial Liabilities**

Borrowings are initially recognised at their fair value plus transaction costs. After initial recognition, all borrowings are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method.

Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless settlement is deferred for at least twelve months after balance date.

#### **Employee Entitlements**

Short-term benefits

Employee benefits that Council expects to be settled within 12 months of balance date are measured at nominal values based on accrued entitlements at current rates of pay.

These include salaries and wages accrued up to balance date, annual leave earned to, but not yet taken at balance date, and long service leave entitlements expected to be settled within 12 months.

Council recognises a liability and an expense for bonuses where contractually obliged or where there is a past practice that has created a constructive obligation.

#### Long Service Leave

Entitlements that are payable beyond 12 months, such as long service leave, have been calculated on an actuarial basis. The calculations are based on:

- likely future entitlements accruing to staff, based on years of service, years to entitlement, the likelihood that staff will reach the point of entitlement and contractual entitlements information; and
- the present value of estimated future cash flows, applying an appropriate discount rate and inflation factor. The discount rate is based on the weighted average of Government interest rates for stock with terms to maturity similar to those of the relevant liabilities. The inflation factor is based on the expected long term increase in remuneration for the employees.

#### **Superannuation Schemes**

#### Defined contribution schemes

Obligations for contributions to Kiwisaver are accounted for as a defined contribution superannuation scheme, and are recognised as an expense in the surplus or deficit as incurred.

#### Multi-employer defined benefit schemes

Council belongs to a Defined Benefit Plan Contributors Scheme (the scheme), which is managed by the Board of Trustees of the National Provident Fund. The scheme is a multi-employer defined benefit scheme.

Insufficient information is available to allow the use of defined benefit accounting, as it is not possible to determine, from the terms of the scheme, the extent to which the surplus or deficit will affect future contributions by individual employers, because there is no prescribed basis for allocation. For this reason, the scheme is accounted for as a defined contribution scheme.

#### Provisions

Council recognises a provision for future expenditure of uncertain amount or timing when there is a present obligation (either legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of future economic benefit will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

Provisions are measured at the present value of expenditure expected to be required to settle the obligation using a pre-tax discount rate reflecting the current assessment of the time value of money and of the risks specific to the obligation.

### Statement of Accounting Policies

#### **Financial Instruments**

The Group is party to financial instrument arrangements as part of everyday operations. These financial instruments include bank overdraft facilities and draw-down facilities, short-term deposits, investments, debtors and creditors.

All financial instruments are recognised in the Balance Sheet. Revenue and expenditure in relation to all financial instruments is recognised in the surplus or deficit.

#### Equity

Equity is the Community's interest in Council, measured as the difference between total assets and total liabilities. Public Equity is disaggregated and classified into a number of components to better distinguish the specific uses that Council makes of its accumulated surpluses.

The components of equity are:

- Ratepayers Equity
- Restricted Reserves (Special Funds)
- Operating Reserves
- Asset Revaluation Reserves

#### Reserves

Reserves are a component of equity generally representing a particular purpose to which various parts of equity have been assigned. Reserves may be legally restricted or created by the Council.

Restricted reserves are those reserves subject to specific conditions accepted as binding by Council and which Council may not revise without reference to the Courts or third parties. Transfers from these reserves may be made only for certain specified purposes or when certain specified conditions are met.

Operating reserves are established by Council decision and may be altered by Council without reference to third parties or the Courts. Transfers to and from these reserves are made at Council discretion.

Asset revaluation reserves represent unrealised gains on assets owned by Council. The gains are held in the reserve until such time as the gain is realised and a transfer can be made to operating reserves.

#### **Capital Management**

Council's capital is its equity (or ratepayers' funds), which comprises retained earnings and reserves. Net Equity is represented by net assets.

The LGA requires the Council to manage its revenues, expenses, assets, liabilities, investments, and general financial dealings prudently and in a manner that promotes the current and future interests of the community. Ratepayers' funds are largely managed as a by-product of managing revenues, expenses, assets, liabilities, investments, and general financial dealings.

The objective of managing these items is to achieve intergenerational equity, which is a principle promoted in the Act and applied by the Council. Intergenerational equity requires today's ratepayers to meet the costs of utilising the Council's assets and not expecting them to meet the full cost of long term assets that will benefit ratepayers in future generations. Additionally, the Council has in place asset management plans for major classes of assets detailing renewal and maintenance programmes, to ensure ratepayers in future generations are not required to meet the full costs of deferred renewals and maintenance.

The Act requires Council to make adequate and effective provision in its Long Term Plan (LTP) and in its Annual Plan (where applicable) to meet the expenditure needs identified in those plans, and sets out the factors that the Council must consider when determining the most appropriate sources of funding for each activity. The sources and levels of funding are set out in funding and financial policies in Council's LTP.

### Statement of Accounting Policies

#### **Budget Figures**

The budget figures are those approved by Council in the first year of the 2015-25 Long Term Plan (LTP). The budget figures have been prepared in accordance with NZ GAAP, using accounting policies that are consistent with those adopted by Council for the preparation of these financial statements.

#### **Groups of Activities**

The Groups of Activities, as provided in the LTP, report the net cost of services for each significant activity of Council, and are represented by the costs of providing the service less all revenue that can be allocated to these activities:

Council has derived the net cost of service for each significant Council activity, using the cost allocation system outlined below.

Direct costs are charged directly to significant activities. Indirect costs are charged to significant activities based on cost drivers and related activity/usage information.

#### Criteria for Direct and Indirect Costs

"Direct Costs" are directly attributable to a significant activity, and are charged accordingly. "Indirect Costs" cannot be attributed in an economically feasible manner to a specific significant activity, and are allocated as overheads using appropriate cost drivers such as actual usage, staff numbers, and floor area.

#### **Critical Accounting Estimates and Assumptions**

In preparing these financial statements, estimates and assumptions have been made concerning the future. These estimates and assumptions may differ from the subsequent actual results.

Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. The estimates and assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year are discussed below:

#### Infrastructural Assets

Refer to Note 10 for information about the estimates and assumptions applied in determining the fair value of infrastructural assets.

#### Forestry Holdings

Refer to Note 12 for information about the estimates and assumptions applied in determining the fair value of Council's forestry plantations.

#### Provisions

Refer to Note 19 for information about the estimates and assumptions applied in determining the fair value of Council's landfill aftercare provision.

#### **Critical Judgements in Applying Council's Accounting Policies**

Management has exercised these critical judgements in applying Council's accounting policies:

- Classification of Property Community Housing Council owns and maintains properties to provide community housing. The receipt of market-based rental is incidental to holding these properties, which are held for service delivery objectives as part of Council's social housing policy, and are accounted for as property, plant and equipment.
- Classification of Property Unoccupied Land Council owns unoccupied land which is classified as property, plant and equipment. Given the uncertainty over the future intended use of the land, Council has not classified the land as investment property.
- Impairment of advance Waitaki District Health Services Ltd Waitaki District Health Services Ltd, has advanced funds to the Observatory Village Charitable Trust. An impairment provision has been recorded to recognise concerns relating to the late start of repayments, which will commence in the 2027/28 financial year and uncertainty about the Trust's ability to meet its obligations at that time. Refer to Note 13 for more information.

	Consolidated		С		
	2016	2015	2016 A	2016 Annual Plan	2015
	<u>\$000</u>	<u>\$000</u>	<u>\$000</u>	<u>\$000</u>	<u>\$000</u>
Note 1: Operating Revenue - Rates					
General Rates	1,863	2,126	1,898	1,900	2,162
District Services Rates	1,301	1,639	1,301	1,301	1,639
Uniform Annual General Charge	4,656	4,354	4,656	4,649	4,354
Ward Rates	6,436	6,343	6,436	6,433	6,343
Separate Rates	9,748	9,375	9,748	9,724	9,375
Targeted Rates for water supply	5,610	5,265	5,610	5,595	5,265
User charges for water supply by meter	495	535	495	440	535
Rates Penalties charged	552	582	552	425	582
Less Rates Remitted	(321)	(229)	(321)	(312)	(229)
Total Rates Revenue	\$30,340	\$29,990	\$30,375	\$30,155	\$30,026

#### Note 2: Operating Revenue - Government Grants

New Zealand Transport Agency subsidies	7,000	6,025	6,296	6,344	6,025
Ministry for the Environment	82	75	82	60	75
Ministry for Youth Development	-	14	-	-	14
Southern DHB operational contract funding	9,793	9,793	-	-	-
Other Government grants and subsidies	220	47	196	60	47
Total Government Grants	\$17,095	\$15,954	\$6,574	\$6,464	\$6,161

Subsidies from the New Zealand Transport Agency include \$250,000 towards the Alps2Ocean Cycletrail Other Government grants include \$146,605 allocated to the cycletrail.

#### Note 3: Operating Revenue - Other Grants and Donations

Alps2Ocean Cycletrail construction					
Friends of the Alps2Ocean Cycletrail	382	347	382	-	347
Challenge Farm Trusts Partnership	19	-	19	-	-
Otago Community Trust	2	-	2	-	-
Haven Street, Moeraki, reinstatement					
Local residents, businesses and organisations	-	112	-	-	112
General purposes					
Est N Parsloe (bequest)	-	5	-	-	5
Est L J Twiss (bequest)	-	2	-	-	2
North Otago Rugby	32	31	32	-	31
Countdown supermarket - street art murals	-	15	-	-	15
Sundry other revenue	361	378	242	232	261
Total Grants and Donations	\$796	\$890	\$677	\$232	\$773

Donations from Friends of the Alps2Ocean Cycletrail include grants provided by the Otago Community Trust, Trust Aoraki and the Lion Foundation.

	Consoli	datad	Council Only			
	2016	2015	2016	2016	2015	
				Annual Plan		
	<u>\$000</u>	<u>\$000</u>	<u>\$000</u>	<u>\$000</u>	<u>\$000</u>	
Note 4: Finance Income and Finance Costs						
Finance Income						
Bank deposits	834	980	521	117	568	
North Otago Irrigation Co Ltd	727	550	727	872	550	
Observatory Village Charitable Trust	-	-	-	263	-	
Other community loans	16	15	16	22	16	
Total Finance income	1,577	1,545	1,264	1,274	1,134	
Finance costs						
Interest on bank borrowings	-	14	-	-	-	
Interest on other external borrowings	1	-	-	-	-	
Total Finance costs	1	14		-		
Net Finance revenue/(cost)	\$1,576	\$1,531	\$1,264	\$1,274	\$1,134	
Note 5: Operating Revenue - Non-trading Ga Assets vested in Council	11137 (LU3363)					
Land & Improvements	21	-	21	-	-	
Roading & Bridges	14	65	14	-	65	
Stormwater Drainage	-	-	-	-	-	
Water Assets	-	48	-	-	48	
Sewer Assets	-	30	-	-	30	
Plant Assets	-	-	-	-	-	
Buildings Assets	95	-	-	-	-	
Other Assets	28	3	28	-	3	
Total Assets Vested in Council	\$158	\$146	\$63	\$ -	\$146	
Other Gains and Losses						
Gain/(loss) on Property Plant & Equipment	(3,672)	(938)	(3,665)	-	(933)	
Depreciation recovered on disposal	1,167	54	459	-	31	
Gain on forestry harvesting	432	-	432	-	-	
Gain/(loss) on revaluation of Forestry Assets	102	(632)	102	-	(632)	
Inpairment of non-current financial asset	(2,278)	-	-	-	-	
Total Other Gains / Losses	(\$4,249)	(\$1,516)	(\$2,672)	\$ -	(\$1,534)	

	Consoli 2016 <u>\$000</u>	dated 2015 <u>\$000</u>	2016	Council Only 2016 Annual Plan <u>\$000</u>	2015 <u>\$000</u>
Note 6: Operating Expenses - Personnel Cos	ts				
Salaries and wages	27,554	26,544	9,588	9,927	9,095
Redundancy and severance payments	90	30	36	-	30
Defined contribution plan employer contributions	776	416	248	222	220
Fringe Benefit Taxes	93	92	42	43	42
Total staff costs	\$28,513	\$27,082	\$9,914	\$10,192	\$9,387

Defined contribution plan employer contributions include contributions to both Kiwisaver and the D&P Contributors Scheme

#### Note 7: Operating Expenses - Other Charges

Audit Fees					
AuditNewZealand					
Audit Current Year Annual Report	164	160	112	125	110
Audit 2015-25 Long Term Plan	-	73	-	-	73
Other audit providers					
Audit Current Year Annual Report	23	22	-	-	-
Other Services provided	12	17	-	-	-
Community grants and donations	1,100	1,305	1,034	1,212	1,227
Directors' Fees	327	304	-	-	-
Impairment of Receivables					
Total Bad Debts written off	16	20	13	250	19
Change in Provision for Doubtful Debts	16	(74)	11	-	(77)
Insurance premiums	646	723	340	495	407
Provision for closed landfill	120	(260)	120	(144)	(260)
Renting and Leasing	448	431	109	115	100
Other Expenditure	29,991	26,891	20,881	22,151	18,743
Total Other Operating Expenses	\$32,863	\$29,612	\$22,620	\$24,204	\$20,342

	Consolidated 2016 2015		Counci 2016	l only 2015
	<u>\$000</u>	<u>\$000</u>	<u>\$000</u>	<u>\$000</u>
Note 8: Taxation				
Relationship between tax expense and account	ing profit			
Net surplus / (deficit) before taxation Taxation Expense:	237	3,357	1,320	2,992
Prima facie taxation at 28% Plus/(Less) Taxation Effect of Differences	66	940	370	838
<ul> <li>revenue not liable for taxation</li> <li>expenditure not deductible for taxation</li> </ul>	231 -	(1,056) -	(370) -	(838) -
Income Tax Expense	\$ 297	(\$ 116)	-	-
<i>This is represented by:</i> Current taxation Prior year adjustment Deferred taxation provision	435 (63) (75)	80 (274) 78	-	-
Income Tax Expense	\$ 297	(\$ 116)	-	-
Deferred taxation liability/(benefit)				
Opening balance Deferred taxation position current year	620 (75)	542 78	-	- -
Total Deferred Tax	\$ 545	\$ 620	-	-
Deferred taxation comprises:				
Short term temporary differences	545	620	-	-
	\$ 545	\$ 620	-	-

Council has not recognised a deferred tax asset in relation to unused tax losses of \$320,776 which are available to be carried forward and offset against future taxable revenue (2015: \$580,416).

Whitestone Contracting Ltd has imputation credits of \$1,876,581 (2015: \$1,917,829) and Tourism Waitaki Ltd has imputation credits of \$17,927 (2015: \$34,576), both of which can be used to impute dividend payments made to Council. These amounts are not recorded in the financial statements.

Temporary differences arise primarily from changes in accruals and differences between tax and accounting depreciation rates.

Consolid	Consolidated		il Only
2016	2015	2016	2015
<u>\$000</u>	<u>\$000</u>	<u>\$000</u>	<u>\$000</u>

#### Note 9: Public Equity

Public Equity represents the net worth of Council, measured by the difference between total assets and total liabilities. It comprises both revenue and capital reserves: Ratepayers Equity, Revaluation Reserves, Operating Reserves, and Restricted Reserves.

<b>Ratepayers Equity</b> Balance at 1 July Transfer from Operating Reserves	310,208 -	310,208 -	310,208 -	310,208 -
Balance at 30 June	\$310,208	\$310,208	\$310,208	\$310,208
Revaluation Reserves Balance at 1 July Roading Decrease Roading Disposals (to operating reserve) Water & Waste Increase Water & Waste Disposals (to operating reserve) Property Increase (Decrease) Property Disposals (to operating reserve)	412,994 (287) 5,824 (738) - (1,069)	416,112 (2,588) - (627) 166 (69)	403,451 (287) 5,824 (738) - (1,069)	406,112 (2,588) - - (627) (88) (69)
Balance at 30 June	\$416,724	\$412,994	\$407,181	\$403,451
<b>Represented by</b> Infrastructural Assets Council Property Council Other (Museum) Waitaki District Health Services Ltd Whitestone Contracting Ltd	360,338 46,718 125 7,079 2,464	355,538 47,788 125 7,079 2,464	360,338 46,718 125 -	355,538 47,788 125 - -
Balance at 30 June	\$416,724	\$412,994	\$407,181	\$403,451

Revaluation Reserves represent the difference between revalued assets and the value of those assets originally incorporated in Council's or other entities' financial statements.

#### **Operating Reserves**

Balance at 1 July	34,076	30,534	17,260	14,199
Net surplus/(deficit) after tax	(60)	3,473	1,320	2,992
Transfer from Revaluation Reserves Transfer from Other Reserves Transfer to Other Reserves	2,094 1,181 (2,584)	696 1,015 (1,642)	2,094 1,181 (2,584)	696 1,015 (1,642)
Balance at 30 June	\$34,707	\$34,076	\$19,271	\$17,260

Operating Reserves represent the un-appropriated surpluses of the entities and as such are "paper" transactions and not fully represented by cash funds.

Consol	Consolidated		l Only
2016	2015	2016	2015
<u>\$000</u>	<u>\$000</u>	<u>\$000</u>	<u>\$000</u>

#### Note 9: Public Equity (Continued)

#### **Other Reserves**

These consist of Reserves and Trust Funds created or received by Council under terms that restrict their use. All such funds are available only for the purpose specified.

#### - Restricted Reserves

Balance at 1 July Deposits and Interest To Operating Reserves to meet disbursements	12,833 2,554 (1,150)	12,207 1,612 (986)	12,833 2,554 (1,150)	12,207 1,612 (986)
Balance at 30 June	\$14,237	\$12,833	\$14,237	\$12,833
<b>Represented by</b> Special Funds Trust Funds Loan Funds	12,560 1,676 1	11,037 1,795 <u>1</u>	12,560 1,676 1	11,037 1,795 1
Balance at 30 June	\$14,237	\$12,833	\$14,237	\$12,833

Additional analysis of the movements in Other Reserves, and specifics of the purpose of significant types of Other Reserves, are provided in the table appearing on the following page.

#### - Trust Funds

Balance at 1 July Deposits and Interest To Operating Reserves to meet disbursements	1 30 (31)	- 30 (29)	1 30 (31)	- 30 (29)
Balance at 30 June	\$-	\$1	\$-	\$1
<b>Represented by</b> SPARC Commission Funds Creative Communities Funds	-	- 1_	-	- 1
Balance at 30 June	\$-	\$1	\$-	\$1
Total Other Reserves	\$14,237	\$12,834	\$14,237	\$12,834

These are funds provided for distribution to local community and sporting groups by SPARC and Creative Communities nationally. Depending on the number and quality of applications received for funding, Council may not be able to distribute all the funds provided and, in such instances, may carry any balance remaining undistributed forward for future periods.
#### Note 9: Public Equity (Continued)

#### **Other Reserves (Continued)**

Type of Reserve	Purpose of Reserve		Balance at 1 July 2014 \$000	Transfers to Reserves \$000	Transfers from Reserves \$000	Balance at 30 June 2015 \$000	Transfers to Reserves \$000	Transfers from Reserves \$000	Balance at 30 June 2016 \$000
Special Reserves									
<u>Development Funds</u> Roading Water Sewer Total Development Funds	For future expansion and upgrading of infrastructure to allow for growth	A	673 1,498 <u>1,874</u> 4,045	154 311 <u>151</u> 616	(222) (257) (46) (525)	605 1,552 <u>1,979</u> 4,136	167 306 <u>166</u> 639	-	543 1,764 2,145 4,452
Other Council-created Funds Disaster Fund Insurance Excess Fund Land Endowment Fund Community Housing Fund Forestry Planting Fund Other reserve funds	Contingency fund for rapid response Contingency fund for uninsured loss Operational funding Future community housing projects Net proceeds from forestry activities Established for other purposes	B C C D E F	3,340 - 1,322 692 212 763	152 68 209 30 145 151	(28) - (73) - - (82)	3,464 68 1,458 722 357 832	154 68 280 30 765 461	- (179) -	3,583 136 1,559 752 1,174 904
<b>Total Special Reserves</b>			10,374	1,371	(708)	11,037	2,397	(874)	12,560
Trust Funds									
Waitaki Heritage Fund RMA Reserve Oamaru Public Gardens North Otago Museum Other community purposes	Support for heritage projects Future recreational developments Grants, donations, bequests and other gifts for specific purposes	G	117 867 175 151 522	10 187 8 11 25	(20) (233) - - (25)	107 821 183 162 522	158 110 7 11 (129	(2) (214) - (40)	259 717 190 133 377
Total Trust Funds			1,832	241	(278)	1,795	157	(276)	1,676
Loan Funds Arising from repayments of previou	is heritage loans		1	-	-	1	-	-	1
Total Loan Funds			1	-	-	1	-	-	1
Total Restricted Reserves			\$ 12,207	\$ 1,612	(\$ 986)	\$ 12,833	\$ 2,554	(\$ 1,150)	\$ 14,237

Note A - Development Contributions are intended to assist in funding infrastructure projects that provide expanded capacity necessary due to growth

Note B - Apart from the Disaster Fund, other Council-created funds may be accessed only by Council resolution

Note C - The Disaster and Insurance Excess Funds were established to provide emergency funding to allow Council to respond quickly in the event of disaster

Note D - Endowment Funds have been established to provide additional operational funding for specific Council activities

Note E - Council resolved to set aside funds from the sale of community housing units for other community housing initiatives

Note F - Proceeds from Forestry activities are set aside to fund future re-planting requirements

Note G - Financial contributions received from developers under the Resource Management Act are used for parks and green spaces to service new subdivisions

### Note 10: Property, Plant and Equipment (Council Only)

2016 Council Only	Cost/ Valuation 1-Jul-15	Current Year Assets Constructed by WDC	Current Year Assets Transferred to WDC	Current Year Disposals	Revaluation	Cost/ Valuation 30-Jun-16	Accum Depn & Impairment Charges 1-Jul-15	Current Year Depreciation	Current Year Disposals	Revaluation	Current Year Impairment Charges	Accum Depn & Impairment Charges 30-Jun-16	Book Value 30-Jun-15	Book Value 30-Jun-16
	\$000	\$000	\$000	\$000	\$000	\$000	\$000	\$000	\$000	\$000	\$000	\$000	\$000	\$000
Land	46,428	3	21	(1,953)		44,499							46,428	44,499
Buildings and Improvements	43,638	501		(676)		43,463	4,940	2,241	(163)			7,018	38,698	36,445
Infrastructural Assets - Roading	462,403	6,140	14	(469)		468,088	4,713	4,489				9,202	457,690	458,886
- Bridges	22,017	37				22,054	592	591				1,183	21,425	20,871
- Water Supply Schemes: Treatment Plants and Facilities Other Assets (ie Reticulation)	17,203 41,226	143 759		(299) (539)	(2,573) 212	14,474 41,658	2,409 2,257	789 871	(27) (45)			775 855	14,794 38,969	13,699 40,803
- Sewerage Schemes: Treatment Plants and Facilities Other Assets (ie Reticulation)	8,585 32,972	19 34		(10) (18)		8,102 33,301	860 1,853	315 684	(2) (2)			312 683	7,725 31,119	7,790 32,618
- Drainage Schemes	14,703			(37)	412	15,078	616	224	(1)	(616)		223	14,087	14,855
- Solid Waste Facilities	1,288	12				1,300	970	63				1,033	318	267
- Oamaru Harbour	32,496	13				32,509	4,736	340				5,076	27,760	27,433
- Alps to Ocean	2,443	1,000				3,443	137	109				246	2,306	3,197
Total Infrastructural Assets	635,336	8,157	14	(1,372)	(2,128)	640,007	19,143	8,475	(77)	(7,953)		19,588	616,193	620,419
Operational Assets - Plant, Equipment and Vehicles	2,203	246	22	(225)		2,246	1,129	199	(147)			1,181	1,074	1,065
- Office Equipment and Fittings	3,203	320		(16)		3,507	2,581	235	(16)			2,800	622	707
Total Operational Assets	5,406	566	22	(241)		5,753	3,710	434	(163)			3,981	1,696	1,772
Collections	2,246	108	5	(232)		2,127	777	90	(220)			647	1,469	1,480
Capital Works in Progress	2,914	3,009		(1,306)		4,617							2,914	4,617
	735,968	12,344	62	(5,780)	(2,128)	740,466	28,570	11,240	(623)	(7,953)		31,234	707,398	709,232

### Note 10: Property, Plant and Equipment (Council Only)

2015 Council Only	Cost/ Valuation 1-Jul-14	Current Year Assets Constructed by WDC	Current Year Assets Transferred to WDC	Current Year Disposals	Revaluation	Cost/ Valuation 30-Jun-15	Accum Depn & Impairment Charges 1-Jul-14	Current Year Depreciation	Current Year Disposals	Revaluation	Current Year Impairment Charges	Accum Depn & Impairment Charges 30-Jun-15	Book Value 30-Jun-14	Book Value 30-Jun-15
	\$000	\$000	\$000	\$000	\$000	\$000	\$000	\$000	\$000	\$000	\$000	\$000	\$000	\$000
Land	46,563	91		(138)	(88)	46,428							46,563	46,428
Buildings and Improvements	43,226	458		(46)		43,638	2,750	2,193	(3)			4,940	40,476	38,698
Infrastructural Assets - Roading	472,707	6,379	65		(16,748)	462,403	15,448	4,471		(15,206)		4,713	457,259	457,690
- Bridges	24,363	558			(2,904)	22,017	1,858	592		(1,858)		592	22,505	21,425
- Water Supply Schemes: Treatment Plants and Facilities Other Assets (ie Reticulation)	16,141 39,727	1,086 2,139	47	(24) (687)		17,203 41,226	1,717 1,513		(9) (83)			2,409 2,257	14,424 38,214	14,794 38,969
- Sewerage Schemes: Treatment Plants and Facilities Other Assets (ie Reticulation)	8,616 32,261	688	30	(31) (7)		8,585 32,972	594 1,247		(28) (2)			860 1,853	8,022 31,014	7,725 31,119
- Drainage Schemes	14,699	4				14,703	408	208				616	14,291	14,087
- Solid Waste Facilities	1,293			(5)		1,288	913	62	(5)			970	380	318
- Oamaru Harbour	32,496					32,496	4,395	341				4,736	28,101	27,760
- Alps to Ocean	2,126	317				2,443	50	87				137	2,076	2,306
Total Infrastructural Assets	644,429	11,171	142	(754)	(19,652)	635,336	28,143	8,191	(127)	(17,064)		19,143	616,286	616,193
Operational Assets - Plant, Equipment and Vehicles	3,132	253		(1,182)		2,203	1,776	225	(872)			1,129	1,356	1,074
- Office Equipment and Fittings	3,077	210		(84)		3,203	2,426	239	(84)			2,581	651	622
Total Operational Assets	6,209	463		(1,266)		5,406	4,202	464	(956)			3,710	2,007	1,696
Collections	2,479	107	3	(343)		2,246	1,019	93	(335)			777	1,460	1,469
Capital Works in Progress	4,773	1,052		(2,911)		2,914							4,773	2,914
	747,679	13,342	145	(5,458)	(19,740)	735,968	36,114	10,941	(1,421)	(17,064)		28,570	711,565	707,398

### Note 10: Property, Plant and Equipment (Consolidated)

2016 Consolidated	Cost/ Valuation 1-Jul-15	Current Year Assets Constructed by WDC	Current Year Assets Transferred to WDC	Current Year Disposals	Revaluation	Cost/ Valuation 30-Jun-16	Accum Depn & Impairment Charges 1-Jul-15	Current Year Depreciation	Current Year Disposals	Revaluation	Current Year Impairment Charges	Accum Depn & Impairment Charges 30-Jun-16	Book Value 30-Jun-15	Book Value 30-Jun-16
	\$000	\$000	\$000	\$000	\$000	\$000	\$000	\$000	\$000	\$000	\$000	\$000	\$000	\$000
Land	49,217	3	21	(1,938)		47,303							49,217	47,303
Buildings and Improvements	55,276	687	95	(778)		55,280	5,121	2,665	(264)			7,522	50,155	47,758
Infrastructural Assets - Roading	462,403	6,140	14	(469)		468,088	4,713	4,489				9,202	457,690	458,886
- Bridges	22,017	37				22,054	592	591				1,183	21,425	20,871
- Water Supply Schemes Treatment Plants and Facilities Other Assets (ie Reticulation)	17,203 41,226	143 759		(299) (539)	(2,573) 212	14,474 41,658	2,409 2,257	789 871	(27) (45)			775 855	14,794 38,969	13,699 40,803
- Sewerage Schemes Treatment Plants and Facilities Other Assets (ie Reticulation)	8,585 32,972	19 34		(10) (18)		8,102 33,301	860 1,853	315 684	(2) (2)			312 683	7,725 31,119	7,790 32,618
- Drainage Schemes	14,703			(37)	412	15,078	616	224	(1)	(616)		223	14,087	14,855
- Solid Waste	1,288	12				1,300	970	63				1,033	318	267
- Oamaru Harbour	32,496	13				32,509	4,736	340				5,076	27,760	27,433
- Alps to Ocean	2,443	1,000				3,443	137	109				246	2,306	3,197
Total Infrastructural Assets	635,336	8,157	14	(1,372)	(2,128)	640,007	19,143	8,475	(77)	(7,953)		19,588	616,193	620,419
Operational Assets - Plant, Equipment and Vehicles	24,691	2,045	22	(1,095)		25,663	17,168	1,592	(891)		32	17,901	7,523	7,762
- Office Equipment and Fittings	4,721	470		(82)		5,109	3,730	347	(80)			3,997	991	1,112
Total Operational Assets	29,412	2,515	22	(1,177)		30,772	20,898	1,939	(971)		32	21,898	8,514	8,874
Collections	2,246	108	5	(232)		2,127	777	90	(220)			647	1,469	1,480
Capital Works in Progress	2,914	3,060		(1,306)		4,668							2,914	4,668
	774,401	14,530	157	(6,803)	(2,128)	780,157	45,939	13,169	(1,532)	(7,953)	32	49,655	728,462	730,502

### Note 10: Property, Plant and Equipment (Consolidated)

2015 Consolidated	Cost/ Valuation 1-Jul-14	Current Year Assets Constructed by WDC	Current Year Assets Transferred to WDC	Current Year Disposals	Revaluation	Cost/ Valuation 30-Jun-15	Accum Depn & Impairment Charges 1-Jul-14	Current Year Depreciation	Current Year Disposals	Revaluation	Current Year Impairment Charges	Accum Depn & Impairment Charges 30-Jun-15	Book Value 30-Jun-14	Book Value 30-Jun-15
	\$000	\$000	\$000	\$000	\$000	\$000	\$000	\$000	\$000	\$000	\$000	\$000	\$000	\$000
Land	49,337	91		(123)	(88)	49,217							49,337	49,217
Buildings and Improvements	55,100	467		(183)	(107)	55,277	3,022	2,600	(140)	(361)		5,121	52,078	50,156
Infrastructural Assets - Roading	472,707	6,379	65		(16,748)	462,403	15,448	4,471		(15,206)		4,713	457,259	457,690
- Bridges	24,363	558			(2,904)	22,017	1,858	592		(1,858)		592	22,505	21,425
- Water Supply Schemes Treatment Plants and Facilities Other Assets (ie Reticulation)	16,141 39,727	1,086 2,139	47	(24) (687)		17,203 41,226	1,717 1,513	701 827	(9) (83)			2,409 2,257	14,424 38,214	14,794 38,969
- Sewerage Schemes Treatment Plants and Facilities Other Assets (ie Reticulation)	8,616 32,261	688	30	(31) (7)		8,585 32,972	594 1,247	294 608	(28) (2)			860 1,853	8,022 31,014	7,725 31,119
- Drainage Schemes	14,699	4				14,703	408	208				616	14,291	14,087
- Solid Waste	1,293			(5)		1,288	913	62	(5)			970	380	318
- Oamaru Harbour	32,496					32,496	4,395	341				4,736	28,101	27,760
- Alps to Ocean	2,126	317				2,443	50	87				137	2,076	2,306
Total Infrastructural Assets	644,429	11,171	142	(754)	(19,652)	635,336	28,143	8,191	(127)	(17,064)		19,143	616,286	616,193
Operational Assets - Plant, Equipment and Vehicles	24,905	1,347		(1,562)		24,690	16,741	1,599	(1,172)			17,168	8,164	7,522
- Office Equipment and Fittings	4,540	297		(116)		4,721	3,509	333	(112)			3,730	1,031	991
Total Operational Assets	29,445	1,644		(1,678)		29,411	20,250	1,932	(1,284)			20,898	9,195	8,513
Collections	2,479	107	3	(343)		2,246	1,019	93	(335)			777	1,460	1,469
Capital Works in Progress	4,773	1,052		(2,911)		2,914							4,773	2,914
	785,563	14,532	145	(5,992)	(19,847)	774,401	52,434	12,816	(1,886)	(17,425)		45,939	733,129	728,462

### Note 10: Property, Plant and Equipment – continued

#### Fair Values

Council considers that current book values for fixed assets accurately reflect fair value overall. Property and infrastructural assets are revalued regularly in accordance with Council policy.

#### **Capital Work in Progress**

Capital Work in Progress consists of the following asset categories:

	2016 \$000	2015 <u>\$000</u>
Infrastructural Assets – roading and bridges	176	190
Infrastructural Assets – water supply schemes	2,230	873
Infrastructural Assets – sewerage schemes	709	647
Infrastructural Assets – drainage schemes	128	64
Property and other assets	1,374	1,140
Total	\$4,617	\$2,914

#### **Restricted Assets**

The asset categories Land, and Buildings and Improvements, include properties that are restricted. These restrictions relate to Council's right to use, or dispose of, the asset, and may derive either from legislation (such as the Reserves Act 1977) or from the terms of particular endowments or bequests which determine the purpose for which the assets may be used. The carrying value of such assets amounts to \$6,081,118 (2015: \$6,230,782).

#### **Oamaru Harbour**

Oamaru Harbour, including the breakwater structure and wharves, was valued by Royds Garden Ltd, Consulting Engineers, in 1992, and was initially recognised at deemed cost of \$32 million. The assets have not been subsequently revalued, and are depreciated in accordance with stated policies. The assets must be assessed for impairment annually. To make this assessment, Council engaged Gary Teear, Registered Engineer, OCEL Consultants NZ Ltd, to value the breakwater at 30 June 2007. This valued the assets at \$36.5 million, so no adjustment has been made to the carrying value.

#### Insurance (mandatory disclosure required by Schedule 10, s31A of the LGA 2002)

The Canterbury earthquakes highlighted the importance of risk management and of insurance and risk financing in the protection of public assets. Council can provide key services in the future only if its infrastructure assets, in particular, remain available for use, and must consider carefully ways of managing risk effectively and making the best use of insurance and other mitigation tools.

#### - Water, Waste Water and Storm Water Assets

Total carrying value \$109,765,339. Individual assets valued in excess of \$1,000,000 are insured – the value of these assets for insurance purposes is \$34,429,640 (2015: \$24,301,232). Council mitigates the risk related to the remaining assets through its membership of the Local Authority Protection Programme (LAPP), use of depreciation reserves and the Disaster Fund (refer below).

Estimated cost of full replacement of the assets totals \$201,680,000, based on the most recent valuation<br/>at 1 July 2015, and subsequent additions at cost or valuation, and can be analysed as follows:<br/>Water Supply schemes – treatment plants and facilities\$31,340,000Water Supply schemes – other assets (ie reticulation)\$69,457,000Waste Water (Sewerage) schemes – treatment plants and facilities\$21,219,000Waste Water (Sewerage) schemes – other assets (ie reticulation)\$53,340,000Storm Water (Drainage) schemes\$26,324,000

#### - Land and Buildings

Land has a carrying value of \$44,498,946 and cannot be insured. Restoration might be funded by the Earthquake Commission if the loss resulted from an earthquake or landslip.

### Note 10: Property, Plant and Equipment – continued

Buildings have a carrying value of \$36,444,590, and a value of \$61,174,366 (2015: \$59,703,646) for insurance purposes. Council self-insures buildings which would either not be replaced in the event of loss, or would be funded from depreciation reserves and the Disaster Fund (refer below).

### - Roading Assets, including bridges and footpaths

Total carrying value \$479,757,343. Not specifically insured, but significant loss or damage would be subsidised by the New Zealand Transport Agency, which has subsidised costs from storm events in previous years. Current rates of financial assistance may change in the future. Any un-subsidised cost would be met from depreciation reserves, and the Disaster Fund (refer below). Estimated cost of full replacement of the assets is <u>\$627,526,000</u> based on the valuation at 1 July 2014.

### - Art Works, Museum Collections, Library Books

Total carrying value \$1,479,201. Valued at \$3,772,500 for insurance purposes (2015: \$3,764,500), being \$2,722,500 for Council's own art works (2015: \$2,714,500), and \$1,050,000 for art works on loan to Council (2015: \$1,050,000). The balance of Council's own art works is uninsured. No provision has been made to self-insure these items, as they are considered unique, and could not be replaced.

Library books are not insured, and their replacement would be met from depreciation reserves.

### - Vehicles, Plant and Equipment, Furniture and Fittings

Vehicles have a carrying value of \$1,064,983, and a value for insurance purposes of \$1,112,515 (2015: \$1,069,283). All are insured for replacement value.

Other items with a carrying value of \$706,812 are not insured. Individual items are not generally of material value, and depreciation reserves would provide funding for replacement.

### - Solid Waste facilities, Oamaru Harbour and the Alps2Ocean Cycle Trail

Total carrying value of \$30,897,278. Not specifically insured. Replacement or reinstatement would be funded from operational budgets or depreciation reserves.

### - Summary of Insurance Cover arranged by Council

Total carrying value of Property Plant and Equipment	\$709,231,641
Total value of cover for insurance purposes	<u>\$100,489,021</u>
Total value of uninsured assets	\$608,742,620
Significant uninsured assets include:	
Roading network (NZTA subsidies, Council reserves)	\$479,757,343
Water, Waste water and stormwater assets (LAPP assistance)	\$75,335,699
Land holdings (uninsurable, potential Earthquake Commission funding)	\$44,498,946
Solid Waste, Harbour, Cycle Trail	\$30,897,278

In the event of the destruction of or significant damage to uninsured assets as a result of a natural disaster, financial support might be provided from NZTA subsidies, the LAPP fund, the Earthquake Commission and Council's own reserves, including the Disaster Fund and the Insurance Excess Fund (details below). Furthermore, assets that were destroyed might not be rebuilt or, if reconstructed, might not be in the same configuration as the previous asset, in order to reduce cost.

### Disaster Fund, Insurance Excess Fund (refer also Note 9 – Special Reserves)

Council has specific reserves to enable it to provide a rapid response to a significant and damaging event and to provide a reserve to meet uninsured losses that may arise. At 30 June 2016, the Disaster Fund stood at \$3,582,771 (2015: \$3,463,700), and the Insurance Excess Fund totalled \$135,538 (2015: \$68,005). Council maintains committed cash facilities with its bankers to provide additional and immediate funding to meet any shortfall.

		201	6			20	15	
	Software	Carbon Credits	Other	Total	Software	Carbon Credits	Other	Total
	\$000	\$000	\$000	\$000	\$000	\$000	\$000	\$000
Note 11: Intangible Ass	ets							
Council only								
Balance at 1 July								
Cost	1,969	81	165	2,215	1,946	34	165	2,145
Accumulated Amortisation	(1,090)	-	(133)	(1,223)	(868)	-	(127)	(995)
Opening Book Value	879	81	32	992	1,078	34	38	1,150
Movements for the year								
Additions	145	-	-	145	23	55	-	78
Disposals - cost	-	(18)	-	(18)	-	(8)	-	(8)
Amortisation charge	(217)	-	(7)	(224)	(222)	-	(6)	(228)
Disposals - accum amortisation	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Net movement for the year	(72)	(18)	(7)	(97)	(199)	47	(6)	(158)
Balance at 30 June								
Cost	2,114	63	165	2,342	1,969	81	165	2,215
Accumulated Amortisation	(1,307)	-	(140)	(1,447)	(1,090)	-	(133)	(1,223)
Closing Book Value	\$807	\$63	\$25	\$895	\$879	\$81	\$32	\$992
Consolidated								
Balance at 1 July								
Cost	2,069	81	988	3,138	1,991	34	985	3,010
Accumulated Amortisation	(1,107)	-	(448)	(1,555)	(868)	-	(391)	(1,259)
Opening Book Value	962	81	540	1,583	1,123	34	594	1,751
Movements for the year								
Additions	176	-	-	176	78	55	3	136
Disposals - cost	-	(18)	-	(18)	-	(8)	-	(8)
Amortisation charge	(242)	-	(141)	(383)	(239)	-	(57)	(296)
Disposals - accum amortisation	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Net movement for the year	(66)	(18)	(141)	(225)	(161)	47	(54)	(168)
Balance at 30 June								
Cost	2,245	63	988	3,296	2,069	81	988	3,138
Accumulated Amortisation	(1,349)	-	(589)	(1,938)	(1,107)	-	(448)	(1,555)

### **Carbon Credits**

These include 8,340 credits vested in Council by Central Government in the 2012/13 financial year related to Council's forestry plantations (see note 12), to be held against the potential liability that would arise should Council, in the future, decide against replanting forested areas after harvesting or fire.

Additional credits purchased since that time are believed to be sufficient to meet anticipated future obligations related to emissions at the Oamaru landfill facility through to the closure of the facility. These obligations will be satisfied by surrendering (disposing of) credits based on volumes of waste accepted at the facility each year. Credits remaining unused after the landfill facility is closed will be held against any potential future liability relating to the forestry plantations referred to above.

Notes to the Financial Statements							
	Conso	idated					
	2016	2015					
	\$000	\$000					

Note 12: Forestry Assets				
Balance at 1 July	402	1,035	402	1,035
Forestry area (7.5ha) divested to DOC Impact arising from harvesting activities	(4) (247)	- (308)	(4) (247)	- (308)
Gains / (Losses) arising from changes in fair value less estimated point of sale costs	102	(325)	102	(325)
Balance at 30 June	\$253	\$402	\$253	\$402

Council owns 234.95ha of land for forestry (2015: 242.45ha). Of this total estate, 88.28ha (2015: 82.58ha) is planted, mainly in *pinus radiata*, in nine blocks in the Waitaki district. These are at varying stages of maturity, mainly from 20 - 30 years. Council's forestry holdings are primarily for aesthetic and land protection purposes.

The annual valuation, dated 30 June 2016, was performed by David Janett, B.For.Sc, MNZIF, a registered forestry consultant, on behalf of Forestry Management Limited. A pre-tax discount rate of 9.0% (2015: 9.0%) has been used to discount the present value of expected cash flows. All costs and prices used are based on current market information.

Council is exposed to financial risks arising from changes in timber prices. Council is a long term forest owner and has therefore not taken any measures to manage this risk.

#### Insurance

Council's forestry assets are subject to the risk of fire and storm damage. In the 2016/17 financial year Council had arranged insurance which provides maximum cover of \$223,861 (2015: \$554,110) for the forestry plantations, up to \$250,000 (2015: \$250,000) for fire-fighting costs and up to \$111,800 (2015: \$111,800) for replanting and other re-establishment costs. The reduced level of insurance cover reflects the decreased value of the forest asset after logging activities undertaken during the year.

### **Emissions Trading Scheme**

The forestry plantations are professionally managed and Council adheres strictly to a replanting plan developed by its advisers to ensure that there is no liability related to the Emissions Trading Scheme. Council holds 8.340 carbon credits specifically related to its forestry asset (refer note 11).

**Council Only** 

2015 \$000

2016

\$000

	Conso 2016 <u>\$000</u>	lidated 2015 <u>\$000</u>	Cound 2016 <u>\$000</u>	cil Only 2015 <u>\$000</u>
Note 13: Other Financial Assets				
Non-Current Available for sale				
Shares in other companies (see below)	145	145	145	145
Investments Carried at Cost Shares in Subsidiaries	-	-	4,912	4,912
Loans and Receivables				
Mortgages and Secured Loans	19,526	660	17,663	660
Total Non-Current Other Financial Assets	\$19,671	\$805	\$22,720	\$5,717
Current				
Term Deposits maturing between 3 & 12 months	17,310	16,878	14,750	9,250
Mortgages and Secured Loans	1	13,050	1	13,050
Total Current Other Financial Assets	\$17,311	\$29,928	\$14,751	\$22,300
Maturity Profile				
Within one year	17,311	29,928	14,751	22,300
One to two years	1	-	1	-
Two to five years	662	660	662	660
Five years and over	19,008	145	17,145	145
Total Other Financial Assets	\$36,982	\$30,733	\$32,559	\$23,105

The effective interest rate on mortgages and secured loans at year end was 4.56% (2015: 4.43%).

### Loans and Receivables

Council's loans to community groups is primarily the new loan to North Otago Irrigation Co Ltd (NOIC) which had a balance of \$17,000,000 (2015: \$13,042,877) at year end. Interest is based on the 1 year bill rate and is reviewed annually. The loan is for seven years, maturing in August 2022, and is secured by a General Security Agreement covering the Company's assets including Water Supply Contracts and Memorandum of Encumbrances between NOIC and the Irrigators.

Secured loans for the Group relate to an interest-free advance to the Observatory Village Charitable Trust. The principal sum is \$4,141,000, and the loan is secured by a General Security Agreement covering the Trust's assets. However, because repayments will not commence until the 2027/28 financial year and as there is uncertainty around the ability of the Trust to make the projected repayments, the value of the loan has been impaired by \$2,278,214, reducing the present value of the loan to \$1,862,786 using a discount rate of 5.77%. This impairment allowance will be reassessed annually.

Cons	olidated	Counci	l Only
2016	2015	2016	2015
<u>\$000</u>	<u>\$000</u>	<u>\$000</u>	<u>\$000</u>

### Shares in Other Companies Carried at Cost

Council holds shares in the following unlisted companies (balance dates in brackets):

### New Zealand Local Government Insurance Co Limited (31 December)

	•	,					
Shares held	120,000	120,000	120,000	120,000			
Percentage of Issued Shares	1.09%	1.09%	1.09%	1.09%			
Book Value	\$113,908	\$113,908	\$113,908	\$113,908			
Lower Waitaki Irrigation Co Limited (31 December)							
Shares held	2,909	2,909	2,909	2,909			
Percentage of Issued Shares	11.50%	11.50%	11.50%	11.50%			
Book Value	\$31,016	\$31,016	\$31,016	\$31,016			

As there is no market for shares in these companies, or any like market or shares for sale, a fair value cannot be accurately estimated for these holdings.

### Note 14: Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash at bank and in hand	1,296	2,206	178	(132)
Deposits initially placed for 3 months or less	5,906	6,950	2,285	6,950
Total Cash Equivalents	\$7,202	\$9,156	\$2,463	\$6,818

The overdrawn position at year end 2015 resulted from a bank error which was corrected on 1 July 2015.

### Note 15: Trade and Other Receivables

Rates	2,308	2,176	2,308	2,176
Government Funding	2,615	2,505	1,621	1,481
Inter-company	-	-	53	28
Infringements	37	28	37	28
Sundry Debtors	3,919	3,899	1,013	975
Total Receivables	8,879	8,608	5,032	4,688
Less Provision for Impairment	(899)	(839)	(773)	(762)
	\$7,980	\$7,769	\$4,259	\$3,926

There is no concentration of credit risk outside the group other than the New Zealand Transport Agency and the Southern District Health Board. However, given the nature of these organisations, this risk is assessed as very low.

### Analysis of Receivables

Not yet overdue	7,182	6,794	4,056	3,781
Overdue 0 – 30 days	383	438	136	49
Overdue 30 – 60 days	218	222	16	9
Overdue more than 61 days	1,096	1,154	824	849
Total Receivables	\$8,879	\$8,608	\$5,032	\$4,688

		Conso	lidated	Council Only	
		2016 <u>\$000</u>	2015 <u>\$000</u>	2016 <u>\$000</u>	2015 <u>\$000</u>
Note 15:	Trade and Other Receivables (continued)				
Analysis of Provision for Impairment					

Individual Impairment	160	115	34	38
Collective Impairment	739	724	739	724
Total Receivables	\$899	\$839	\$773	\$762

At 30 June, all general receivables are assessed for impairment and individual provisions are applied. Council holds no security or other credit enhancements over general receivables. The provision is based on expected losses for Council's pool of debtors. Collective impairment relates to outstanding rates that are older than 12 months and to a portion of current year rate penalties.

### Analysis of movements in the Provision for Impairment

At 1 July	839	922	762	839
Increase / (Decrease in Provision	77	(55)	24	(58)
Less Receivables written off	(17)	(28)	(13)	(19)
			•	<b>.</b>
Total inventory classified as Current	\$899	\$839	\$773	\$762

Amounts shown are inclusive of GST if applicable. The face value of Trade and Other Receivables approximates their fair value.

### Note 16: Inventories

Retail Inventories	109	107	11	6
Metal and Soil Stocks	335	289	-	17
Logged Timber	18	42	18	42
Other Supplies	518	538	-	-
Less Provision for Obsolescence	(30)	-	-	-
Total inventory classified as Current	\$950	\$976	\$29	\$65

Property holdings available for sale, for which a sale is not anticipated within twelve months of balance date, have been classified as non-current inventory.

Land – North End Industrial Park, 3 sites	1,150	1,150	1,150	1,150
Land – Omarama, 13 (2015: 14) residential sites	1,000	1,073	1,000	1,073
Land and buildings – Boundary Creek site	369	-	369	-
Total inventory classified as Non-current	\$2,519	\$2,223	\$2,519	\$2,223

The North End Industrial Park sites are subject to an agreement for sale and purchase, with deferred settlement. Interest is charged on the outstanding balance. Full settlement is required by June 2023, but the precise timing cannot be determined.

The residential sections in Omarama and the Boundary Creek property are being actively marketed, but sales have been sporadic and the timing of future sales is uncertain.

Notes to	the	Financial	<b>Statements</b>
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	Consoli	Consolidated		l Only
	2016 <u>\$000</u>	2015 <u>\$000</u>	2016 <u>\$000</u>	2015 <u>\$000</u>
Note 17: Work in Progress				
Cost	5,851	4,655		
Profit Recognised to Date	1,258	822		
Gross Construction WIP	7,109	5,477		
Less Progress Billings	(7,109)	(5,445)		
Net Construction WIP	-	32		
Other Contracts	90	89		
Total Work in Progress	\$90	\$121		

### Note 18: Assets Held for Sale

Land which is available for sale, and for which completion of a sale is anticipated within twelve months of balance date, is included in this category.

Land – Oamaru, Hospital Hill site	-	253	-	253
Land – Oamaru, former hospital site	289	-	289	-
Land – Waitaki District, 3 sites	152	-	152	-
Total	\$441	\$253	\$441	\$253

The property on Hospital Hill was sold in March 2016 for \$615,000.

Land associated with the former Oamaru hospital is being actively marketed and a sale is anticipated within twelve months of balance date.

Two residential sites, one in Oamaru and one in Kurow, have been sold subsequent to balance date, and the sale of a commercial site in Oamaru is expected to be completed during the 2017 financial year.

	Consolidated 2016 2015 <u>\$000 </u> \$000		Council Only 2016 201 <u>\$000 \$00</u>	
Note 19: Provisions				
Landfill Aftercare and Site Restoration				
Opening	635	895	616	876
Provision utilised	(257)	(273)	(257)	(273)
Additions to Provision	377	13	377	13
	\$755	\$635	\$736	\$616
Analysed:				
Non-Current	387	382	387	382
Current	368	253	349	234
	\$755	\$635	\$736	\$616

#### Landfill Aftercare

Council operates landfills in Oamaru and Palmerston, and is required by the conditions of its consents to maintain and monitor those landfills after their closure. This includes establishing a provision to undertake clean-up work at these and other potentially contaminated sites.

The provision is based on the remaining expected life of the landfills, as determined by current and expected future volumes, and the costs of cleaning up and monitoring the sites utilising current methods and technologies. The costs are expected to be incurred over the 30 years following closure, and are discounted back to present value using a discount rate of 5.0% (2015: 5%).

#### **Site Restoration**

This provision is to allow for the restoration of land used for quarrying and other processes.

### Note 20: Employee Entitlements

Accrued Pay	1,252	960	389	365
Annual Leave	2,662	2,635	626	580
Long Service Leave	101	82	-	4
Sick Leave	38	39	-	-
Continuing Medical Entitlements	150	160	-	-
	\$4,203	\$3,876	\$1,015	\$949
Analysed:				
Non-Current	94	82	-	-
Current	4,109	3,794	1,015	949
	\$4,203	\$3,876	\$1,015	\$949

	Consoli 2016 <u>\$000</u>	dated 2015 <u>\$000</u>	Council C 2016 <u>\$000</u>	)nly 2015 <u>\$000</u>
Note 21: Borrowings				
<b>Non-Current Borrowing</b> Public Debt – secured Other secured loans	- 11	-	-	-
Total	\$11	\$-	\$-	\$-
<b>Current Borrowing</b> Public Debt – secured Other secured loans	- 1	-	-	-
Total	\$1	\$-	\$-	\$-
Total Borrowings	\$12	\$-	\$-	\$-

#### **Financing Costs**

Council has no remaining public debt, so no fixed interest rate now applies.

Council has a Committed Cash Facility that can be drawn down for periods between 1 and 90 days. Costs are based on the 90-day rate plus a margin consistent with that charged to similar organisations.

#### Security

Public debt reported by Council as secured is normally secured over future rates revenues, while debt reported by members of Council's group is generally secured over property.

#### **Repayment Terms**

The following is a maturity analysis of total debt:

Payable no later than one year	1	-	-	-
Later than one, not later than five years	11	-	-	-
Later than five years	-	-	-	-
	\$12	\$-	\$-	\$-

Interest	Balance	Increased	Principal	Balance
Expense	1 July	Borrowing	Repaid	30 June
\$000	\$000	\$000	\$000	\$000

### Note 21: Borrowings (continued)

### Internal Loans (Council Only)

Council's Liability, Management and Investment Policy established an internal loan system using cash reserves to fund activities in preference to raising external debt. By using this policy, Council has repaid all its external debt. Internal loans are deemed part of ratepayer debt as, at a future date when cash is needed for the purpose for which it has been raised, external loans may be required.

Internal loan balances outstanding at 30 June 2016 were \$23,943,328 (2015: \$25,074,639), as below:

### Movements for the year ended 30 June 2016

Roads and Footpaths	27	720	37	(223)	534
Waste Water	17	459	51	(197)	313
Stormwater Damage	3	108	-	(97)	11
Water Supply	395	9,754	380	(718)	9,416
Waste Management and minimisation	26	671	-	(117)	554
Arts, Heritage and Culture	-	8	-	(1)	7
Parks and Recreation	25	630	190	(111)	709
Community Amenities	2	43	69	(5)	107
Oamaru Harbour and Historic Precinct	68	1,694	9	(175)	1,528
Commercial and Development Activities	443	10,935	877	(1,048)	10,764
Environmental Regulation and Safety	-	53	-	(53)	-
Support Services	(1,006)				
	, ,				
	-	25,075	1,613	(2,745)	23,943
Movements for the year ended 30 June	2015				
Roads and Footpaths	33	791	-	(71)	720
Waste Water	34	497	34	(72)	459
Stormwater Damage	5	124	16	(32)	108
Water Supply	452	10,625	272	(1,143)	9,754
Waste Management and minimisation	32	779	-	(108)	671
Arts, Heritage and Culture	0	9	-	(1)	8
				· · /	

27

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91

462

(1, 139)

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605

2,412

10,836

26,738

60

131

50

408

53

964

Parks and Recreation

**Community Amenities** 

Support Services

**Oamaru Harbour and Historic Precinct** 

Environmental Regulation and Safety

**Commercial and Development Activities** 

630

1,694

10,935

25,075

43

53

(106)

(17)

(768)

(309)

(2,627)

-

	Consolidated 2016 2015 <u>\$000 \$000</u>		Council 2016 <u>\$000</u>	Only 2015 <u>\$000</u>
Note 22: Trade and Other Payables				
Sundry Creditors Accruals Owing to Subsidiaries Revenue Charged or Received in Advance Deposits	5,352 197 - 1,574 91	5,622 108 - 1,176 99	3,244 99 613 1,223 91	3,062 90 795 1,047 99
Analysed: Non-Current Current	\$7,214 - 7,214 \$7,214	\$7,005 - 7,005 \$7,005	\$5,270 - 5,270 \$5,270	\$5,093 - 5,093 \$5,093
Note 23: Commitments	ΨΓ,ΖΤΨ	φ <i>1</i> ,005	ψ <u></u> σ,270	
Capital Commitments				
Water infrastructure Roading infrastructure Property Total Capital Commitments	452 - 865 \$1,317	365 1,260 <u>93</u> \$1,718	452 375 416 \$1,243	365 1,651 56 \$2,072
Contractual Commitments				
Council and the group have long-term contractual c	ommitments with	the following p	ayment profile	:

Not later than one year	13,578	7,905	14,828	10,546
Later than one year and not later than two	1,871	3.214	2,451	4,350
Later than two years	4,528		4,489	600
Total Contractual commitments	\$19,977	\$11,119	\$21,768	\$15,496

Contractual commitments expected to be paid within twelve months after balance date include:

• In 2016: loan funding of up to \$8 million for the Observatory Village Charitable Trust

• In 2015: additional loan funding of up to \$4 million for North Otago Irrigation Company Ltd.

### **Operating Leases**

Council and the group have commitments related to non-cancellable operating leases with the following payment profile:

Not later than one year Later than one year and not later than five years Later than five years	229 392 1	347 733	104 193 -	105 282 -
Total Operating Lease commitments	\$622	\$1,080	\$297	\$387

### Note 24: Guarantees and Contingencies

### **Council and Group**

- The Building Act 2004 imposes certain obligations and liabilities on local authorities with
  respect to the issuing of building consents and the inspection of work done. In association
  with other local authorities, Council is a member of the Civic Liability Pool (CLP formerly
  the NZ Mutual Liability Risk Pool) established specifically to provide insurance for claims
  nmade under the Building Act 2004. Further calls may be made by the CLP on Council in
  the future. A liability for future calls will be recognised when there is certainty over the
  amounts involved.
- Council is a member of the Local Authority Protection Programme (LAPP). Members may be called upon to make a contribution should a future major natural disaster negatively impact the LAPP. A liability will be recognised in relation to those future contributions when there is more certainty over their amount and timing. Council is not aware of any such liability due at, or occurring since, balance date. *Refer to Note 10 Insurance section*.
- Council is not aware of any actual or potential personal grievance claims (2015: nil).
- Council owns and manages several closed landfills whose contents are unknown. Resource consents require regular monitoring of these landfills. Except for the former Hampden landfill, there are no known defects that might result in a claim, and Council believes defects at this site have been resolved. Future changes to environmental conditions or land use may affect this position. Council has established the Provision for Closed Landfills to reflect the estimated future cost of its obligation see Note 19 for further information.
- Council owns 234.95 (2015: 242.45) hectares of forest, all being pre-1990 forest in terms of the emissions trading scheme. If this land is permanently de-forested, a de-forestation penalty may be incurred, the amount of which is unknown, but its effect is expected to be minimal as Council has no current intention to de-forest this land. Council has been allocated and continues to hold carbon credits related to its forestry asset. See Notes 11 and 12 for further information.
- As a significant property owner, Council faces a number of issues:
  - The findings of the Canterbury Earthquakes Royal Commission of Inquiry are being assessed to determine the potential costs and timing of any changes. Depending on the scale and timing of any necessary structural strengthening or other mitigation work, and the statutory deadlines for its completion, Council may have to reprioritise other capital expenditure; and
  - Insurance premiums are reducing as insurance providers reassess their risk profiles after the Christchurch earthquakes. To mitigate the effect of changes in insurance premiums on rates, Council self-insures a range of assets, and assumes larger excesses in some cases. This strategy carries increased risk of financial loss to Council, the impact of which cannot be accurately quantified. Council continues to monitor this risk and to consider ways by which it can practically limit its exposure. See Note 10 – Insurance section – for further information.

#### Note 25: Financial Instruments

Council, and the Group, are party to financial instruments as part of their everyday operations. These include bank balances, investments, trade accounts receivable, trade creditors and loans.

#### **Interest Rate Risk**

Council, Whitestone Contracting Ltd and Waitaki District Health Services Ltd have policies intended to manage risk related to interest rates and the concentration of credit. All entities in the Group are risk averse and seek to minimise exposure from their treasury activities. Their policies do not allow any transactions of a speculative nature to be entered into.

#### **Financial Instrument Risks**

Council has policies to manage the risks associated with financial instruments. Council is risk averse and seeks to minimise exposure from its treasury activities, and, to that end, has established borrowing and investment policies which do not allow any transactions that are of a speculative nature to be entered into.

#### Market Risk

#### Fair value interest rate risk

Fair value interest rate risk is the risk that the value of a financial instrument will fluctuate due to changes in market interest rates. Council's exposure is limited to any borrowing, short-term bank deposits and short- and longer- term investments in other entities, mainly Whitestone Contracting Ltd, North Otago Irrigation Company Ltd and major registered banks with which Council may from time to time have dealings.

#### Cash flow interest rate risk

Cash flow interest rate risk is the risk that cash flows from financial instruments will fluctuate due to changes in market interest rates. Borrowing and investments issued at variable interest rates expose Council to cash flow interest rate risk. Council's investment policy requires a spread of investment maturity dates to limit exposure to short-term interest rate movements.

#### Currency risk

Currency risk is the risk that the value of a financial instrument will fluctuate due to changes in foreign exchange rates. Council does not enter into foreign currency transactions.

### Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that a third party will default on its obligations causing Council to incur a loss. Due to the timing of cash inflows and outflows, surplus cash is invested with registered banks. Council's investment policy limits the amount of credit exposure to any one institution. Council's maximum credit exposure for each class of financial instrument is the total carrying amount of cash equivalents, trade receivables and loans and receivables. No collateral is held as security against cash equivalents and some short-term community loans. Further details are provided in Notes 13, 14 and 15.

In the normal course of business the Group incurs credit risk from debtors and financial institutions. NZTA owed 16.89% (2015: 21.03%) of debtors due to Council at balance date. The Southern District Health Board is the major debtor of Waitaki District Health Services Ltd. Council has a significant geographic concentration of credit risk in the Waitaki District of New Zealand, but there are no other significant concentrations of credit risk. The Group does not require any collateral or security to support financial instruments of the financial institutions dealt with.

#### Note 25: Financial Instruments (continued)

The Group has total bank overdraft and Letter of Credit facilities of \$2,100,000 (2015: \$2,100,000) and committed draw-down facilities of \$15,200,000 (2015: \$15,200,000). Council has uncommitted facilities of \$10,000,000 (2015: \$10,000,000) for the purposes of meeting borrowing needs.

At balance date, Council was not using the overdraft facility (2015: (\$132,000)). No other members of the Group were utilising these facilities at balance date (2015: \$nil). Subject to the continuance of satisfactory credit ratings, the facilities may be drawn down at any time.

#### • Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that Council will encounter difficulty raising funds to meet commitments as they fall due. Prudent liquidity risk management implies maintaining sufficient cash, the availability of funding through an adequate amount of committed credit facilities and the ability to close out market positions.

Council maintains flexibility in funding by keeping committed credit lines available. In meeting its liquidity requirements, Council maintains a target level of investments that mature within specified timeframes.

Council manages its borrowings in accordance with its Liability Management and Investment Policy.

Purchases and sales of financial assets are accounted for at trade date.

#### **Other Matters**

Council has performed a sensitivity analysis and estimated that a change in interest rates of 1% would increase, or decrease, Council's surplus by approximately \$285,000 (2015 \$298,000).

#### **Contractual Maturity Analysis**

The tables on the following pages analyse financial assets and liabilities into relevant maturity groupings at balance date based on the remaining term to maturity date. Amounts disclosed represent undiscounted cash flows, including future interest payments, estimated based either on the contracted fixed rate or on the appropriate floating rate at balance date.

		Carrying Amount	Contractual Cash flows	Due within 1 Year	Due between 1 & 2 Years	Due between 2 & 5 Years	Due later than 5 Years
		\$000	\$000	\$000	\$000	\$000	\$000
Note 25:	Financial Instru	uments (conti	nued)				
Council only	<u>y - 2016</u>						
Non-current A	Assets						
Other Financi	ial Assets						
- Investments	s in CCOs	4,912	-	-	-	-	-
	s in other entities	145	-	-	-	-	-
- Loans to ot		17,663	17,663	-	1	662	17,000
Current Asse							
	sh Equivalents	2,463	2,503	2,503	-	-	-
	her Receivables	4,259	4,259	4,259	-	-	-
Other Financi		44 750	45 400	45 400			
- Term Depose - Loans to ot		14,750 1	15,193 1	15,193 1	-	-	-
Total Finance		44,193	39,619	21,956	- 1	- 662	- 17.000
Total Financ	cial Assets	44, 193	39,019	21,950	1	002	17,000
Non-current L	Liabilities						
Borrowings		-	-	-	-	-	-
Current Liabil							
Trade and Ot	•	5,270	5,270	5,270	-	-	-
Short Term B	0	-	-	-	-	-	-
Employee En		1,015	1,015	1,015	-	-	-
Total Finance	cial Liabilities	6,285	6,285	6,285	-	-	-
Net Liquidity	у	\$ 37,908	\$ 33,334	\$ 15,671	\$ 1	\$ 662	\$ 17,000
Council only	<u>y - 2015</u>						
Non-current A	Assets						
Other Financi							
- Investments	s in CCOs	4,912	-	-	-	-	-
- Investments	s in other entities	145	-	-	-	-	-
- Loans to ot	ther entities	660	660	-	-	660	-
Current Asse							
	sh Equivalents	6,818	6,939	6,939	-	-	-
	her Receivables	3,926	3,926	3,926	-	-	-
Other Financi			a :	a			
- Term Depos		9,250	9,402	9,402	-	-	-
- Loans to ot		13,050	13,142	13,142	-	-	-
Total Finance	cial Assets	38,761	34,069	33,409	-	660	-
	Liabilities						
Non-current L		_	-	-	-	-	-
Non-current L Borrowings							
Borrowings Current Liabil							
Borrowings		5,093	5,093	5,093	-	-	-
Borrowings <i>Current Liabil</i> Trade and Otl Short Term B	her Payables Borrowings	-	-	-	-	-	-
Borrowings <i>Current Liabin</i> Trade and Ott Short Term B Employee En	her Payables Borrowings htitlements	- 949	- 949	- 949	-	- -	-
Borrowings <i>Current Liabin</i> Trade and Otl Short Term B Employee En	her Payables Borrowings	-	-	-	- - -	- - -	- - -

	Carrying Amount \$000	Contractual Cash flows \$000	Due within 1 Year \$000	Due between 1 & 2 Years \$000	Due between 2 & 5 Years \$000	Due later than 5 Years \$000
Note 25: Financial Instru	uments (conti	nued)				
<u>Group - 2016</u>						
Non-current Assets						
Other Financial Assets						
- Investments in CCOs	-	-	-	-	-	-
<ul> <li>Investments in other entities</li> </ul>	145	-	-	-	-	-
<ul> <li>Loans to other entities</li> </ul>	19,526	21,804	-	1	662	21,141
Current Assets						
Cash and Cash Equivalents	7,202	7,363	7,363	-	-	-
Trade and Other Receivables	7,980	7,980	7,980	-	-	-
Other Financial Assets						
- Term Deposits	17,310	17,829	17,829	-	-	-
- Loans to other entities	1	1	1	-	-	-
Total Financial Assets	52,164	54,977	33,173	1	662	21,141
Non-current Liabilities						
Borrowings	11	11	-	2	2	7
Employee Entitlements	94	94	-	-	94	-
Current Liabilities						
Trade and Other Payables	7,214	7,214	7,214	-	-	-
Short Term Borrowings	1	1	1	-	-	-
Employee Entitlements	4,109	4,109	4,109	-	-	-
Total Financial Liabilities	11,429	11,429	11,324	2	96	7
Net Liquidity	\$ 40,735	\$ 43,548	\$ 21,849	(\$ 1)	\$ 566	\$ 21,134
<u>Group - 2015</u>						
Non-current Assets						
Other Financial Assets						
<ul> <li>Investments in CCOs</li> </ul>	-	-	-	-	-	-
<ul> <li>Investments in other entities</li> </ul>	145	-	-	-	-	-
<ul> <li>Loans to other entities</li> </ul>	660	660	-	-	660	-
Current Assets						
Cash and Cash Equivalents	9,156	9,317	9,317	-	-	-
Trade and Other Receivables	7,769	7,769	7,769	-	-	-
Other Financial Assets						
- Term Deposits	16,878	17,320	17,320	-	-	-
- Loans to other entities	13,050	13,142	13,142	-	-	-
Total Financial Assets	47,658	48,208	47,548	-	660	-
Non-current Liabilities						
Borrowings	-	-	-	-	-	-
Employee Entitlements	82	82	-	-	82	-
Current Liabilities						
Trade and Other Payables	7,005	7,005	7,005	-	-	-
Short Term Borrowings	-	-	-	-	-	-
Employee Entitlements	3,794	3,794	3,794			
Total Financial Liabilities	10,881	10,881	10,799	-	82	-
Net Liquidity	\$ 36,777	\$ 37,327	\$ 36,749	\$ -	\$ 578	\$-
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Consol	Consolidated		Council Only	
2016	2015	2016	2015	
<u>\$000</u>	<u>\$000</u>	<u>\$000</u>	<u>\$000</u>	

### Note 25: Financial Instruments (continued)

The maximum credit exposure for each class of financial instrument is consistent with the amounts disclosed in Note 26.

Credit Quality of financial assets that are neither past due nor impaired can be assessed by reference to credit rating or historic information about default rates.

Cash with institutions rated AA or better by Standard and Poor's	24,512	26,034	17,213	16,068
Cash with other entities with no default history	19,527	13,710	17,664	13,710
Total Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$44,039	\$39,744	\$34,877	\$29,778

### **Fair Values**

The fair value of financial instruments approximates carrying amounts disclosed in the Statement of Financial Position, and is consistent with Council's Liability Management and Investment Policy.

### Note 26: Categories of Financial Assets and Liabilities

Carrying amounts of financial assets and liabilities in each of the PBE IPSAS 29 categories are:

Financial Assets				
Shares in other companies (note 13)	145	145	145	145
Secured and other loans (note 13)	19,527	13,710	17,664	13,710
Deposits with an initial term over 3 months (note 13)	17,310	16,878	14,750	9,250
Cash and cash equivalents (note 14)	7,202	9,156	2,463	6,818
Trade and other receivables (note 15)	7,980	7,769	4,259	3,926
Total Financial Assets	\$52,164	\$47,658	\$39,281	\$33,849
Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost				
Trade and other payables (note 22)	7,214	7,005	5,270	5,093
Borrowings (note 21)	12	-	-	-
Employee entitlement liabilities (note 20)	4,203	3,876	1,015	949
Total Financial Liabilities at amortised cost	\$11,429	\$10,881	\$6,385	\$6,142

### Note 27: Members' Interests Transactions

The following information relates to Councillors and Community Board Members who, through their business and other external relationships, have, or may potentially have, dealings with Council in a commercial context.

All transactions are assumed to have been undertaken at normal commercial rates in the normal course of business. All amounts are stated in whole dollars.

- Mayor Gary Kircher is currently a Trustee, and Cr Peter Garvan was previously a Trustee of the Oamaru Whitestone Civic Trust until resigning on 9 March 2016. The Trust leases several properties from Council. During the year ended 30 June 2016, Council provided rental and other services to the value of \$44,325 (2015: \$20,800). At year end, \$21,188 was owed to Council (2015: \$11,960). The Trust receives financial support by way of loan advances from Council, with \$365,000 outstanding at year end (2015: \$365,000) and grants provided of \$15,143 (2015: \$15,993).
- Mayor Gary Kircher is a Trustee of the newly-formed Observatory Village Charitable Trust, which is constructing a retirement village on property located on Hospital Hill. In the current financial year, the Trust purchased land from Council for \$615,000, and paid \$65,804 for building consents and reimbursement of legal costs. Council has committed to lend the Trust up to \$8 million to assist with completion of the project – refer to Note 23. At year end, \$16,432 was owed to Council.
- Cr Sally Hope is employed by Hope and Associates Legal which, during the year ended 30 June 2016, provided professional services to Council in relation to property, debt and other matters to the value of \$23,709 (2015: \$6,134). At year end, a balance of \$4,465 was owed by Council (2015: \$Nil).
- Cr Kathy Dennison owns Palmerston Dental Surgery Ltd which, during the year ended 30 June 2016, rented premises in Palmerston from Council to the value of \$4,102 (2015: \$3,600). At year end \$1,236 was owed to Council (2015: \$1,035). Cr Dennison's family is involved with Jeffrey Dennison Builders Ltd which undertook maintenance work on residential units and other property to the value of \$79,475 (2015: \$Nil).
- Cr Colin Wollstein is a Director of North Otago Motor Group Ltd which, during the year ended 30 June 2016, provided vehicle maintenance services to Council amounting to \$10,104 (2015: \$6,563). At 30 June 2016, Council owed \$938 (2015: \$1,400). Council purchased no motor vehicles during the year from this supplier (2015: one vehicle, \$34,838).
- Cr Melanie Tavendale is a Trustee of the Waitaki Community Recreation Trust which operates the Waitaki Community Recreation Centre located at Waitaki Girls' High School. During the year ended 30 June 2016, the Trust received operating grants from Council amounting to \$73,000 (2015: \$72,000).
- Calum Reid, a member of the Ahuriri Community Board, is a Director and/or shareholder of several companies with which Council conducts business:
  - Calect Electrical Ltd purchases by Council \$Nil (2015: \$2,537) Council owed \$Nil at year end (2015: \$Nil).
  - Waitaki Test & Tag Ltd purchases by Council \$3,035 (2015: \$1,751) Council owed \$Nil at year end (2015: \$Nil).

Mr Reid is also a member of the committee of the Waitaki Valley Community Society. The Society operates the Kurow Museum and received funding of \$22,897 either directly from Council or by way of the Ahuriri Community Board in the current year (2015: \$17,192) to support the museum's operations and to provide i-site services in the Waitaki Valley.

2016 2015		
	2016	2015
<u>\$000</u> <u>\$000</u>	<u>\$000</u>	<u>\$000</u>

### Note 28: Employee Remuneration

<u>Schedule 10</u> of the Local Government Act 2002 requires Council to make specific disclosures relating to staffing and remuneration. These are detailed below:

#### Mayor's and Elected Members' Remuneration (Clause 32(i) and 32(ii))

Mayor:		
Gary Kircher	91	90
Elected Members:		
Kathy Dennison	27	26
Peter Garvan	24	21
Sally Hope	22	14
Jim Hopkins	24	23
William Kingan	27	25
Guy Percival	24	16
Hugh Perkins	31	29
June Slee	24	21
Melanie Tavendale	24	22
Colin Wollstein	27	22
Total Remuneration – Mayor and Elected Members	\$345	\$309

### Remuneration of the Chief Executive Officer (Clause 32(iii))

Total remuneration of the Chief Executive Officer, Michael Ross, for the year ended 30 June 2016 was \$256,275 (2015: \$253,170).

Michael Ross is a Director of North Otago Irrigation Company Limited (Council appointee) receiving Director's Fees of \$12,000 (2015: \$12,000).

### Key Management Personnel

Employees considered "key personnel" for Council are the Mayor and Councillors, the Chief Executive, the Chief Financial Officer and the three Group Managers.

Total remuneration of key management personnel is as follows:

Total Full-time equivalent members	16	16
Total remuneration	\$1,270	\$1,239
Full-time equivalent members	11	11
Councillors	345	309
Full-time equivalent members	5	5
Senior management team, including Chief Executive	925	930

### Note 28: Employee Remuneration (continued)

### Employee Staffing Levels and Remuneration (Clause 32A(2))

At 30 June 2016, Council had 99 full-time employees (2015: 99), and casual and part-time employees amounting to 29 full-time equivalent (FTE) staff (2015: 30 FTE).

132 employees received annual remuneration of less than \$60,000 (2015: 147), and 63 staff (2015: 62) received annual remuneration greater than \$60,000. In the table below, these are expressed in bands of \$20,000 or in bands adjusted as appropriate to ensure compliance with the legislation:

	Empl	oyees
Remuneration band	2016	2015
\$180,000 – \$259,999	2	2
\$120,000 – \$179,999	6	5
\$100,000 – \$119,999	10	8
\$80,000 – \$99,999	14	16
\$60,000 - \$79,999	31	31
Total staff	63	62

The Group, comprising Council and four CCOs, has 33 employees receiving annual remuneration in excess of \$100,000 (2015: 31).

#### Severance Payments (Clause 33)

Council made one severance payment, of \$36,100, during the current financial year (2015: two payments were made, \$28,520 and \$1,339, totaling \$29,859).

Other members of Council's group made severance payments totaling \$53,582 (2015: no payments).

#### Transactions with elected members, key management personnel and staff

As part of a normal customer relationship, Councillors and staff, including key management personnel, may undertake minor transactions with Council, including the payment of rates, registering of dogs and incurring and paying other fees and charges.

Close family members of Councillors, key management personnel and other staff may be employed by Council or other Group entities from time to time.

The terms and conditions of any such personal transactions or employment arrangements are no more or less favourable than would have been the case had there not been a relationship with the Councillor, key management personnel or other staff member.

### Note 29: Related Party Transactions

Council is the ultimate parent of the Group, controlling four individual trading entities. Through shared directorships and other relationships, there are other related entities, but none over which Council can exert control.

All transactions between the parent and group members are completed on normal contract terms, with payments made either in accordance with those contracts, or in the month following supply.

Entities listed may transact business between themselves, but the values of such transactions are not detailed here and are not considered material for the purposes of this disclosure.

Entity and datails of transaction	Couno 2016	cil only 2015
Entity and details of transaction	<u>\$000</u>	<u>\$000</u>
• Waitaki District Health Services Limited (refer pages 79 - 81)		
Services provided by Council	52	55
Balance owed to Council at year end	4	6
Tourism Waitaki Limited (refer pages 76 - 78)		
Services provided by Council	140	126
Balance owed to Council at year end	-	16
Services provided to Council	708	745
Balance owed by Council at year end	80	-
Subvention payments made to Council	16	-
• Whitestone Contracting Limited and Group (refer pages 82 - 84)		
Services provided by Council	89	62
Balance owed to Council at year end	45	3
Services provided to Council	5,851	6,719
Balance owed by Council Dividends and Subvention payments made to Council	533	795
Dividends and Subvention payments made to Council	546	-
Omarama Airfield Limited (refer pages 73 - 75)		
Services provided by Council	23	23
Balance owed to Council at year end	-	-
North Otago Irrigation Company Limited (significant borrower)		
Interest charged by Council on funds advanced (Note 4)	727	550
Outstanding balance of Council loan funding (Note 13)	17,000	13,043
The company is developing and maintaining a significant irrigation system in	the district	
Observatory Hill Charitable Trust (significant borrower)		
Land purchased from Council	615	-
Services provided by Council	67	-
Balance owed to Council at year end	17	-
Council has committed loan funding to a maximum limit of	8,000	-
The company is constructing and will operate a retirement village complex in	Oamaru	

No provision is required, nor has any expense been recognised, for impairment of loans or other receivables due from related parties (2015: \$Nil).

		Consolidated		l Only
	2016 <u>\$000</u>	2015 <u>\$000</u>	2016 <u>\$000</u>	2015 <u>\$000</u>
Note 30: Reconciliation of Net Operating Sur	olus to Casl	n Flows from	Operating A	Activities
Net Operating Surplus after Taxation	(60)	3,473	1,320	2,992
Add/(Less) non-cash items				
Depreciation/Amortisation	13,586	13,112	11,463	11,169
Interest compounded	-	(550)	-	(550)
Increase/(Decrease) in Doubtful Debts Provision	55	(74)	11	(77)
Increase/(Decrease) in Landfill Closure & Other Provisions	116	(260)	116	(260)
Net Loss/(Profit) on sale of Assets	3,064	890	3,206	902
Gain on Forestry Harvesting	(432)	-	(432)	-
Loss/(Gain) on Forestry revaluation	(102)	632	(102)	632
Provision for Impairment	2,278	-	-	-
Vested Assets	(158)	(146)	(63)	(146)
Surrender of Carbon Credits	18	8	18	8
Increase/(decrease) in Deferred Tax position	(75)	79		-
	18,350	13,691	14,217	11,678
Add/(Less) movements in Other Working Capital items				
Decrease/(Increase) in Trade & Other Receivables	(109)	938	(344)	1,014
Decrease/(Increase) in Prepayments	(45)	8	(39)	(19)
Decrease/(Increase) in Inventories	25	(17)	36	(55)
Decrease/(Increase) in Work in Progress	31	(5)	-	-
Increase/(Decrease) in Trade & Other Payables	97	288	226	127
Increase/(Decrease) in Employee Entitlements	331	13	70	18
Increase/(Decrease) in Provision for Taxation	289	(416)	-	2
	619	809	(51)	1,087
Net Cash Inflow from Operating Activities	\$ 18,909	\$ 17,973	\$ 15,486	\$ 15,757

		Council	Only	
	2016	2016 Annual Plan	2015	2015 Annual Plai
	\$000	\$000	\$000	\$000
Note 31: Funding Impact Statement (whole of	Council)			
Sources of <u>operating</u> funding				
General Rates, uniform annual general charge, rates penalties	6,554	6,550	6,516	6,505
Targeted Rates	23,096	23,051	22,622	22,603
Rates Revenue	29,650	29,601	29,138	29,108
Subsidies and grants for operating purposes	3,092	3,695	3,319	2,701
Fees and charges	6,593	5,798	6,117	5,673
Interest and dividends from investments	1,827	1,394	1,134	985
Local Authorities' fuel tax, fines, infringement fees and other receipts	2,507	2,505	1,733	1,659
Total operating funding	43,669	42,993	41,441	40,126
Application of <u>operating</u> funding				
Payments to staff and suppliers Finance Costs	33,378	35,106	30,489	32,556
Other operating funding applications	-	-	-	-
Total Applications of Operating Funding	33,378	35,106	30,489	32,556
Surplus / (Deficit) of operating funding	10,291	7,887	10,952	7,570
Sources of <u>capital</u> funding				
Subsidies and grants for capital expenditure	4,033	2,853	3,483	2,567
Development and financial contributions	710	640	729	680
Increase / (decrease) in debt	-	(1)	(3)	
Gross proceeds from sale of assets	(1,048)		(1,003)	
Total sources of capital funding	3,695	3,613	3,206	3,711
Application of <u>capital</u> funding Capital expenditure				
- to meet additional demand	_	-	-	-
- to improve the level of service	3,947	2,144	2,263	2,131
- to replace existing assets	7,594	9,599	7,827	6,952
Total capital expenditure	11,541	11,743	10,090	9,083
Increase / (decrease) in Reserves	2,445	(243)	4,068	2,198
Increase / (decrease) in Investments	-	-	-	-
Total application of capital funding	13,986	11,500	14,158	11,281
Surplus/deficit of capital funding	(10,291)	(7,887)	(10,952)	(7,570)
Funding balance	-	-	-	-

	2015/16 Actual \$(000)	2015/16 Budget \$(000)	2014/15 Actual \$(000)	2014/15 Budget \$(000)
Note 32: Reconciliation of Funding Impac	t Statements by Group of	Activity		
Operating Revenue				
Roads & Footpaths	3,364	4,251	3,609	3,241
Sewerage (Treatment & Disposal)	723	729	770	657
Stormwater Drainage	-	-	9	-
Water Supply	966	815	1,037	813
Waste Management & Minimisation	1,470	806	1,251	956
Arts, Heritage & Community	563	652	594	641
Parks & Recreation	2,280	2,212	1,511	1,294
Democracy, Accountability & Planning	44	31	27	34
Commercial & Development Activities	3,139	2,432	2,239	1,977
Regulation & Safety	1,343	1,441	1,237	1,515
Support Services (Net Allocated)	15,330	16,160	14,803	15,056
Operational Revenue per Activity FIS	29,222	29,529	27,087	26,184
Total Sources of Capital Funding				
Roads & Footpaths	3,369	2,992	3,247	2,706
Sewerage (Treatment & Disposal)	83	116	67	116
Stormwater Drainage	-	-	-	-
Water Supply	242	275	245	275
Waste Management & Minimisation	-	-	-	-
Arts, Heritage & Community	14	-	7	-
Parks & Recreation	687	-	8	-
Democracy, Accountability & Planning	-	-	-	-
Commercial & Development Activities	(855)	46	(832)	374
Regulation & Safety	76	110	434	150
Support Services (Net Allocated)	79	74	30	90
Capital Revenue per Activity FIS	3,695	3,613	3,206	3,711
Add total Rates	29,650	29,601	29,138	29,107
Less Internal recoveries included	(15,203)	(16,137)	(14,784)	(15,153)
Revenue per Total Activities FIS	47,364	46,606	44,647	43,849
Remove increase/decrease in debt	-	1	3	2
Offset Rates remissions against revenue	(321)	(312)	(229)	(245)
Gross Proceeds from sale of assets	1,048	(121)	1,003	(466)
Adjust Asset Sales contra account	(2,774)	-	(1,534)	-
Adjust internal revenue	-	1	-	(1)
Revenue per Statement of Comprehensive Reven Expenditure	ue and 45,317	46,175	43,890	43,139

2015/16	2015/16	2014/15	2014/15
Actual	Budget	Actual	Budget
\$(000)	\$(000)	\$(000)	\$(000)

### Note 32: Reconciliation of Funding Impact Statements by Group of Activity (continued)

Total Applications of Operating Funding Roads & Footpaths	5,990	7,869	6,058	6,158
Sewerage (Treatment & Disposal)	5,990 2,249	7,809 1,899	0,058 1,667	1,544
Stormwater Drainage	2,249	1,899	1,007	1,544
Water Supply	4,546	4,540	4,310	4,317
Water Supply Waste Management & Minimisation	1,940	1,636	1,344	1,608
Arts, Heritage & Community	3,736	3,933	3,782	3,764
Parks & Recreation	5,351	5,175	4,494	4,492
Democracy, Accountability & Planning	3,184	3,410	3,152	3,633
Commercial & Development Activities	3,063	3,016	2,597	3,693
Regulation & Safety	3,511	3,953	3,593	3,823
Support Services (Net Allocated)	14,847	15,624	14,133	14,491
Total Operational expenditure per FIS	48,581	51,245	45,273	47,720
Less internal recoveries	(15,203)	(16,139)	(14,784)	(15,152)
Expenditure per Total Activities FIS	33,378	35,106	30,489	32,568
Less internal charges included in capital	(523)	(398)	(531)	(530)
Less Rate remissions offset against revenue	(321)	(312)	(229)	(245)
Adjust internal charges	-	-	-	1
Add Depreciation and Amortisation (below)	11,463	11,343	11,169	11,894
Expenditure per Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expenditure	43,997	45,739	40,898	43,688
Depreciation and Amortisation				
Roads & Footpaths	5,129	5,078	5,120	5,674
Sewerage (Treatment & Disposal)	1,011	969	903	955
Stormwater Drainage	223	208	208	208
Water Supply	1,670	1,731	1,528	1,722
Waste Management & Minimisation	79	57	57	57
Arts, Heritage & Community	186	190	188	188
Parks & Recreation	872	870	871	844
Democracy, Accountability & Planning	-	-	0	0
Commercial & Development Activities	1,138	1,093	1,100	1,050
Regulation & Safety	30	24	35	111
Support Services (Net Allocated)	1,123	1,124	1,160	1,086
Total Depreciation and Amortisation charges	11,463	11,343	11,169	11,894

### Note 33: Explanation of Major Variances against Budget and the prior period

Variances in revenue and expenditure to the prior year, and to budget, are generally detailed in the financial commentary in each activity area.

The following provides further information concerning significant or unusual variances:

Council only	2016 Actual \$000	2016 Annual Plan \$000	2015 Actual \$000
Revenue			
Rates	30,375	30,155	30,026
Refer to Note 1 for further analysis Council levies Rates in accordance with its Finance Policies, (LTP). Variances from budget arise from subdivision activities database occurring between the adoption of the LTP and the year. Reported Rate revenue includes Penalties applied to or supplied by meter, and are net of remissions granted. Chang volumes of water consumed have contributed to the variance	s and other ch time the rates verdue Rates, ing amounts o	hanges in the s were struck , and charges	rating for the for water
User Charges	6,410	5,689	5,186
<ul> <li>Significant variances:</li> <li>Landfill charges – facility was budgeted to close midyear, but remained open for the full year</li> <li>Property rentals</li> <li>Forestry activities</li> <li>Water, sewer and stormwater connection charges</li> <li>Government Grants</li> <li>Refer to Note 2 for further analysis</li> <li>Roading subsidies include a grant of \$250k towards construct</li> <li>Other Grants and Donations</li> <li>Refer to Note 3 for further analysis</li> <li>Grants were received in 2016 and 2015 for on-going construct</li> <li>Other Gains and Losses</li> </ul>	677	232 ps2Ocean Cy	773
Refer to Note 5 for further analysis Forestry assets increased \$102k due to improved log prices gains from harvesting totalled \$432. Losses on disposal of Fi reassessment of capital work in progress, the divestment of t decision to write off the remaining value of the road to the Aw on disposal were \$891k (2015: \$31k) <b>Expenditure</b>	xed Assets w he Lake Midd	ere (\$3,665k) lleton to DOC	, due to a and the
Personnel Costs	9,914	10,192	9,387
Refer to Note 6 for further analysis Council budgets for full staffing, and had fewer vacancies that positions were either fully or partially dis-established during the	n in the previ		
Depreciation and amortisation	11,463	11,343	11,169
Refer to Notes 10 and 11 for further analysis Increased depreciation charge has resulted from the three-ye and Stormwater infrastructure completed in July 2015	arly revaluati	on of Water, \	Wastewater

Note 33:	Explanation of Maj	or Variances agains	t Budget and the pr	rior period (continued)

Council only	2016 Actual \$000	2016 Annual Plan \$000	2015 Actual \$000
Other expenses	22,620	24,204	20,342
Refer to Note 7 for statutory disclosures Other significant variances:			
<ul> <li>Contractors, maintenance and other works</li> </ul>	15,131	15,424	12,732
Consultants	800 1,656	1,190 1,573	801 1,604
Electricity	1,000	1,575	1,004
Balance Sheet items	1	I	
Property, Plant & Equipment	709,232	699,782	707,398
Refer to Note 10 The budget assumed a devaluation of (\$212k) arising fror infrastructure. The actual result was an increase in value		aluation of Wa	ters
Cash and Cash Equivalents	2,463	2,360	6,818
Other Financial Assets – Term Deposits	14,750	8,500	9,250
Refer to Notes 13 and 14 for further analysis Council held more funds than usual at year end due to the because of its commitment to provide loan funding to the Loans to other entities – non-current asset			
Loans to other entities – current asset	1	-	13,050
Refer to Note 13 for further analysis The <u>current asset</u> in 2015 included the loan repayment fro the 2015/16 financial year. The <u>non-current asset</u> in 2016 The budget included the Observatory Village Charitable T 2016/17 financial year	includes the ne	ew loan to the o	company.
Receivables	4,259	5,756	3,926
Refer to Note 15 for further analysis Improved payments by customers, and changes to the pa contributed to the year end debtors' position	attern of NZTA s	ubsidy claims,	have
Provisions – non-current	387	452	382
Provisions – current	349	169	234
Refer to Note 19 for further analysis Costs of completing landfill capping and future monitoring leading to an increased provision and adjustments to the			
Statement of Cash Flows			
Net Cash from Operating Activities	15,486	12,665	15,757
Not Cook from Investing Activities	(19,841)	(12,762)	(40 500)
Net Cash from Investing Activities	(19,041)	(12,702)	(10,560)

2015	2015	2015
Origin	al Change	Re-stated
\$000	\$000	\$000

#### Note 34: Reclassification of Amounts

Council and the group have made changes to the presentation of items in the financial reports to better reflect either the financial position at year end or financial activities undertaken during the year, or to give effect to changes required by the Financial Prudence Regulations (2014).

These changes have resulted in amendments to 2015 comparative figures, the effect of which is set out in the table below.

Council became aware during the 2016 financial year that certain property had been vested in Council in previous financial periods. Because the vesting occurred prior to the 2015 financial year, the adjustments below have been required to recognise the resulting assets. This change also affects Notes 9 and 10.

Statement of Financial Position

Council only

<u>council only</u>			
Property, Plant and Equipment	705,489	1,909	707,398
Ratepayers' Equity	308,299	1,909	310,208
Group			
Property, Plant and Equipment	726,553	1,909	728,462
Ratepayers' Equity	308,299	1,909	310,208

Council is not now required to disclose Targeted Rates for Water Supply on the face of the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expenditure. This information is now included within Rates Revenue. This change also affects disclosures made in Note 1.

Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expenditure

Council only			
Rates Revenue	24,226	5,800	30,026
Targeted Rates for Water Supply	5,800	(5,800)	-
<u>Group</u>			
Rates Revenue	24,190	5,800	29,990
Targeted Rates for Water Supply	5,800	(5,800)	-

Community Grants expense has been adjusted to include grants made to the Otago Rural Fire Authority. This change only affects details provided in Note 7.

#### Note 7 - Operating Expenses - Other Charges

Council only			
Community Grants and donations	906 19.064	321	1,227
Other Expenditure	19,004	(321)	18,743
<u>Group</u>			
Community Grants and donations	1,305	321	1,626
Other Expenditure	26,891	(321)	26,570

2015	2015	2015
Original	Change	Re-stated
\$000	\$000	\$000

### Note 34: Reclassification of Amounts (continued)

Amounts owed to members of Council's consolidated group by Government agencies have previously been incorrectly included in Sundry debtors. This change only affects disclosures made in Note 15.

Note 15 - Trade and Other Receivables

Group			
Total outstanding - Government funding	1,481	1,024	2,505
Total outstanding - Sundry	4,923	(1,024)	3,899

### Note 35: Events Subsequent to Balance Date

There were no other events arising since balance date relating to Council activities that require either adjustment in these financial statements, or inclusion in this Annual Report.

# Managing Our People

#### **Staffing Reviews**

Staffing reviews were carried out in three Council units during the past year:

- Regulatory Services Unit Building
- Water Services and Waste Unit
- Property Unit

All reviews were carried out in a consultative, robust manner resulting in the successful implementation of the revised structures to better meet the needs of the organisation and of our community.

#### Employee Workplace Survey

The Annual Workplace Survey was undertaken via independent survey provider IBM in November 2015. The Executive Team has worked through the results with staff, through a variety of forums and has identified the areas that are significant.

When the sections of this survey are compared to the 2015 Local Government section indices, Council highlights a more positive result in all 13 sections as well as against all 2014 Council section results. Engagement analysis results in 2015 also demonstrated a significant positive trend on the 2014 results.

#### **Employee Headcount and Turnover**

The employee headcount and full time equivalent calculations continue to be recorded. As Council is now participating in the PwC Local Government Operational Effectiveness Survey, we are currently reviewing how we report this information.

#### 2015/16 Staff Statistics

This period resulted in a total average full time equivalent staff (including casual positions) of 129.0 FTE.

Staff turnover figures in 2015/16 demonstrate further reductions in both part time and full time employee turnover compared to the 2014/15 figures, with total employee turnover down from 11.6% (2014/15) to 5.2% (2015/16).

Human Resources has reviewed the turnover data. The six full time employees comprising the 5.2% 2015/16 turnover includes people leaving for the following reasons:

Staffing Review – Redundancy	1
Change of Career	1
Family Reasons/Relocation	2
Retirement	1
Other	1

#### **New Positions Approved**

During this period the following new full time positions were approved:

- Senior Building Control Officer, Regulatory Services Unit
- Building Control Officer, Regulatory Services Unit
- Regulatory Services Administrator, Regulatory Services Unit
- Biodiversity Coordinator, Planning Unit
- Property Officer, Property Unit
## Managing Our People

## Health and Safety

All health and safety practices and procedures continue to be monitored and reviewed in line with the changing legislative and ACC Workplace Safety Management Practices Programme requirements.

2016 saw the implementation of the new Health and Safety at Work Act 2015. As a result of this significant change:

- Legislative update training has been provided for all Council staff and Elected Members
- Internal processes have been reviewed and have been (or are in the process of being) updated as required
- Health and Safety Governance Charter has been prepared
- Officer Due Diligence Plan documentation has been prepared
- Review analysis of critical risk is in progress

## ACC Workplace Safety Management Practices Programme

An internal audit (self-audit) was carried out in July 2016, to measure Council's health and safety systems and practices against the Workplace Safety Management Practices audit standards. This audit was also peer reviewed by personnel from Tourism Waitaki. This audit highlighted that Council is continuing on track to maintain secondary level accreditation.

The Local Government Act 2002 requires Council to disclose the following information in its Governance Statement:

The purpose of the Waitaki District Council is to meet the current and future needs of communities for good-quality local infrastructure, local public services, and performance of regulatory functions in a way that is most cost-effective for households and businesses.

In fulfilling its purpose Waitaki District Council exercises powers and fulfils responsibilities conferred on it by numerous public acts of parliament (e.g. the Local Government Act 2002 and Resource Management Act 1991) and the following local statutes:

- Oamaru Town Management Ordinance, 1872
- Oamaru Town Hall, Gasworks Sites and Recreation Reserves Act 1875

### **Electoral System**

Every three years Council must review the electoral system.

The review of the electoral system is a choice between first-past-the-post (FPP) voting and single transferable vote (STV) voting. In September 2014, Council resolved to retain FPP voting for the 2016 elections. This decision was not challenged and was publicly notified in September 2014. The process for determining which electoral system Council will follow can be found in the Local Electoral Act 2001.

### **Representation Arrangements**

Every three to six years Council must review its representation and that of its Community Boards. The review of representation involves decisions about the number of councillors to be elected, how many wards (if any) are needed to reflect community interest, and – if wards are favoured – how many members should be elected from each ward. Council resolved on 28 August 2012 to retain the four wards as follows:

- Ahuriri 1 Councillor
- Corriedale 2 Councillors
- Oamaru 6 Councillors
- Waihemo 1 Councillor

Council has not exercised the option of establishing a Māori Ward.

The Waitaki district includes two Community Boards: Ahuriri (north-western ward) and Waihemo (southern ward). The role of the boards is to:

- Represent and act as an advocate for the interests of their community
- Consider and report on any matter referred to it by Council and any issues of interest or concern to the Community Board
- Make an annual submission to Council on expenditure in the community
- Maintain an overview of services provided by Council within the community
- Communicate with community organisations and special interest groups in the community
- Undertake any other responsibilities delegated by Council
- Each Community Board has a Chairperson and five other members. Five members are elected triennially by electors in the community, and Council appoints Ward Councillors. The Community Board elects its own Chairperson at its first meeting after the triennial election.

Section 24 and Schedule 3 of the Local Government Act contains provisions for reorganisation proposals, including boundary changes.

## Members' Roles and Conduct

The Mayor and the Councillors of the Waitaki District Council have the following roles:

- Setting the policy direction of Council
- Monitoring the performance of Council
- Representing the interests of the district. On election all members must make a declaration that they will perform their duties faithfully and impartially, and according to their best skill and judgement in the best interests of the district
- Employing the Chief Executive: Under the Local Government Act the local authority employs the Chief Executive, who in turn employs all other staff on its behalf.

The Mayor is elected by the district as a whole and, as one of the elected members, shares the same responsibilities as other members of Council. In addition the Mayor has the following roles:

- Presiding member at Council meetings. The Mayor is responsible for ensuring the orderly conduct of business during meetings (as determined in Standing Orders)
- Advocating on behalf of the community. This role may involve promoting the community and representing its interests. Such advocacy will be most effective where it is carried out with the knowledge and support of Council
- Ceremonial head of Council
- Establishing committees of Council and appointing the Chairperson of each committee
- Providing leadership and feedback to other elected members on teamwork and chairing committees.

The Deputy Mayor is nominated by the Mayor and elected by members at the first meeting of Council. The Deputy Mayor exercises the same roles as other elected members. In addition, if the Mayor is absent or incapacitated, or if the Office of Mayor is vacant, then the Deputy Mayor must perform all of the responsibilities and duties, and may exercise the powers of the Mayor (as summarised above). The Deputy Mayor may be removed from office by resolution of Council.

The Mayor proposes the current committees of Council and nominates the Chairpersons of those committees. The proposed structure and chairpersons are established by Council resolution. The Chairperson is responsible for presiding over meetings of the committee, ensuring that the committee acts within the powers delegated by Council, and as set out in Council's Delegations Policy. A committee Chairperson may be removed from office by resolution of Council.

The Chief Executive is appointed by Council in accordance with section 42 and clauses 33 and 34 of Schedule 7 of the Local Government Act 2002. The Chief Executive implements and manages Council's policies and objectives within the budgetary constraints established by Council. Under section 42 of the Local Government Act 2002, the responsibilities of the Chief Executive are:

- Implementing the decisions of Council
- Providing advice to Council and Community Boards
- Ensuring all responsibilities, duties and powers delegated to the Chief Executive or to any person employed by the Chief Executive, or imposed or conferred by any Act, regulation or bylaw are properly performed or exercised
- Managing the activities of Council effectively and efficiently
- Maintaining systems to enable effective planning and accurate reporting of the financial and service performance of Council
- Providing leadership for the staff of Council
- Employing, on behalf of Council, the staff of Council in accordance with any remuneration and employment policy
- Negotiating the terms of employment of the staff of Council in accordance with any remuneration and employment policy.

Elected members have specific obligations as to their conduct in the following legislation:

• Schedule 7 of the Local Government Act 2002, which includes obligations to act as a good employer in respect of the Chief Executive and to abide by the current Code of Conduct and Standing Orders.

- Local Authorities (Members' Interests) Act 1968 which regulates the conduct of elected members in situations where there is, or could be, a conflict of interest between their duties as an elected member and their financial interests (either directly or indirectly)
- Secret Commissions Act 1910, which prohibits elected members from accepting gifts or rewards which, could be seen to sway them to perform their duties in a particular way
- Crimes Act 1961 regarding the acceptance of gifts for acting in a certain way and the use of official information for private profit.

All elected members are required to adhere to a Code of Conduct. Adopting such a code is a requirement of the Local Government Act 2002. Once adopted, the Code may only be amended by a 75% or greater majority of Council. The Code sets out Council's understanding and expectations of how the Mayor and Councillors will relate to one another, to staff, to the media and to the general public in the course of their duties. It also covers disclosure of information that is received by, or is in the possession of, elected members, and contains details of the sanctions that Council may impose if an individual breaches the code. Copies of the full Code of Conduct may be obtained from Council.

## **Governance Structures**

Council reviews its committee structures after each triennial election. At the last review Council established the following four standing committees:



The Mayor is an ex-officio member on the four standing committees detailed above.

Committees meet between full Council meetings. Further details on these committees, including their terms of reference, delegated powers and meeting arrangements can be obtained from Council.

Council may, from time to time, establish ad hoc committees to consider a particular issue or issues.

Council has established a number of further committees (other than the main standing committees as above). These additional committees report directly to Council.



## **Council Organisations and Council Controlled Organisations**

Council appoints trustees and directors to a number of companies and trusts. Where the number of Council appointees is less than half of the total membership of the respective governing board, the organisation is deemed to be a Council Organisation (CO). If Council appoints 50% or more of trustees/directors, it is deemed to be a Council Controlled Organisation (CCO).

Council Organisations include Oamaru Whitestone Civic Trust, Waitaki Community Recreation Centre Trust and Waitaki District Community House Trust.

Council Controlled Organisations are Whitestone Contracting Ltd, Tourism Waitaki Ltd, Waitaki District Health Services Ltd and Omarama Airfield Ltd.

Council has adopted policies and processes for appointing people to COs and CCOs that is designed to recognise the skills and attributes provided by appointees and the need to be publicly accountable.

#### **Meeting Processes**

The legal requirements for Council meetings are set down in the Local Government Act 2002 and the Local Government Official Information and Meetings Act 1987 (LGOIMA).

All Council and committee meetings must be open to the public unless there is reason to consider some items 'in committee'. Although meetings are open to the public, members of the public do not have speaking rights unless prior arrangements are made with Council. LGOIMA contains a list of the circumstances where councils may consider items with the public excluded. These circumstances generally relate to protection of personal privacy, professionally privileged or commercially sensitive information, and the maintenance of public health, safety and order. Council agendas are public documents, although parts may be withheld if the above circumstances apply.

The Mayor or committee Chairperson is responsible for maintaining order at meetings and may, at his or her discretion, order the removal of any member of the public for disorderly conduct, or remove any member of Council who does not comply with Standing Orders.

Minutes of meetings must be kept as evidence of the proceedings of the meeting. These must be made publicly available, subject to the provisions of the LGOIMA.

For an ordinary meeting of Council, at least 14 days' notice of the time and place of the meeting must be given. Extraordinary meetings generally can be called on three working days' notice.

During meetings the Mayor and Councillors must follow Standing Orders (a set of procedures for conducting meetings). Standing Orders were reviewed and reconfirmed by Council on 17 December 2013. Council may suspend Standing Orders by a vote of 75% of the members present. A copy of the Code of Conduct and Standing Orders can be obtained from Council.

### Consultation

The Local Government Act 2002 sets out consultation principles and a procedure that local authorities must follow when making certain decisions. The principles for consultation and use of a procedure called the **Special Consultative Procedure**, is found in sections 82 – 90 of the Local Government Act 2002.

Council can and does, consult outside of the Special Consultative Procedure. When it is adopting its Long Term Plan, Annual Plan or District Plan it holds formal meetings with community groups and other interested parties to seek views on the matters Council considers to be important and to identify issues of concern to the community.

Council acknowledges Māori as people with whom there is a special relationship, and is committed to giving effect to the principles and intent of the Treaty of Waitangi, and to engaging in genuine and appropriate consultation with Māori.

Council has in place protocols for ensuring Tangata Whenua are consulted in regard to decisions made under the Resource Management Act 1991, Local Government Act 2002. In the last triennium Council received and adopted a Memorandum of Understanding with Te Runanga o Moeraki to guide the ongoing relationship between Council and the Runanga. Council also has a relationship with Waitahi Taiwhenua O Waitaki Trust Board.

Council continues to focus on their wider role, including:

- Encouraging Māori contribution to decision-making processes of all Council activities, not simply decisions made under the Resource Management Act
- Reference to Māori rather than to Tangata Whenua, thus including Mana Whenua and Taura Here
- Reference not only to enabling contribution to decision-making but also to fostering Māori capacity to contribute.

Council reports back annually against the Memorandum of Understanding through its Annual Report.

#### **Management Structure**

Local Government Act 2002 requires Council to employ a Chief Executive whose responsibilities are to employ other staff on behalf of Council in accordance with any remuneration and employment policy, implement Council decisions and provide advice to Council. Under the Local Government Act 2002 the Chief Executive is the only person who may lawfully give instructions to a staff member. Any complaint about individual staff members should therefore be directed to the Chief Executive, rather than the Mayor or Councillors.

The Chief Executive of Waitaki District Council is Mr Michael Ross.

Council management is organised into three main groups with the Human Resources Manager and the Chief Financial Officer reporting directly to the Chief Executive.

## **Equal Employment Opportunities**

Council is committed to the principle of equal employment opportunities (EEO).

The key principles are:

- All employees (whether current or prospective) will have equal opportunity to gain benefits associated with employment on the ground of relevant merit
- People will not be discriminated against

Goals are:

- To create an EEO environment
- To implement EEO best practice in the workplace
- To provide a harassment free workplace
- To achieve, where possible, a labour force profile which matches the external labour market

## **Key Approved Planning and Policy Documents**

#### Long Term Plan

Sets out the direction for the district over the next ten years. Council reviews the Long Term Plan every three years and it provides information on all Council activities, how these will be delivered, the cost and how they will be paid for.

### **Annual Plan**

Provides information on activities, services and projects that Council proposes to undertake during the year. It shows the cost of those activities and how they will be paid for.

#### **Annual Report**

Reports the actual performance of Council against what was planned in the Annual Plan and Long Term Plan. This includes reporting on the achieved work programme, performance measures and financial targets and accountability.

The Annual Report is for each financial year (eg 1 July 2015 to 30 June 2016), and must be completed and adopted by Council resolution within four months after the end of the financial year to which it relates. Section 98 of the Local Government Act 2002 requires that the full Annual Report and the Summary Annual Report be made publicly available within one month after their adoption by Council. The Annual Report is audited by Audit New Zealand.



## **Revenue and Financing Policy**

This policy explains who will pay the costs of Council's activities and services.

#### **Funding Impact Statement**

Funding Impact Statement contains information on the rating mechanisms used by Council for its activities.

### **District Plan**

District Plan is prepared by Council to assist it in carrying out its functions under the Resource Management Act 1991 and is the means by which the use, development and protection of the district's natural and physical resources will be managed into the future.

#### **Policy on Significance**

Outlines the thresholds for which issues/decisions of Council are subject to consultation, including the Special Consultative Procedure.

Reviews and changes to key planning and policy documents may be subject to legislative requirements and the process for such reviews may involve following a Special Consultative Procedure.

### **Public Access to Council and Elected Members**

The main administrative office of Waitaki District Council is in Oamaru: 20 Thames Street Private Bag 50058 Oamaru 9444 Phone: (03) 433 0300 Fax: (03) 433 0300 Fax: (03) 433 0301 Freephone: 0800 108 081 Email: <u>service@waitaki.govt.nz</u>

Council also has an office at the Waihemo Service Centre in Palmerston: 54 Tiverton Street PO Box 17 Palmerston 9443 Phone: (03) 465 1106 Fax: (03) 465 1111 Email: waihemosc@waitaki.govt.nz

Elected members' contact information is included in this report.

#### **Official Information Requests**

Under the Local Government Official Information and Meetings Act 1987 (LGOIMA) any person may request information from Council. Any request for information is a request made under LGOIMA. You do not have to say you are making a request under LGOIMA. Once a request is made, Council must supply the information unless reason exists for withholding it. The LGOIMA says that information may be withheld if release of the information would:

- Endanger the safety of any person
- Prejudice maintenance of the law
- Compromise the privacy of any person
- Reveal confidential or commercially sensitive information
- Cause offence to tikanga Māori or would disclose the location of waahi tapu
- Prejudice public health or safety
- Compromise legal professional privilege
- Disadvantage the local authority while carrying out negotiations or commercial activities
- Allow information to be used for improper gain or advantage

Council must answer LGOIMA requests within 20 working days (although there are certain circumstances where this time-frame may be extended). Council may charge for official information requests under guidelines set down by the Ministry of Justice.

### **Bylaws**

Bylaws are rules created by a local authority specifically for the regulation of the area of responsibility and for the benefit of the community as a whole.

### Legislation

Waitaki District Council exercises powers and fulfils responsibilities as described and conferred by government legislation and subsequent amendments.

These include:

- Airport Authorities Act 1966
- Biosecurity Act 1993
- Building Act 2004
- Burial and Cremation Act 1964
- Bylaws Act 1910
- Civil Defence Emergency Management Act 2002
- Climate Change Response Act 2002
- Commerce Act 1986
- Companies Act 1993
- Conservation Act 1987
- Dog Control Act 1996
- Employment Relations Act 2000
- Fencing Act 1978
- Fencing and Swimming Pools Act 1987
- Financial Reporting Act 2013
- Food Act 1981
- Forest and Rural Fires Act 1977
- Gambling Act 2003
- Health Act 1956
- Hazardous Substances and New Organisms Act 1996
- Health and Safety at Work Act 2015
- Historic Places Act 1993
- Holidays Act 2003
- Human Rights Act 1993
- Income Tax Act 2007
- Injury Prevention, Rehabilitation and Compensation Act 2001
- Interpretation Act 1999
- Land Drainage Act 1908
- Land Transfer Act 1952
- Land Transport Act 1998
- Land Transport Management Act 2003
- Litter Act 1979
- Local Authorities (Members Interests) Act 1968
- Local Electoral Act 2001

(Note: This does not represent an exhaustive list)

- Local Government Act 2002 and 1974
- Local Government (Rating) Act 2002
- Local Government Official Information and Meetings Act 1987
- Marine and Coastal Area Act 2011
- New Zealand Library Association Act 1939
- New Zealand Public Health and Disability Act 2000
- Oaths and Declarations Act 1975
- Ombudsmen Act 1975
- Plumbers, Gasfitter and Drainlayers Act 2006
- Privacy Act 1993
- Property Law Act 2007
- Prostitution Reform Act 2003
- Protected Disclosures Act 2000
- Public Audit Act 2001
- Public Bodies Contracts Act 1959
- Public Bodies Leases Act 1969
- Public Records Act 2005
- Public Works Act 1981
- Rates Rebate Act 1973
- Rating Valuations Act 1998
- Remuneration Authority Act 1977
- Reserves Act 1977
- Reserves and Other Land Disposals Act 2015
- Residential Tenancies Act 1986
- Resource Management Act 1991
- Sale of and Supply of Alcohol Act 2012
- Securities Act 1978
- Smoke-free Environments Act 1990
- Treaty of Waitangi Act 1975
- Unit Titles Act 2010
- Waste Minimisation Act 2008

## **Opportunities for Māori to Contribute to the Decision Making Process**

## **Existing Arrangements**

Waitaki District Council acknowledges Māori as people with whom there is a special relationship. Council is committed to giving effect to the principles and intent of the Treaty of Waitangi, and to engaging in genuine and appropriate consultation with Māori.

Council has in place protocols for ensuring the Tangata Whenua Act 1991, Local Government Act 2002, and in the last triennium received and adopted a Memorandum of Understanding with Te Runanga o Moeraki to guide the ongoing relationship between Council and the Runanga. Council also has a Relationship Agreement with Waitaha Taiwhenua O Waitaki Trust Board.

Council continues to focus on its wider role including:

- Encouraging Māori contribution to decision-making processes of all Council activities, not simply decisions under the Resource Management Act
- Reference to Māori rather than to Tangata Whenua, thus including Mana Whenua and Taura Here
- Reference not only to enabling contribution to decision-making but also to fostering Māori capacity to contribute

Council reports annually against the Memorandum of Understanding through its Annual Report.

**General Information** 

# Overview

Waitaki District Council was established in 1989. Council's operations extend over a total area of 8,990km<sup>2</sup>. The northern-western portion of the district, 4,315km<sup>2</sup> lies in the Canterbury region with the remaining 4,675km<sup>2</sup> in Otago.

## People

The district population at the 2013 census was 20,829. The population in the rural area is projected to grow by over 40 people annually. Over three guarters of this population growth is projected to occur in the Maheno census area unit (around 30 people per year). The population in Aviemore, Nenthorn and Pukeuri is projected to increase slowly, with the Waihemo population projected to remain stable.



#### **Resident Population Growth Projection 2015-2045**

Waitaki District Projections for Resident Population, Dwellings and Rating Units to 2045

## Age Structure

As outlined in Rationale's 2014 report, the district has a growing elderly population which has increased the average age in the district. In 2013 the proportion of people aged 65+ made up around 22% of the total population in the district. This is higher than the national average of 14%. This trend is projected to continue, with the proportion of people aged 65+ in the district increasing to over 35% by 2030. The number of people aged between 15 and 64 years of age is projected to decrease. This may have a flow-on effect to the make-up of the workforce in the district.

## Economy

The following economic analysis is based on information produced by Business and Economic Research Limited (BERL) in a report 'Otago Economic Overview 2013'.

The economy in the Waitaki district generates 9,608 FTE jobs in 2,884 business units. The economy's GDP is fractionally over \$1.0 billion.

# Overview

As the table below shows, around 43% of employment and 49% of GDP in Waitaki is in the Primary and Manufacturing sectors.

Sectors (2013)	FTEs	%	GDP (2014\$m)	%	Business units	%
Primary	2,300	23.9%	181	20.2%	1,050	35.5%
Manufacturing	1,796	18.6%	256	28.6%	93	3.1%
Construction	876	9.1%	71	7.9%	246	8.3%
Wholesale and Distribution	592	6.1%	80	8.9%	130	4.4%
Retail Trade and Services	1,691	17.6%	97	10.8%	413	13.9%
Business Services	790	8.2%	106	11.8%	824	27.8%
Arts and Recreation Services	92	1.0%	6	0.7%	55	1.9%
Social Services	1,493	15.5%	100	11.2%	150	5.1%
Sub-total (excluding O.O.D.*)	9,631	100.0%	898	100.0%	2,961	100.0%
*Owner Occupied Dwellings			142			
Total	9,631		1,040		2,961	

## GDP, Employment and Business Units, Waitaki District 2014

Source: BERL Regional Database, 2014

## **Economic Profile**

## Ten Fastest Growing Industries by FTE Growth, Waitaki District 2004 to 2014

Rank		Employment (FTEs)		
by FTE growth	Industry		2014	% per annum growth
1	Machinery and Equipment Wholesaling	20	102	17.6
2	Agriculture, Forestry and Fishing Support Services	121	267	8.2
3	Basic Material Wholesaling	75	162	8.0
4	Metal Ore Mining	223	467	7.7
5	Social Assistance Services	101	193	6.7
6	Public Administration	63	108	5.6
7	Construction Services	264	430	5.0
8	Repairs and Maintenance	79	128	4.9
9	Hospitals	103	154	4.2
10	Professional Scientific and Technical Services (exc Comp Sys Dsn & related)	185	278	4.2

Source: BERL; Statistics NZ



# Mayor and Councillors (at 30 June 2016)

#### **Mayor Gary Kircher**

326 Homestead Road RD 1C Oamaru Ph (03) 434 5057

#### **Oamaru Ward**

**Cr Jim Hopkins** 16 Tamar Street Oamaru Ph (03) 434 9410

## **Cr Sally Hope**

66 Reservoir Road Oamaru Ph (03) 437 2295

### Cr Peter Garvan

PO Box 453 Oamaru Ph (03) 434 6943

Cr Hugh Perkins 32 Hull Street

Oamaru Ph (03) 434 1160

## Cr Colin Wollstein

43C Hull Street Oamaru Ph (03) 434 7017

## Cr Melanie Tavendale

19 Burnett Street 14 ORD Kakanui Ph (03) 439 5243

## Corriedale Ward

**Cr William Kingan** 71 Wellington Street, RD2C Oamaru Ph (03) 432 4247

**Cr Guy Percival** 55 Rutherfords Road, Fuchsia Creek RD15D Oamaru Ph (03) 432 4225

#### Ahuriri Ward

**Cr Dr June Slee** 68 Doctor's Creek Road 8 K RD Otekaieke Ph (03) 431 2886

## Waihemo Ward

**Cr Kathy Dennison** 563 Horse Range Road 2 RD Palmerston Ph (03) 465 1213

# Community Board Members (at 30 June 2016)

Community Boards are responsible for:

- Local decision making, assessing and responding to local needs
- Providing local input into Council's strategic and annual plans
- · Communication with community organisations and special interest groups within the community
- Overview of local road works, water and wastewater, stormwater, drainage, parks, recreational facilities, community activities, and traffic management within the community

## Ahuriri Community Board

## Waihemo Community Board

### Graham Sullivan (Chair)

Willowbridge 10 RD Waimate Ph (03) 689 9870

### **Calum Reid**

PO Box 75 Kurow Ph (03) 436-0064

## Michael Blackstock

PO Box 5 Omarama Ph (03) 438-9481

## **Brent Cowles**

Otematata Lodge and Camping Ground 9 East Road Otematata Ph (03) 438 7826

## Vicky Munro

2629 Kurow-Otematata Highway Otematata Ph (03) 438 7855

Cr Dr June Slee

## 87 Galbraith Road 2RD Waikouaiti Otago Ph (03) 465-7410

**Geoff Foote (Chair)** 

Ken Brown 75 District Road Palmerston Ph (03) 465-1177

## Jane Carlyon

39 Cardiff Street RD 2 Moeraki Ph (03) 439 4520

## Heather McGregor

18 Runbrake Street Palmerston Ph (03) 465 1255

## Paul Roy

173 Taieri Ridge Road RD 3 Palmerston Ph (03) 465 2144

## **Cr Kathy Dennison**

Waitaki District Council Annual Report

## Structure of Council, Community Boards, Committees and Sub-Committees



## Management Structure



## **Principal Advisors**

Auditors Audit New Zealand - for and on behalf of the Controller & Auditor General

**Financial and Tax Advisers** Deloitte Dunedin

Bankers Bank of New Zealand Oamaru

ANZ Banking Group Oamaru

ASB Bank Auckland

Westpac Bank Dunedin

Insurance Brokers Aon NZ Limited Dunedin

Planners Davie Lovell-Smith & Partners Christchurch

Andrew Purvis Planning Consultant Christchurch

Valuers Quotable Value NZ Dunedin

**Solicitors** Anderson Lloyd Dunedin

Dean and Associates Oamaru

Hope and Associates Oamaru

Simpson Grierson Wellington

**Professional Engineers** BECA Consultants Christchurch & Dunedin

David Hamilton & Associates Dunedin

OCEL Consultants Christchurch

Opus Consultants Dunedin

Waugh Consultants Timaru

## **Glossary of Terms**

These definitions are intended to define terms used in the Annual Report. For legal definitions see the Local Government Act 2002

## **Annual Plan**

A plan describing activities Council will do, the reasons for doing them, the performance measures used and how much revenue and expenditure it needs to undertake each activity

### Activities

All the things that the Council does

#### BERL

Business and Economic Research Limited

### **Building Act**

Building Act 2004

### **Capital Value**

Market value of the land plus improvements at the time of valuation

#### **Community Boards**

Local elected bodies set up under the Local Government Act 2002. Boards are consulted by Council and present community concerns to Council. Waitaki District Council has two Community Boards: Ahuriri and Waihemo

## The Outcomes We Want for Our District

As part of the 2015-25 Long Term Plan, Council agreed a number of outcomes we want for our district to promote social, environmental, economic and cultural wellbeing. Further details can be found on page 12 of the 2015-25 Long Term Plan and on Council's website www.waitaki.govt.nz

C۷

Capital Value

### **Development Contributions (DC)**

A development contribution / financial contribution is a charge levied on sub-dividers and developers to help pay for new, upgraded, or extended water supply, sewer or roading infrastructure that must be provided to service the new sub-divisions or developments. DCs are in addition to the requirement that the owners reticulate all of the new sections or buildings at their cost

#### Dog Control Act

Dog Control Act 1996 and Dog Control Amendment Act 2003

#### Efficiency

A test of whether a system or funding tool uses a reasonable amount of resources to allocate costs

#### Food Act

Food Act 1981

#### **General Rates**

Rates levied for the general purpose of the local authority. Council may make and levy a general rate on every rateable property. This may be:

- A uniform rate in the dollar of property value on all properties; or
- A differential rate in the dollar of property value on all properties;
  and
- A uniform annual general charge per separately rateable property

#### Health Act

Health Act 1956

#### Indicator

Flag or signal. Summary data that represents an issue of concern or measures progress toward achieving an objective or outcome

#### Infrastructure

Roads, bridges, water supplies, drainage systems, buildings, landfills and transfer stations

#### Intergenerational Equity

The concept that the cost of a service should be fairly spread over the life of the assets, so that all people who benefit contribute a fair share

#### Land Transport Management Act

Land Transport Management Act 1998

#### Land Value

Market value of the land at time of valuation

#### Local Government Act 2002 (LGA)

The law that defines the powers and responsibilities of territorial local authorities like Waitaki District Council

## **Glossary of Terms**

## LTP

Long Term Plan 2015-25 (renamed in 2012 from the Long Term Council Community Plan)

## NZ GAAP and NZ IFRS

A set of accounting standards that Council is required to observe in its public reports

## NZTA

New Zealand Transport Agency

### OBPC

Oamaru Blue Penguin Colony

### **Operating Expenditure**

Expenditure for the normal services of the Council

#### Outcome

A desired state of affairs

### Rates

Funds collected by the Council from levies on property. These are based on capital value or land value of the property but the term is often used to include Targeted Rates

#### **Reserves Act**

Reserves Act 1977

## RMA

Resource Management Act 1991 and RMA Amendment Act 1993

## **Targeted Rates (TR)**

Rates levied for undertaking a specified function or for providing any specified service for the benefit of all or part of the district. Targeted Rates must be applied only for the purpose for which they are levied, and may be in the form of:

- A uniform rate in the dollar of property value on all properties
- A differential rate in the dollar of property value on all properties
- A Targeted Rate per separately rateable property (TR)

### Sale and Supply of Alcohol Act 2013

(Replaces Sale of Liquor Act 1989)

#### Sale of Liquor Act

Sale of Liquor Act1989

#### Transparency

A test to determine whether people who pay for activities can see where their money is allocated

#### Wastewater

Wastewater is a combination of liquid wastes which may include chemicals, house wastes, laundry wastes, toilet wastes, animal and vegetable matter in suspension or solution and other wastes discharged from residential, business and industrial establishments

## **Council Contact Information**

## FOR ALL GENERAL ENQUIRIES

Enquiries to Customer Contact Team for all general enquiries or for enquiries regarding the following departments:

## **Regulatory Services:**

- o Health
- Building Services
- Subdivisions
- Plumbing
- Planning Enquiries
- Nuisance Concerns
- Animal Control
- Hazardous Substances
- Dangerous Goods

#### **Infrastructure Services:**

- Roads and Footpaths
- Water Supply
- Wastewater and Stormwater
- Solid Waste & Recycling

#### Parks and Recreation:

- o Parks and Reserves
- o Sportsfields
- Cemeteries
- o Public Toilets

#### WAITAKI DISTRICT COUNCIL

20 Thames Street, OamaruPhone:(03) 433 0300Freephone**0800 108 081** (within the district)Fax(03) 433 0301Emailservice@waitaki.govt.nzWebsitewww.waitaki.govt.nz

#### WAIHEMO SERVICE CENTRE

54 Tiverton	Street, Palmerston
Phone	(03) 465 1106
Fax	(03) 465 1111

## AFTER HOURS EMERGENCY CONTACTS

## **CIVIL DEFENCE**

24-Hour Emergency Contact Phone (03) 434 6400

#### **OTHER DEPARTMENTS**

- Animal Control
- Noise Control
- o Wastewater
- Stormwater
- Water Supply
- Hazardous Substances
- o Dangerous Goods
- 24-Hour After Hours:
- Phone (03) 433 0300

## **OTHER CONTACTS:**

#### FORRESTER GALLERY

Thames Street, Oamaru Phone (03) 433 0853 Email info@forrestergallery.com

## NORTH OTAGO MUSEUM

Thames Street, Oamaru Phone (03) 433 0852 Email <u>museum@waitaki.govt.nz</u>

#### OAMARU PUBLIC LIBRARY

Thames Street, Oamaru Phone (03) 434 1650 Email <u>oamlibrary@waitaki.govt.nz</u>

#### **AQUATIC CENTRE**

Steward Street, Oamaru Phone (03) 433 0410 Email <u>aquaticcentre@waitaki.govt.nz</u>

#### OAMARU OPERA HOUSE

90 Thames Street, Oamaru Phone (03) 433 0779 Email <u>oamaruoperahouse@waitaki.govt.r</u>